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Extensions for Financial Services (XFS) interface specification Release 3.20 - Part 3: Printer and Scanning Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference

This CEN Workshop Agreement has been drafted and approved by a Workshop of representatives of interested parties, the constitution of which is indicated in the foreword of this Workshop Agreement.

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Table of Contents

Fore	eword	4
1.	Introduction	7
1.1	1 Background to Release 3.20	7
1.2	2 XFS Service-Specific Programming	7
2.	Banking Printers	8
3.	Banking Printer Types	9
4.	Forms Model	10
5.	References	11
6.	Command Overview	12
7.	Info Commands	13
7.	1 WFS_INF_PTR_STATUS	.13
7.2	2 WFS_INF_PTR_CAPABILITIES	.19
7.3	3 WFS_INF_PTR_FORM_LIST	. 25
7.4	4 WFS_INF_PTR_MEDIA_LIST	. 26
7.	5 WFS_INF_PTR_QUERY_FORM	. 27
7.0	6 WFS_INF_PTR_QUERY_MEDIA	. 29
7.7	7 WFS_INF_PTR_QUERY_FIELD	.31
7.8	8 WFS_INF_PTR_CODELINE_MAPPING	. 34
8.	Execute Commands	35
8.	1 WFS_CMD_PTR_CONTROL_MEDIA	. 35
8.2	2 WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_FORM	. 38
8.3	3 WFS_CMD_PTR_READ_FORM	.42
8.4	4 WFS_CMD_PTR_RAW_DATA	.45
8.	5 WFS_CMD_PTR_MEDIA_EXTENTS	. 47
8.0	6 WFS_CMD_PTR_RESET_COUNT	.49
8.7	7 WFS_CMD_PTR_READ_IMAGE	. 50
8.8	B WFS_CMD_PTR_RESET	. 54
8.9	9 WFS_CMD_PTR_RETRACT_MEDIA	. 56
8.′	10 WFS_CMD_PTR_DISPENSE_PAPER	. 57
8.′	11 WFS_CMD_PTR_SET_GUIDANCE_LIGHT	. 58
8.′	12 WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_RAW_FILE	. 60
8.	13 WFS_CMD_PTR_LOAD_DEFINITION	. 63
8.′	14 WFS_CMD_PTR_SUPPLY_REPLENISH	. 64
8.′	15 WFS_CMD_PTR_POWER_SAVE_CONTROL	. 65
8.′	16 WFS_CMD_PTR_CONTROL_PASSBOOK	. 66

9.	E	vents	67
	9.1	WFS_EXEE_PTR_NOMEDIA	67
	9.2	WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAINSERTED	68
	9.3	WFS_EXEE_PTR_FIELDERROR	69
	9.4	WFS_EXEE_PTR_FIELDWARNING	70
	9.5	WFS_USRE_PTR_RETRACTBINTHRESHOLD	71
	9.6	WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN	72
	9.7	WFS_USRE_PTR_PAPERTHRESHOLD	73
	9.8	WFS_USRE_PTR_TONERTHRESHOLD	74
	9.9	WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIAINSERTED	75
	9.10	WFS_USRE_PTR_LAMPTHRESHOLD	76
	9.11	WFS_USRE_PTR_INKTHRESHOLD	77
	9.12	WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIADETECTED	78
	9.13	WFS_SRVE_PTR_RETRACTBINSTATUS	79
	9.14	WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAPRESENTED	80
	9.15	WFS_SRVE_PTR_DEFINITIONLOADED	81
	9.16	WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAREJECTED	82
	9.17	WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIAPRESENTED	83
	9.18	WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIAAUTORETRACTED	84
	9.19	WFS_SRVE_PTR_DEVICEPOSITION	85
	9.20	WFS_SRVE_PTR_POWER_SAVE_CHANGE	86
10). F	orm, Sub-Form, Field, Frame, Table and Media Definitions	. 87
		Definition Syntax	
		Form and Media Measurements	
	-	Form Definition	
		SubForm Definition	
		Field Definition	
		Frame Definition	
		Media Definition	
	-	XFS Form/Media Definition Files in Multi-Vendor Environments	-
.1.1		Command and Event Flows during Single and Multi Page / Wad Printing	
		Single Page / Single Wad Printing with immediate Media Control	
		Single Page / Single Wad Printing with separate Media Control	
		Multi Page / Multi Wad Printing with immediate Media Control	
		Multi Page / Multi Wad Printing with separate Media Control	
	11.5	Printing with immediate Media Control and <i>bMediaPresented</i> == FALSE	113
12	2. C	-Header File	. 114

Foreword

This CWA is revision 3.20 of the XFS interface specification.

This CEN Workshop Agreement has been drafted and approved by a Workshop of representatives of interested parties on 2011-06-29, the constitution of which was supported by CEN following the public call for participation made on 1998-06-24. The specification is continuously reviewed and commented in the CEN/ISSS Workshop on XFS. It is therefore expected that an update of the specification will be published in due time as a CWA, superseding this revision 3.20.

A list of the individuals and organizations which supported the technical consensus represented by the CEN Workshop Agreement is available to purchasers from the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre. These organizations were drawn from the banking sector. The CEN/ISSS XFS Workshop gathered suppliers as well as banks and other financial service companies.

The CWA is published as a multi-part document, consisting of:

- Part 1: Application Programming Interface (API) Service Provider Interface (SPI) Programmer's Reference
- Part 2: Service Classes Definition Programmer's Reference

Part 3: Printer and Scanning Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference

- Part 4: Identification Card Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 5: Cash Dispenser Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 6: PIN Keypad Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 7: Check Reader/Scanner Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference

Part 8: Depository Device Class Interface - Programmer's Reference

- Part 9: Text Terminal Unit Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 10: Sensors and Indicators Unit Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 11: Vendor Dependent Mode Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 12: Camera Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 13: Alarm Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 14: Card Embossing Unit Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 15: Cash-In Module Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 16: Card Dispenser Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 17: Barcode Reader Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 18: Item Processing Module Device Class Interface- Programmer's Reference
- Parts 19 28: Reserved for future use.

Parts 29 through 47 constitute an optional addendum to this CWA. They define the integration between the SNMP standard and the set of status and statistical information exported by the Service Providers.

- Part 29: XFS MIB Architecture and SNMP Extensions
- Part 30: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Printer Device Class
- Part 31: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Identification Card Device Class
- Part 32: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Cash Dispenser Device Class
- Part 33: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions PIN Keypad Device Class
- Part 34: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Check Reader/Scanner Device Class
- Part 35: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Depository Device Class
- Part 36: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Text Terminal Unit Device Class
- Part 37: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Sensors and Indicators Unit Device Class
- Part 38: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Camera Device Class

Part 39: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions - Alarm Device Class

Part 40: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions - Card Embossing Unit Device Class

Part 41: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions - Cash-In Module Device Class

Part 42: Reserved for future use.

Part 43: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions - Vendor Dependent Mode Class

Part 44: XFS MIB Application Management

Part 45: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions - Card Dispenser Device Class

Part 46: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions - Barcode Reader Device Class

Part 47: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions - Item Processing Module Device Class

Parts 48 - 60 are reserved for future use.

Part 61: Application Programming Interface (API) - Service Provider Interface (SPI) - Migration from Version 3.10 (see CWA 15748) to Version 3.20 (this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

Part 62: Printer and Scanning Device Class Interface - Migration from Version 3.10 (CWA 15748) to Version 3.20 (this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

Part 63: Identification Card Device Class Interface - Migration from Version 3.10 (see CWA 15748) to Version 3.20 (this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

Part 64: Cash Dispenser Device Class Interface - Migration from Version 3.10 (see CWA 15748) to Version 3.20 (this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

Part 65: PIN Keypad Device Class Interface - Migration from Version 3.10 (see CWA 15748) to Version 3.20 (this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

Part 66: Check Reader/Scanner Device Class Interface - Migration from Version 3.10 (see CWA 15748) to Version 3.20 (this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

Part 67: Depository Device Class Interface - Migration from Version 3.10 (see CWA 15748) to Version 3.20 (this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

Part 68: Text Terminal Unit Device Class Interface - Migration from Version 3.10 (see CWA 15748) to Version 3.20 (this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

Part 69: Sensors and Indicators Unit Device Class Interface - Migration from Version 3.10 (see CWA 15748) to Version 3.20 (this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

Part 70: Vendor Dependent Mode Device Class Interface - Migration from Version 3.10 (see CWA 15748) to Version 3.20 (this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

Part 71: Camera Device Class Interface - Migration from Version 3.10 (see CWA 15748) to Version 3.20 (this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

Part 72: Alarm Device Class Interface - Migration from Version 3.10 (see CWA 15748) to Version 3.20 (this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

Part 73: Card Embossing Unit Device Class Interface - Migration from Version 3.10 (CWA 15748) to Version 3.20 (this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

Part 74: Cash-In Module Device Class Interface - Migration from Version 3.10 (see CWA 15748) to Version 3.20 (this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

Part 75: Card Dispenser Device Class Interface - Migration from Version 3.10 (see CWA 15748) to Version 3.20 (this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

Part 76: Barcode Reader Device Class Interface - Migration from Version 3.10 (see CWA 15748) to Version 3.20 (this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

Part 77: Item Processing Module Device Class Interface - Migration from Version 3.10 (see CWA 15748) to Version 3.20 (this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

In addition to these Programmer's Reference specifications, the reader of this CWA is also referred to a complementary document, called Release Notes. The Release Notes contain clarifications and explanations on the CWA specifications, which are not requiring functional changes. The current version of the Release Notes is available online from http://www.cen.eu/cen/pages/default.aspx.

CWA 16374-3:2011 (E)

The information in this document represents the Workshop's current views on the issues discussed as of the date of publication. It is furnished for informational purposes only and is subject to change without notice. CEN/ISSS makes no warranty, express or implied, with respect to this document.

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The final review/endorsement round for this CWA was started on 2011-06-23 and was successfully closed on 2011-07-23. The final text of this CWA was submitted to CEN for publication on 2011-08-26.

This CEN Workshop Agreement is publicly available as a reference document from the National Members of CEN: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

Comments or suggestions from the users of the CEN Workshop Agreement are welcome and should be addressed to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre.

Revision History:

3.00	October 18, 2000	Initial release.
3.10	November 29, 2007	For a description of changes from version 3.00 to version 3.10 see the PTR 3.10 Migration document.
3.20	March 2nd, 2011	For a description of changes from version 3.10 to version 3.20 see the PTR 3.20 Migration document.

1. Introduction

1.1 Background to Release 3.20

The CEN/ISSS XFS Workshop aims to promote a clear and unambiguous specification defining a multi-vendor software interface to financial peripheral devices. The XFS (eXtensions for Financial Services) specifications are developed within the CEN/ISSS (European Committee for Standardization/Information Society Standardization System) Workshop environment. CEN/ISSS Workshops aim to arrive at a European consensus on an issue that can be published as a CEN Workshop Agreement (CWA).

The CEN/ISSS XFS Workshop encourages the participation of both banks and vendors in the deliberations required to create an industry standard. The CEN/ISSS XFS Workshop achieves its goals by focused sub-groups working electronically and meeting quarterly.

Release 3.20 of the XFS specification is based on a C API and is delivered with the continued promise for the protection of technical investment for existing applications. This release of the specification extends the functionality and capabilities of the existing devices covered by the specification, but does not include any new device classes. Notable major enhancements include Mixed Media processing to allow mixed cash and check accepting, as well as the addition of new commands to the CIM, PTR and IDC to allow better support of the Japanese marketplace.

1.2 XFS Service-Specific Programming

The service classes are defined by their service-specific commands and the associated data structures, error codes, messages, etc. These commands are used to request functions that are specific to one or more classes of Service Providers, but not all of them, and therefore are not included in the common API for basic or administration functions.

When a service-specific command is common among two or more classes of Service Providers, the syntax of the command is as similar as possible across all services, since a major objective of XFS is to standardize function codes and structures for the broadest variety of services. For example, using the **WFSExecute** function, the commands to read data from various services are as similar as possible to each other in their syntax and data structures.

In general, the specific command set for a service class is defined as a superset of the specific capabilities likely to be provided by the developers of the services of that class; thus any particular device will normally support only a subset of the defined command set.

There are three cases in which a Service Provider may receive a service-specific command that it does not support:

The requested capability is defined for the class of Service Providers by the XFS specification, the particular vendor implementation of that service does not support it, and the unsupported capability is *not* considered to be fundamental to the service. In this case, the Service Provider returns a successful completion, but does no operation. An example would be a request from an application to turn on a control indicator on a passbook printer; the Service Provider recognizes the command, but since the passbook printer it is managing does not include that indicator, the Service Provider does no operation and returns a successful completion to the application.

The requested capability is defined for the class of Service Providers by the XFS specification, the particular vendor implementation of that service does not support it, and the unsupported capability *is* considered to be fundamental to the service. In this case, a WFS_ERR_UNSUPP_COMMAND error is returned to the calling application. An example would be a request from an application to a cash dispenser to dispense coins; the Service Provider recognizes the command but, since the cash dispenser it is managing dispenses only notes, returns this error.

The requested capability is *not* defined for the class of Service Providers by the XFS specification. In this case, a WFS_ERR_INVALID_COMMAND error is returned to the calling application.

This design allows implementation of applications that can be used with a range of services that provide differing subsets of the functionalities that are defined for their service class. Applications may use the **WFSGetInfo** and **WFSAsyncGetInfo** commands to inquire about the capabilities of the service they are about to use, and modify their behavior accordingly, or they may use functions and then deal with WFS_ERR_UNSUPP_COMMAND error returns to make decisions as to how to use the service.

2. Banking Printers

This specification describes the functionality of the services provided by banking printers and scanning devices under XFS, focusing on the following areas:

- application programming for printing
- print document definition
- integration with the Windows architecture
- scanning images for devices such as check scanners

These descriptions include definitions of the service-specific commands that can be issued, using the **WFSAsyncExecute**, **WFSExecute**, **WFSGetInfo** and **WFSAsyncGetInfo** functions.

The requirements for printing in banking applications are significantly different from those of the conventional PC environment, and the XFS support delivers the foundation for financial application printing, including:

• Controlled access to shared printers

The banking printers can be shared between workstations and the XFS layer provides the ability for the application to manage ownership of a print device. This allows an application to identify the operator granted control of the printer, and to ensure that a teller printing multiple documents is not interrupted by work for other applications.

• Application controlled printing

In the banking environment, it is necessary for the application to receive positive feedback on the availability of print devices, and the success or failure of individual print operations. The XFS printer support provides a standard mechanism for application retrieval of this status information.

• Management of printing peripherals

Distributed banking networks require the ability to track the availability and failure of printing peripherals on a branch and system-wide basis. Through the XFS **WFSRegister** function monitoring programs can collect error alerts from the banking printers.

• Vendor independent API and document definition

All of the XFS peripheral implementations are designed around a standardized family of APIs to allow application code portability across vendor hardware platforms. With printers, it is also recognized that banks invest a significant amount of resource in the authoring of print documents. The XFS printer service class is implemented around a forms model which also standardizes the basic document definition. This extends the investment protection provided by XFS compliant systems to include this additional part of the application development.

• Windows printing integration

It is possible for a banking printer to offer printing capabilities that can be accessed by non-banking specific applications, such as general office productivity packages. This would not, for example, be true for a receipt printer, but it could be the case for a device with document printing capabilities. A vendor may choose an XFS implementation that allows both types of applications (XFS and Windows applications using the Windows printing subsystem) to share the printing devices. The vendor should specify any impact this approach has on XFS subsystem operation, such as error reporting.

Full implementation of the above features depends on the individual vendor-supplied Service Providers. This specification outlines the functionality and requirements for applications using the XFS printer and scanning services, and for the development of those services.

3. Banking Printer Types

The XFS printer service defines and supports five types of banking printers through a common interface:

Receipt Printer

The receipt printer is used to print cut sheet documents. It may or may not require insert or eject operations, and often includes an operator identification device, e.g. Teller A and Teller B lights, for shared operation.

• Journal Printer

The journal is a continuous form device used to record a hardcopy audit trail of transactions, and for certain report printing requirements.

Passbook Printer

The passbook device is physically and functionally the most complex printer. The XFS definition supports automatic positioning of the book, as well as read/write capability for an optional integrated magnetic stripe. The implementation also manages the book geometry - i.e. the margins and centerfolds - presenting the simplest possible application interface while delivering the full range of functionality.

Some passbook devices also support the dispensing of new passbooks from up to four passbook paper sources (upper, aux, aux2, lower). Some passbook devices may also be able to place a full passbook in a parking station, print the new passbook and return both to the customer. Passbooks can only be dispensed or moved from the parking station if there is no other media in the print position or in the entry/exit slot.

• Document Printer

Document printing is similar to receipt printing - a set of fields are positioned on one or more inserted sheets of paper - but the focus is on full-size forms. It should be noted that the XFS environment supports the printing of text and graphic fields from the application. The electronic printing of the form image (the template portion of the form which is usually pre-printed with dot-matrix style printers) may also be printed by the application.

Scanner Printer

The scanner printer is a device incorporating both the capabilities to scan inserted documents and optionally to print on them. These devices may have more than one area where documents may be retained.

Additional hardware components, like scanners, stripe readers, OCR readers, and stamps, normally attached directly to the printer are also controlled through this interface. Additionally the Printer and Scanning class interface can also be used for devices that are capable of scanning without necessarily printing. This includes devices such as Check Scanners.

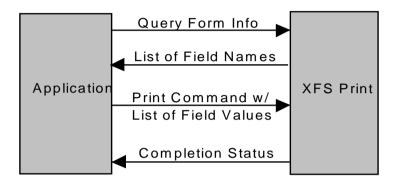
The specification refers to the terms paper and media. When the term paper is used this refers to paper that is situated in a paper supply attached to the device. The term media is used for media that is inserted by the customer (e.g. check and other material that is scanned) or that is issued to the customer (e.g. a receipt or statement). Receipt, document printers and also passbook printers with white passbook dispensing capability have both. As soon as the paper gets printed it becomes media. Scanners only have media. The term media does not apply to journal printers. When paper is in the print position it is classified as media, on some printers that maintain paper under the print head there will always be both media and paper.

4. Forms Model

The XFS printing class functionality is based on a "forms" model for printing. Banking documents are represented as a series of text and/or graphic fields output from the application, and positioned on the document by the XFS printing system.

The form is an object which includes the positioning and presentation information for each of the fields in the document. The application selects a form, and supplies only the field data and the control parameters to fully define the print document.

The form objects are owned and managed by the XFS printing service. To optimize maintainability of the system, the application can query the service for the list of fields required to print a given form. Through this mechanism, it is not necessary to duplicate the field contents of forms in application authoring data. The figure below outlines the printing process from the application's view.



The XFS implementation recognizes that the form object must be supported by job-specific data to fully address printing requirements. As an example, a form defining a passbook print line will need to have its origin defined externally in order to be reused for different passbook lines. These job specific parameters are supplied on the call to the **WFSExecute**: WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_FORM command.

In some cases, the application wants to print a block of data without considering it as a series of separate fields. One example is a line of journal data, fully formatted by the application. This can be handled by defining a one field form, or by use of the **WFSExecute**: WFS_CMD_PTR_RAW_DATA command.

The document definition under XFS printing is standardized to provide portability across vendor implementations. The standard has been defined at the source language level for the document definition, allowing vendor differences at the runtime level to manage implementation specific dependencies, providing several areas where vendors can provide value-added extensions. As an example, a vendor providing a graphical form definition tool can produce the field definition object format directly. The XFS requirements for portability are:

- A vendor must be able to export print format in the standardized field definition source format for portability to other systems.
- A vendor must be able to import document formats produced on other systems in the standardized field definition source format.
- A vendor can extend the field definition source language, but any verbs included in the standard must be implemented strictly as defined by the standard. Import and export facilities must be tolerant of source language extensions, reporting but ignoring the exceptions.

The document definition also recognizes that unique hardware restrictions may require tuning of field positioning from one vendor's platform to another. To enhance portability, the XFS document format has specifically been defined to allow a single reference adjustment for all fields to avoid forcing the customer to reposition each field.

5. References

1. XFS Application Programming Interface (API)/Service Provider Interface (SPI), Programmer's Reference Revision 3.20

6. Command Overview

The basic operation of the print devices is managed using the **WFSGetInfo/WFSAsyncGetInfo** and **WFSExecute/WFSAsyncExecute** functions, with two primary commands:

WFS_INF_PTR_QUERY_FORM

This command retrieves the form header information, and the list of fields. It is performed using **WFSGetInfo**, which means that it can be performed even when the service is locked by another user.

WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_FORM

This command is performed using **WFSExecute**, and includes as parameter data the name of the form to select and the required field data values.

This approach combines in the most efficient manner the four logical steps required to print a form:

- Selecting a document form object.
- Querying the service for the list of fields.
- Supplying the data for each field.
- Issuing the print command.

By using a **WFSGetInfo** command for retrieval of the list of field names, rather than **WFSExecute** (which is blocked when the service is locked by another application), it is possible for an application to assemble the required set of fields for a form before locking the service. This minimizes the time that each application request ties up the service. Using **WFSGetInfo**, it is also possible to query the attributes of a particular field. This command is generally not required for most applications.

The combination of form selection, field value presentation, and the print action into an atomic command - the **WFSExecute**: WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_FORM command - makes it possible to express a complete print operation with one API call. This implementation allows an application to perform a print operation without locking and subsequently unlocking the service (although locking may still be desirable for other reasons). To do multiple print operations without allowing other applications to intersperse their print requests, it is still necessary to use the lock functions. Where these multiple print functions represent a series of passbook lines (using the INDEX capability in the field definition), the **WFSExecute**: WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_FORM command provides support for management of the print line number. Note that if a form contains a tabular field (i.e. one with a non-zero INDEX value), and data is not supplied for some of the lines in the "table", then those lines are left blank.

For printers with the capability to read from a passbook (OCR, MICR and/or magnetic stripe), the data is read with the **WFSExecute**: WFS_CMD_PTR_READ_FORM command. The data is written using the **WFSExecute**: WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_FORM command. Since these devices are usable only for passbook operations, they are not defined as separate logical devices.

Finally, the **WFSExecute**: WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_RAW_FILE command can be used to print a file that contains a complete print job in the native printer language. This file will have been created through the Windows GDI.

7. Info Commands

7.1 WFS_INF_PTR_STATUS

Description This command is used to request status information for the device.

Input Param None.

Output Param LPWFSPTRSTATUS lpStatus;

```
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_status
     ł
     WORD
                           fwDevice;
     WORD
                           fwMedia;
     WORD
                           fwPaper[WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE];
     WORD
                           fwToner;
     WORD
                           fwInk;
                           fwLamp;
     WORD
     LPWFSPTRRETRACTBINS
                           *lppRetractBins;
     USHORT
                           usMediaOnStacker;
     LPSTR
                           lpszExtra;
     DWORD
                           dwGuidLights[WFS_PTR_GUIDLIGHTS_SIZE];
     WORD
                           wDevicePosition;
                           usPowerSaveRecoveryTime;
     USHORT
     WORD
                           wPaperType[WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE];
     WORD
                           wAntiFraudModule;
     } WFSPTRSTATUS, *LPWFSPTRSTATUS;
```

fwDevice

Specifies the state of the print device as one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_DEVONLINE	The device is online (i.e. powered on and
	operable).
WFS_PTR_DEVOFFLINE	The device is offline (e.g. the operator has
	taken the device offline by turning a switch
	or pulling out the device).
WFS_PTR_DEVPOWEROFF	The device is powered off or physically not connected.
WFS_PTR_DEVNODEVICE	There is no device intended to be there; e.g.
	this type of self service machine does not
	contain such a device or it is internally not
	configured.
WFS_PTR_DEVHWERROR	The device is inoperable due to a hardware
	error.
WFS_PTR_DEVUSERERROR	The device is present but a person is
	preventing proper device operation.
WFS_PTR_DEVBUSY	The device is busy and unable to process an
	execute command at this time.
WFS_PTR_DEVFRAUDATTEMPT	The device is present but is inoperable
	because it has detected a fraud attempt.
WFS_PTR_DEVPOTENTIALFRAUD	The device has detected a potential fraud
	attempt and is capable of remaining in
	service. In this case the application should
	make the decision as to whether to take the
	device offline.

fwMedia

Specifies the state of the print media (i.e. receipt, statement, passbook, etc.) as one of the following values. This field does not apply to journal printers:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_MEDIAPRESENT	Media is in the print position, on the stacker or on the transport (i.e. a passbook in the parking station is not considered to be present). On devices with continuous paper supplies, this value is set when paper is under the print head. On devices with individual sheet supplies, this value is set when paper is successfully inserted/loaded.
WFS_PTR_MEDIANOTPRESENT	Media is not in the print position or on the stacker.
WFS_PTR_MEDIAJAMMED	Media is jammed in the device.
WFS_PTR_MEDIANOTSUPP	The capability to report the state of the print media is not supported by the device.
WFS_PTR_MEDIAUNKNOWN	The state of the print media cannot be determined with the device in its current state.
WFS_PTR_MEDIAENTERING WFS_PTR_MEDIARETRACTED	Media is at the entry/exit slot of the device. Media was retracted during the reset operation.

fwPaper [...]

Specifies the state of the paper supplies. A number of paper supplies are defined below. Vendor specific paper supplies are defined starting from the end of the array. The maximum paper index is WFS_PTR_SUPPLYMAX.

fwPaper [WFS_PTR_SUPPLYUPPER]

Specifies the state of the only paper supply or the upper paper supply, if more than one, as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PAPERFULL	The paper supply is full.
WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW	The paper supply is low.
WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT	The paper supply is empty.
WFS_PTR_PAPERNOTSUPP	Capability not supported by device.
WFS_PTR_PAPERUNKNOWN	Status cannot be determined with device in
	its current state.
WFS_PTR_PAPERJAMMED	The paper supply is jammed.

WFS_PTR_PAPERJAMMED

fwPaper [WFS_PTR_SUPPLYLOWER]

Specifies the state of the lower paper supply as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PAPERFULL	The paper supply is full.
WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW	The paper supply is low.
WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT	The paper supply is empty.
WFS_PTR_PAPERNOTSUPP	Capability not supported by device.
WFS_PTR_PAPERUNKNOWN	Status cannot be determined with device in
	its current state.
WFS_PTR_PAPERJAMMED	The paper supply is jammed.

fwPaper [*WFS_PTR_SUPPLYEXTERNAL*]

Specifies the state of the external paper supply as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PAPERFULL	The paper supply is full.
WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW	The paper supply is low.
WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT	The paper supply is empty.
WFS_PTR_PAPERNOTSUPP	Capability not supported by device.
WFS_PTR_PAPERUNKNOWN	Status cannot be determined with device in
	its current state.
WFS_PTR_PAPERJAMMED	The paper supply is jammed.

fwPaper [*WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX*]

Specifies the state of the auxiliary paper supply as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PAPERFULL	The paper supply is full.
WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW	The paper supply is low.
WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT	The paper supply is empty.
WFS_PTR_PAPERNOTSUPP	Capability not supported by device.
WFS_PTR_PAPERUNKNOWN	Status cannot be determined with device in
	its current state.
WFS_PTR_PAPERJAMMED	The paper supply is jammed.

fwPaper [WFS PTR SUPPLYAUX2]

Specifies the state of the second auxiliary paper supply as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PAPERFULL	The paper supply is full.
WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW	The paper supply is low.
WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT	The paper supply is empty.
WFS_PTR_PAPERNOTSUPP	Capability not supported by device.
WFS_PTR_PAPERUNKNOWN	Status cannot be determined with device in
	its current state.
WFS_PTR_PAPERJAMMED	The paper supply is jammed.

fwPaper [WFS_PTR_SUPPLYPARK]

Specifies the state of the parking station as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PAPERFULL	The parking station is busy.
WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT	The parking station is free.
WFS_PTR_PAPERNOTSUPP	Capability not supported by device.
WFS_PTR_PAPERUNKNOWN	Status cannot be determined with device in
	its current state.
WFS_PTR_PAPERJAMMED	The parking station is jammed.

fwToner

Specifies the state of the toner or ink supply or the state of the ribbon as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_TONERFULL	The toner or ink supply is full or the ribbon is OK.
WFS_PTR_TONERLOW	The toner or ink supply is low or the print contrast with a ribbon is weak.
WFS_PTR_TONEROUT	The toner or ink supply is empty or the print contrast with a ribbon is not sufficient any
	more.
WFS_PTR_TONERNOTSUPP	Capability not supported by device.
WFS_PTR_TONERUNKNOWN	Status of toner or ink supply or the ribbon
	cannot be determined with device in its
	current state.

fwInk

Specifies the status of the stamping ink in the printer as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_INKFULL	Ink supply in device is full.
WFS_PTR_INKLOW	Ink supply in device is low.
WFS_PTR_INKOUT	Ink supply in device is empty.
WFS_PTR_INKNOTSUPP	Capability not supported by device.
WFS_PTR_INKUNKNOWN	Status of the stamping ink supply cannot be
	determined with device in its current state.

fwLamp

Specifies the status of the printer imaging lamp as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_LAMPOK	The lamp is OK.
WFS_PTR_LAMPFADING	The lamp should be changed.

WFS_PTR_LAMPINOP	The lamp is inoperative.
WFS_PTR_LAMPNOTSUPP	Capability not supported by device.
WFS_PTR_LAMPUNKNOWN	Status of the imaging lamp cannot be
	determined with device in its current state.

lppRetractBins

Pointer to a NULL terminated array of pointers to WFSPTRRETRACTBINS structures (one for each supported bin). The first pointer holds the structure for bin one, the second for bin two and so on. A NULL pointer is returned if no retract bin is supported.

typedef struct _wfs_ptr_retract_bins
{
 WORD wRetractBin;
 USHORT usRetractCount;
 } WFSPTRRETRACTBINS, *LPWFSPTRRETRACTBINS;

wRetractBin

Specifies the state of the printer retract bin as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINOK	The retract bin of the printer is in a
	healthy state.
WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINFULL	The retract bin of the printer is full.
WFS_PTR_RETRACTUNKNOWN	Status cannot be determined with device
	in its current state.
WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINHIGH	The retract bin of the printer is nearly
	full.
WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINMISSING	The retract bin is missing.

usRetractCount

The number of media retracted to this bin. This value is persistent; it may be reset to zero by the WFS_CMD_PTR_RESET_COUNT command.

usMediaOnStacker

The number of media on stacker; applicable only to printers with stacking capability.

lpszExtra

Pointer to a list of vendor-specific, or any other extended, information. The information is returned as a series of "key=value" strings so that it is easily extensible by Service Providers. Each string is null-terminated, with the final string terminating with two null characters. An empty list may be indicated by either a NULL pointer or a pointer to two consecutive null characters.

dwGuidLights [...]

Specifies the state of the guidance light indicators. A number of guidance light types are defined below. Vendor specific guidance lights are defined starting from the end of the array. The maximum guidance light index is WFS_PTR_GUIDLIGHTS_MAX.

Specifies the state of the guidance light indicator as

WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_NOT_AVAILABLE, WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_OFF or a combination of the following flags consisting of one type B, and optionally one type C.

Valı	ie	Meaning	Туре
WF	S_PTR_GUIDANCE_NOT_AVAILABLE	The status is not available.	А
WF	S_PTR_GUIDANCE_OFF	The light is turned off.	А
WF	S_PTR_GUIDANCE_SLOW_FLASH	The light is blinking slowly.	В
WF	S_PTR_GUIDANCE_MEDIUM_FLASH	The light is blinking medium	В
		frequency.	
WF	S_PTR_GUIDANCE_QUICK_FLASH	The light is blinking quickly.	В
WF	S_PTR_GUIDANCE_CONTINUOUS	The light is turned on	В
		continuous (steady).	
WF	S_PTR_GUIDANCE_RED	The light is red.	С
WF	S_PTR_GUIDANCE_GREEN	The light is green.	С
WF	S_PTR_GUIDANCE_YELLOW	The light is yellow.	С
WF	S_PTR_GUIDANCE_BLUE	The light is blue.	С
WF	S_PTR_GUIDANCE_CYAN	The light is cyan.	С
WF	S_PTR_GUIDANCE_MAGENTA	The light is magenta.	С
WF: WF: WF: WF: WF: WF: WF: WF:	S_PTR_GUIDANCE_SLOW_FLASH S_PTR_GUIDANCE_MEDIUM_FLASH S_PTR_GUIDANCE_QUICK_FLASH S_PTR_GUIDANCE_CONTINUOUS S_PTR_GUIDANCE_RED S_PTR_GUIDANCE_GREEN S_PTR_GUIDANCE_YELLOW S_PTR_GUIDANCE_BLUE S_PTR_GUIDANCE_CYAN	The light is blinking slowly. The light is blinking medium frequency. The light is blinking quickly. The light is turned on continuous (steady). The light is red. The light is green. The light is green. The light is blue. The light is blue. The light is cyan.	B B B C C

WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_WHITE

The light is white.

С

dwGuidLights [*WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_PRINTER*] Specifies the state of the guidance light indicator on the printer unit. *wDevicePosition*

Specifies the device position. The device position value is independent of the *fwDevice* value, e.g. when the device position is reported as WFS_PTR_DEVICENOTINPOSITION, *fwDevice* can have any of the values defined above (including WFS_PTR_DEVONLINE or WFS_PTR_DEVOFFLINE). If the device is not in its normal operating position (i.e.

WFS_PTR_DEVICEINPOSITION) then media may not be presented through the normal customer interface. This value is one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_DEVICEINPOSITION	The device is in its normal operating
	position, or is fixed in place and cannot be moved.
WFS_PTR_DEVICENOTINPOSITION	The device has been removed from its normal operating position.
WFS_PTR_DEVICEPOSUNKNOWN	Due to a hardware error or other condition, the position of the device cannot be determined.
WFS_PTR_DEVICEPOSNOTSUPP	The physical device does not have the capability of detecting the position.

usPowerSaveRecoveryTime

Specifies the actual number of seconds required by the device to resume its normal operational state from the current power saving mode. This value is zero if either the power saving mode has not been activated or no power save control is supported.

wPaperType [...]

Specifies the type of paper loaded in the device. A number of paper types are defined below. Vendor specific paper types are defined starting from the end of the array. The maximum paper index is WFS_PTR_SUPPLYMAX.

wPaperType [*WFS_PTR_SUPPLYUPPER*]

Specifies the type of paper loaded in the only paper supply or the upper paper supply, if more than one, as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PAPERSINGLESIDED	The paper can be printed on only one side.
WFS_PTR_PAPERDUALSIDED	The paper can be printed on both sides.
WFS_PTR_PAPERTYPEUNKNOWN	No paper is loaded, reporting of this paper
	type is not supported
	(fwPaper[]=WFS_PTR_PAPERNOTSUP
	P) or the paper type cannot be determined.

wPaperType [WFS_PTR_SUPPLYLOWER]

Specifies the type of paper loaded in the lower paper supply as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PAPERSINGLESIDED	The paper can be printed on only one side.
WFS_PTR_PAPERDUALSIDED	The paper can be printed on both sides.
WFS_PTR_PAPERTYPEUNKNOWN	No paper is loaded, reporting of this paper
	type is not supported
	(fwPaper[]=WFS_PTR_PAPERNOTSUP
	P) or the paper type cannot be determined.

wPaperType [WFS_PTR_SUPPLYEXTERNAL]

Specifies the type of paper loaded in the external paper supply as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PAPERSINGLESIDED	The paper can be printed on only one side.
WFS_PTR_PAPERDUALSIDED	The paper can be printed on both sides.

WFS_PTR_PAPERTYPEUNKNOWN

No paper is loaded, reporting of this paper type is not supported (fwPaper[...]=WFS_PTR_PAPERNOTSUP P) or the paper type cannot be determined.

wPaperType [WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX]

Specifies the type of paper loaded in the auxiliary paper supply as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PAPERSINGLESIDED	The paper can be printed on only one side.
WFS_PTR_PAPERDUALSIDED	The paper can be printed on both sides.
WFS_PTR_PAPERTYPEUNKNOWN	No paper is loaded, reporting of this paper
	type is not supported
	(fwPaper[]=WFS_PTR_PAPERNOTSUP
	P) or the paper type cannot be determined.

wPaperType [WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2]

Specifies the type of paper loaded in the second auxiliary paper supply as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PAPERSINGLESIDED	The paper can be printed on only one side.
WFS_PTR_PAPERDUALSIDED	The paper can be printed on both sides.
WFS_PTR_PAPERTYPEUNKNOWN	No paper is loaded, reporting of this paper
	type is not supported
	(fwPaper[]=WFS_PTR_PAPERNOTSUP
	P) or the paper type cannot be determined.

wPaperType [WFS_PTR_SUPPLYPARK]

Specifies the type of paper in the parking station as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PAPERSINGLESIDED	The paper can be printed on only one side.
WFS_PTR_PAPERDUALSIDED	The paper can be printed on both sides.
WFS_PTR_PAPERTYPEUNKNOWN	No paper is loaded, reporting of this paper
	type is not supported
	(fwPaper[]=WFS_PTR_PAPERNOTSUP
	P) or the paper type cannot be determined.

wAntiFraudModule

Specifies the state of the anti-fraud module as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_AFMNOTSUPP	No anti-fraud module is available.
WFS_PTR_AFMOK	Anti-fraud module is in a good state and no
	foreign device is detected.
WFS_PTR_AFMINOP	Anti-fraud module is inoperable.
WFS_PTR_AFMDEVICEDETECTED	Anti-fraud module detected the presence of a
	foreign device.
WFS_PTR_AFMUNKNOWN	The state of the anti-fraud module cannot be
	determined.

Error Codes Only the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

Comments Applications which require or expect specific information to be present in the *lpszExtra* parameter may not be device or vendor-independent.

In the case where communications with the device has been lost, the *fwDevice* field will report WFS_PTR_DEVPOWEROFF when the device has been removed or

WFS_PTR_DEVHWERROR if the communications are unexpectedly lost. All other fields should contain a value based on the following rules and priority:

- 1. Report the value as unknown.
- 2. Report the value as a general h/w error.
- 3. Report the value as the last known value.

7.2 WFS_INF_PTR_CAPABILITIES

Description This command is used to request device capability information.

Input Param None.

Output Param LPWFSPTRCAPS lpCaps;

typedef struct _wfs_ptr_caps
{

{	
WORD	wClass;
WORD	fwType;
BOOL	bCompound;
WORD	wResolution;
WORD	fwReadForm;
WORD	fwWriteForm;
WORD	fwExtents;
WORD	fwControl;
USHORT	usMaxMediaOnStacker;
BOOL	bAcceptMedia;
BOOL	bMultiPage;
WORD	fwPaperSources;
BOOL	bMediaTaken;
USHORT	usRetractBins;
LPUSHORT	lpusMaxRetract;
WORD	fwImageType;
WORD	fwFrontImageColorFormat;
WORD	fwBackImageColorFormat;
WORD	fwCodelineFormat;
WORD	fwImageSource;
WORD	fwCharSupport;
BOOL	bDispensePaper;
LPSTR	lpszExtra;
DWORD	dwGuidLights[WFS_PTR_GUIDLIGHTS_SIZE];
LPSTR	lpszWindowsPrinter;
BOOL	bMediaPresented;
USHORT	usAutoRetractPeriod;
BOOL	bRetractToTransport;
BOOL	bPowerSaveControl;
WORD	fwCoercivityType;
WORD	fwControlPassbook;
WORD	wPrintSides;
BOOL	bAntiFraudModule;
} WFSPTRCAPS, *LPWFS	PTRCAPS;

wClass

Specifies the logical service class as WFS_SERVICE_CLASS_PTR.

fwType

Specifies the type(s) of the physical device driven by the logical service, as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_TYPERECEIPT	Device is a receipt printer.
WFS_PTR_TYPEPASSBOOK	Device is a passbook printer.
WFS_PTR_TYPEJOURNAL	Device is a journal printer.
WFS_PTR_TYPEDOCUMENT	Device is a document printer.
WFS_PTR_TYPESCANNER	Device is a scanner with printing
	capabilities.

bCompound

Specifies whether the logical device is part of a compound physical device.

wResolution

Specifies at which resolution(s) the physical device can print. Used by the application to select the level of print quality desired (e.g. as in Word for Windows); does not imply any absolute level of resolution, only relative. Specified as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_RESLOW	Can print with low resolution.
WFS_PTR_RESMED	Can print with medium resolution.
WFS_PTR_RESHIGH	Can print with high resolution.
WFS_PTR_RESVERYHIGH	Can print with very high resolution.

fwReadForm

Specifies whether the device can read data from media, as a combination of the following flags (zero if none of the choices is supported):

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_READOCR	Device has OCR capability.
WFS_PTR_READMICR	Device has MICR capability.
WFS_PTR_READMSF	Device has MSF capability.
WFS_PTR_READBARCODE	Device has Barcode capability.
WFS_PTR_READPAGEMARK	Device has Page Mark capability.
WFS_PTR_READIMAGE	Device has imaging capability.
WFS_PTR_READEMPTYLINE	Device has capability to detect empty print
	lines for passbook printing.

fwWriteForm

Specifies whether the device can write data to the media, as a combination of the following flags (zero if none of the choices is supported):

fwExtents

Specifies whether the device is able to measure the inserted media, as a combination of the following flags (zero if none of the choices is supported):

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_EXTHORIZONTAL	Device has horizontal size detection
	capability.
WFS_PTR_EXTVERTICAL	Device has vertical size detection capability.

fwControl

Specifies the manner in which media can be controlled, as a combination of the following flags (zero if none of the choices is supported):

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT	Device can eject media.
WFS_PTR_CTRLPERFORATE	Device can perforate media.
WFS_PTR_CTRLCUT	Device can cut media.
WFS_PTR_CTRLSKIP	Device can skip to mark.
WFS_PTR_CTRLFLUSH	Device can be sent data that is buffered
	internally, and flushed to the printer on
	request.
WFS_PTR_CTRLRETRACT	Device can retract media under application control.
WFS_PTR_CTRLSTACK	Device can stack media items before ejecting as a bundle.
WFS_PTR_CTRLPARTIALCUT	Device can partially cut the media.
WFS_PTR_CTRLALARM	Device can ring a bell, beep or otherwise sound an audible alarm.
WFS_PTR_CTRLATPFORWARD	Capability to turn one page forward.
WFS_PTR_CTRLATPBACKWARD	Capability to turn one page backward.
WFS_PTR_CTRLTURNMEDIA	Device can turn inserted media.
WFS_PTR_CTRLSTAMP	Device can stamp on media.

WFS_PTR_CTRLPARK

WFS_PTR_CTRLEXPEL WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECTTOTRANSPORT

Device can park a document into the parking station.

Device can expel media out of the exit slot. Device can move media to a position on the transport just behind the exit slot.

usMaxMediaOnStacker

Specifies the maximum number of media items that the stacker can hold (zero if not available).

bAcceptMedia

Specifies whether the device is able to accept media while no execute command is running that is waiting explicitly for media to be inserted. Its value is either TRUE or FALSE.

bMultiPage

Specifies whether the device is able to support multiple page print jobs. Its value is either TRUE or FALSE.

fwPaperSources

Specifies the Paper sources available for this printer as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PAPERUPPER	Indicates an upper paper source is available; devices with only one paper supply must indicate WFS_PTR_PAPERUPPER as being available.
WFS_PTR_PAPERLOWER	Indicates a lower paper source is available.
WFS_PTR_PAPEREXTERNAL	Indicates an external paper source (such as envelope tray or single sheet feed) is available.
WFS_PTR_PAPERAUX	An auxiliary paper source is available.
WFS_PTR_PAPERAUX2 WFS_PTR_PAPERPARK	A second auxiliary paper source is available. A parking station is available.

bMediaTaken

Specifies whether the device is able to detect when the media is taken from the exit slot. If FALSE, the WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN event is not fired. Its value is either TRUE or FALSE.

usRetractBins

Specifies the number of retract bins (zero if not supported).

lpusMaxRetract

Pointer to an array of the length *usRetractBins* with the maximum number of media items that each retract bin can hold (one count for each supported bin, starting from zero for bin number one to *usRetractBins*-1 for bin number *usRetractBins*). NULL pointer if the device has no retract bin.

fwImageType

Specifies the image format supported by this device, as a combination of following flags (zero if not supported):

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_IMAGETIF	The device can return scanned images in
	TIFF 6.0 format.
WFS_PTR_IMAGEWMF	The device can return scanned images in
	WMF (Windows Metafile) format.
WFS_PTR_IMAGEBMP	The device can return scanned images in
	Windows BMP format.
WFS_PTR_IMAGEJPG	The device can return scanned images in
	JPG format.

fwFrontImageColorFormat

Specifies the front image color formats supported by this device, as a combination of following flags (zero if not supported):

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY	The device can return scanned images in
	binary (image contains two colors, usually
	the colors black and white).
WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE	The device can return scanned images in
	gray scale (image contains multiple gray
	colors).
WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL	The device can return scanned images in full
	color (image contains colors like red, green,
	blue etc.).

fwBackImageColorFormat

Specifies the back image color formats supported by this device, as a combination of following flags (zero if not supported):

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY	The device can return scanned images in
	binary (image contains two colors, usually
	the colors black and white).
WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE	The device can return scanned images in
	gray scale (image contains multiple gray colors).
WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL	The device can return scanned images in full
	color (image contains colors like red, green,
	blue etc.).

fwCodelineFormat

Specifies the code line (MICR data) formats supported by this device, as a combination of following flags (zero if not supported):

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7	The device can read CMC7 code lines.
WFS_PTR_CODELINEE13B	The device can read E13B code lines.
WFS_PTR_CODELINEOCR	The device can read code lines using Optical
	Character Recognition.

fwImageSource

Specifies the source for the read image command supported by this device, as a combination of the following flags (zero if not supported):

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_IMAGEFRONT	The device can scan the front image of the
	document.
WFS_PTR_IMAGEBACK	The device can scan the back image of the
	document.
WFS_PTR_CODELINE	The device can recognize the code line.

fwCharSupport

One or more flags specifying the character sets, in addition to single byte ASCII, that is supported by the Service Provider:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_ASCII	ASCII is supported for XFS forms.
WFS_PTR_UNICODE	UNICODE is supported for XFS forms.

For *fwCharSupport*, a Service Provider can support ONLY ASCII forms or can support BOTH ASCII and UNICODE forms. A Service Provider can not support UNICODE forms without also supporting ASCII forms.

bDispensePaper

Specifies whether the device is able to dispense paper. Its value is either TRUE or FALSE.

lpszExtra

Pointer to a list of vendor-specific, or any other extended, information. The information is returned as a series of "key=value" strings so that it is easily extensible by Service Providers. Each string is null-terminated, with the final string terminating with two null characters. An empty list may be indicated by either a NULL pointer or a pointer to two consecutive null characters.

dwGuidLights [...]

Specifies which guidance lights are available. A number of guidance light types are defined below. Vendor specific guidance lights are defined starting from the end of the array. The maximum guidance light index is WFS_PTR_GUIDLIGHTS_MAX.

The elements of this array are specified as a combination of the following flags and indicate all of the possible flash rates (type B) and colors (type C) that the guidance light indicator is capable of handling. If the guidance light indicator only supports one color then no value of type C is returned. A value of WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_NOT_AVAILABLE indicates that the device has no guidance light indicator or the device controls the light directly with no application control possible.

Value	Meaning	Туре
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_NOT_AVAILABLE	There is no guidance light control	А
	available at this position.	
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_OFF	The light can be off.	В
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_SLOW_FLASH	The light can blink slowly.	В
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_MEDIUM_FLASH	The light can blink medium	В
	frequency.	
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_QUICK_FLASH	The light can blink quickly.	В
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_CONTINUOUS	The light can be	В
	continuous (steady).	
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_RED	The light can be red.	С
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_GREEN	The light can be green.	С
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_YELLOW	The light can be yellow.	С
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_BLUE	The light can be blue.	С
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_CYAN	The light can be cyan.	С
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_MAGENTA	The light can be magenta.	С
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_WHITE	The light can be white.	С

dwGuidLights [WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_PRINTER]

Specifies whether the guidance light indicator on the printer unit is available.

lpszWindowsPrinter

Specifies the name of the default logical Windows printer that is associated with this Service Provider. Applications should use this printer name to generate native printer files (i.e. .PRN) to be printed through the WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_RAW_FILE command. This value will be NULL if the Service Provider does not support the WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_RAW_FILE command.

bMediaPresented

Specifies whether the device is able to detect when the media is presented to the user for removal. If TRUE, the WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAPRESENTED event is fired. If FALSE, the WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAPRESENTED event is not fired.

usAutoRetractPeriod

Specifies the number of seconds before the device will automatically retract the presented media. If the command that generated the media is still active when the media is automatically retracted, the command will complete with a WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIARETRACTED error. If the device does not retract media automatically this value will be zero.

bRetractToTransport

Specifies whether the device is able to retract the previously ejected media to the transport. Its value is either TRUE or FALSE.

bPowerSaveControl

Specifies whether power saving control is available. This can either be TRUE if available or FALSE if not available.

fwCoercivityType

Specifies the form write modes supported by this device, as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_COERCIVITYNOTSUPP	This device cannot write the magnetic stripe.
WFS_PTR_COERCIVITYLOW	This device can write the magnetic stripe by
	low coercivity mode.
WFS_PTR_COERCIVITYHIGH	This device can write the magnetic stripe by
	high coercivity mode.
WFS_PTR_COERCIVITYAUTO	The Service Provider or the device is capable
	of automatically determining whether low or
	high coercivity magnetic stripe should be
	written.

fwControlPassbook

Specifies how the passbook can be controlled with the

WFS_CMD_PTR_CONTROL_PASSBOOK command, as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PBKCTRLNOTSUPP	The device is not capable of turning multiple pages of the passbook or closing the passbook.
WFS_PTR_PBKCTRLTURNFORWARD	The device can turn forward multiple pages of the passbook.
WFS_PTR_PBKCTRLTURNBACKWARD	The device can turn backward multiple pages of the passbook.
WFS_PTR_PBKCTRLCLOSEFORWARD	The device can close the passbook forward.
WFS_PTR_PBKCTRLCLOSEBACKWARD	The device can close the passbook backward.

wPrintSides

Specifies on which sides of the media this device can print as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PRINTSIDESNOTSUPP	The device is not capable of printing on any
	sides of the media.
WFS_PTR_PRINTSIDESSINGLE	The device is capable of printing on one side
	of the media.
WFS_PTR_PRINTSIDESDUAL	The device is capable of printing on two
	sides of the media.

bAntiFraudModule

Specifies whether the anti-fraud module is available. This can either be TRUE if available or FALSE if not available.

Error Codes Only the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

Comments Applications which require or expect specific information to be present in the *lpszExtra* parameter may not be device or vendor-independent.

7.3 WFS_INF_PTR_FORM_LIST

Description	This command is used to retrieve the list of forms available on the device.
Input Param	None.
Output Param	LPSTR lpszFormList;
	<i>lpszFormList</i> Pointer to a list of null-terminated form names, with the final name terminating with two null characters.
Error Codes	Only the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.
Comments	None.

7.4 WFS_INF_PTR_MEDIA_LIST

DescriptionThis command is used to retrieve the list of media definitions available on the device.Input ParamNone.Output ParamLPSTR lpszMediaList;
Pointer to a list of null-terminated media names, with the final name terminating with two null
characters.Error CodesOnly the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.None.None.

7.5 WFS_INF_PTR_QUERY_FORM

Description This command is used to retrieve details of the definition of a specified form.

Input Param LPSTR lpszFormName;

lpszFormName Points to the null-terminated form name on which to retrieve details.

Output Param LPWFSFRMHEADER lpHeader;

typedef struct _wfs_frm_header

1	
LPSTR	lpszFormName;
WORD	wBase;
WORD	wUnitX;
WORD	wUnitY;
WORD	wWidth;
WORD	wHeight;
WORD	wAlignment;
WORD	wOrientation;
WORD	wOffsetX;
WORD	wOffsetY;
WORD	wVersionMajor;
WORD	wVersionMinor;
LPSTR	lpszUserPrompt;
WORD	<pre>fwCharSupport;</pre>
LPSTR	lpszFields;
WORD	wLanguageID;
} WFSFRMHEADER,	*LPWFSFRMHEADER;

lpszFormName

Specifies the null-terminated name of the form.

wBase

Specifies the base unit of measurement of the form and can be one of the following:

Value	Meaning
WFS_FRM_INCH	The base unit is inches.
WFS_FRM_MM	The base unit is millimeters.
WFS_FRM_ROWCOLUMN	The base unit is rows and columns.

wUnitX

Specifies the horizontal resolution of the base units as a fraction of the *wBase* value. For example, a value of 16 applied to the base unit WFS_FRM_INCH means that the base horizontal resolution is 1/16".

wUnitY

Specifies the vertical resolution of the base units as a fraction of the *wBase* value. For example, a value of 10 applied to the base unit WFS_FRM_MM means that the base vertical resolution is 0.1 mm.

wWidth

Specifies the width of the form in terms of the base horizontal resolution.

wHeight

Specifies the height of the form in terms of the base vertical resolution.

wAlignment

Specifies the relative alignment of the form on the media and can be one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_FRM_TOPLEFT	The form is aligned relative to the top and
	left edges of the media.
WFS_FRM_TOPRIGHT	The form is aligned relative to the top and
	right edges of the media.
WFS_FRM_BOTTOMLEFT	The form is aligned relative to the bottom
	and left edges of the media.

WFS_FRM_BOTTOMRIGHT

The form is aligned relative to the bottom and right edges of the media.

wOrientation

Specifies the orientation of the form and can be one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_FRM_PORTRAIT	The orientation of the form is portrait.
WFS_FRM_LANDSCAPE	The orientation of the form is landscape.

wOffsetX

Specifies the horizontal offset of the position of the top-left corner of the form, relative to the left or right edge specified by *wAlignment*. This value is specified in terms of the base horizontal resolution and is always positive.

wOffsetY

Specifies the vertical offset of the position of the top-left corner of the form, relative to the top or bottom edge specified by *wAlignment*. This value is specified in terms of the base vertical resolution and is always positive.

wVersionMajor

Specifies the major version of the form. If the version is not specified in the form, then zero is returned.

wVersionMinor

Specifies the minor version of the form. If the version is not specified in the form, then zero is returned.

lpszUserPrompt

Pointer to a null-terminated user prompt string. NULL will be returned if the form does not define a value for the user prompt.

fwCharSupport

A single flag specifying the Character Set in which the form is encoded:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_ASCII	ASCII is supported for XFS forms initial
	data values and FORMAT strings.
WFS_PTR_UNICODE	UNICODE is supported for XFS forms
	initial data values and FORMAT strings.

lpszFields

Pointer to a list of null-terminated field names, with the final name terminating with two null characters.

wLanguageID

Specifies the language identifier for the form.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PTR_FORMNOTFOUND	The specified form cannot be found.
WFS_ERR_PTR_FORMINVALID	The specified form is invalid.

Comments

None.

7.6 WFS_INF_PTR_QUERY_MEDIA

Description This command is used to retrieve details of the definition of a specified media.

Input Param LPSTR lpszMediaName;

lpszMediaName Pointer to the null-terminated media name about which to retrieve details.

Output Param LPWFSFRMMEDIA lpMedia;

typedef struct _wfs_frm_media WORD fwMediaType; WORD wBase; WORD wUnitX; WORD wUnitY; WORD wSizeWidth; WORD wSizeHeight; WORD wPageCount; WORD wLineCount; WORD wPrintAreaX; WORD wPrintAreaY; WORD wPrintAreaWidth; WORD wPrintAreaHeight; WORD wRestrictedAreaX; WORD wRestrictedAreaY; WORD wRestrictedAreaWidth; WORD wRestrictedAreaHeight; WORD wStagger; WORD wFoldType; WORD wPaperSources; } WFSFRMMEDIA, *LPWFSFRMMEDIA;

fwMediaType

Specifies the type of media as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_FRM_MEDIAGENERIC	The media is a generic media, i.e. a single
	sheet.
WFS_FRM_MEDIAPASSBOOK	The media is a passbook media.
WFS_FRM_MEDIAMULTIPART	The media is a multi part media.

wBase

Specifies the base unit of measurement of the form and can be one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_FRM_INCH	The base unit is inches.
WFS_FRM_MM	The base unit is millimeters.
WFS_FRM_ROWCOLUMN	The base unit is rows and columns.

wUnitX

Specifies the horizontal resolution of the base units as a fraction of the *wBase* value. For example, a value of 16 applied to the base unit WFS_FRM_INCH means that the base horizontal resolution is 1/16".

wUnitY

Specifies the vertical resolution of the base units as a fraction of the *wBase* value. For example, a value of 10 applied to the base unit WFS_FRM_MM means that the base vertical resolution is 0.1 mm.

wSizeWidth

Specifies the width of the media in terms of the base horizontal resolution.

wSizeHeight

Specifies the height of the media in terms of the base vertical resolution.

wPageCount

Specifies the number of pages in a media of type WFS_FRM_MEDIAPASSBOOK.

CWA 16374-3:2011 (E)

wLineCount

Specifies the number of lines on a page for a media of type WFS_FRM_MEDIAPASSBOOK.

wPrintAreaX

Specifies the horizontal offset of the printable area relative to the top left corner of the media in terms of the base horizontal resolution.

wPrintAreaY

Specifies the vertical offset of the printable area relative to the top left corner of the media in terms of the base vertical resolution.

wPrintAreaWidth

Specifies the printable area width of the media in terms of the base horizontal resolution.

wPrintAreaHeight

Specifies the printable area height of the media in terms of the base vertical resolution.

wRestrictedAreaX

Specifies the horizontal offset of the restricted area relative to the top left corner of the media in terms of the base horizontal resolution.

wRestrictedAreaY

Specifies the vertical offset of the restricted area relative to the top left corner of the media in terms of the base vertical resolution.

wRestrictedAreaWidth

Specifies the restricted area width of the media in terms of the base horizontal resolution.

wRestrictedAreaHeight

Specifies the restricted area height of the media in terms of the base vertical resolution.

wStagger

Specifies the staggering from the top in terms of the base vertical resolution for a media of type WFS_FRM_MEDIAPASSBOOK.

wFoldType

Specified the type of fold (vertical, horizontal or none) for a media of type WFS_FRM_MEDIAPASSBOOK as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_FRM_FOLDNONE	Passbook has no fold.
WFS_FRM_FOLDHORIZONTAL	Passbook has a horizontal fold.
WFS_FRM_FOLDVERTICAL	Passbook has a vertical fold.

wPaperSources

Specifies the Paper sources to use when printing forms using this media as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PAPERANY	Use any paper source.
WFS_PTR_PAPERUPPER	Use the only or the upper paper source.
WFS_PTR_PAPERLOWER	Use the lower paper source.
WFS_PTR_PAPEREXTERNAL	Use the external paper source.
WFS_PTR_PAPERAUX	Use the auxiliary paper source.
WFS_PTR_PAPERAUX2	Use the second auxiliary paper source.
WFS_PTR_PAPERPARK	Use the parking station.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

	Value	Meaning
	WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIANOTFOUND	The specified media definition cannot be
		found.
	WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAINVALID	The specified media definition is invalid.
ents	None.	

Comments

7.7 WFS_INF_PTR_QUERY_FIELD

Description This command is used to retrieve details of the definition of a single or all fields on a specified form.

Input Param LPWFSPTRQUERYFIELD lpQueryField;

```
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_query_field
    {
        LPSTR lpszFormName;
        LPSTR lpszFieldName;
    } WFSPTRQUERYFIELD, *LPWFSPTRQUERYFIELD;
```

lpszFormName Pointer to the null-terminated form name.

lpszFieldName

Pointer to the null-terminated name of the field about which to retrieve details. If the value of *lpszFieldName* is NULL, then details are retrieved for all fields on the form. Depending upon whether the form is encoded in UNICODE representation either the *lpszInitialValue* or *lpszUNICODEInitialValue* output fields are used to retrieve the field Initial Value.

Output Param LPWFSFRMFIELD *lppFields;

lppFields

Pointer to a null-terminated array of pointers to WFSFRMFIELD structures:

typedef struct _wfs_frm_field

{	
LPSTR	lpszFieldName;
WORD	wIndexCount;
WORD	fwType;
WORD	fwClass;
WORD	fwAccess;
WORD	fwOverflow;
LPSTR	lpszInitialValue;
LPWSTR	lpszUNICODEInitialValue;
LPSTR	lpszFormat;
LPWSTR	lpszUNICODEFormat;
WORD	wLanguageID;
WORD	wCoercivity;
<pre>} WFSFRMFIELD,</pre>	*LPWFSFRMFIELD;

lpszFieldName

Pointer to the null-terminated field name.

wIndexCount

Specifies the number of entries for an index field. A value of zero indicates that this field is not an index field. Index fields are typically used to present information in a tabular fashion.

fwType

Specifies the type of field and can be one of the following values:

Meaning
The field is a text field.
The field is a Magnetic Ink Character
Recognition field.
The field is an Optical Character
Recognition field.
The field is a Magnetic Stripe Facility field.
The field is a Barcode field.
The field is a Graphic field.
The field is a Page Mark field.

fwClass

Specifies the class of the field and can be one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_FRM_CLASSSTATIC	The field data cannot be set by the
	application.
WFS_FRM_CLASSOPTIONAL	The field data can be set by the application.
WFS_FRM_CLASSREQUIRED	The field data must be set by the application.

fwAccess

Specifies whether the field is to be used for input, output, or both and can be a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_FRM_ACCESSREAD	The field is used for input.
WFS_FRM_ACCESSWRITE	The field is used for output.

fwOverflow

Specifies how an overflow of field data should be handled and can be one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_FRM_OVFTERMINATE	Return an error and terminate printing of the
	form.
WFS_FRM_OVFTRUNCATE	Truncate the field data to fit in the field.
WFS_FRM_OVFBESTFIT	Fit the text in the field.
WFS_FRM_OVFOVERWRITE	Print the field data beyond the extents of the
	field boundary.
WFS_FRM_OVFWORDWRAP	If the field can hold more than one line the
	text is wrapped around.

lpszInitialValue

The initial value of the field. When the form is printed (using WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_FORM), this value will be used if another value is not provided. This value can be NULL if the parameter is not specified in the field definition or the form is encoded in UNICODE.

lpszUNICODEInitialValue

The initial value of the field when form is encoded in UNICODE. When the form is printed (using WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_FORM), this value will be used if another value is not provided. This value can be NULL if the parameter is not specified in the field definition or the form is not encoded in UNICODE.

lpszFormat

Format string as defined in the form for this field. This value can be NULL if the parameter is not specified in the field definition or the form is encoded in UNICODE.

lpszUNICODEFormat

Format string as defined in the form for this field when form is encoded in UNICODE. This value can be NULL if the parameter is not specified in the field definition or the form is not encoded in UNICODE.

wLanguageID

Specifies the language identifier for the field.

wCoercivity

Specifies the coercivity to be used for writing the magnetic stripe.

Value	Meaning
WFS_FRM_COERCIVITYAUTO	The coercivity is decided by the Service
	Provider or the hardware.
WFS_FRM_COERCIVITYLOW	A low coercivity is to be used for writing the
	magnetic stripe.
WFS_FRM_COERCIVITYHIGH	A high coercivity is to be used for writing
	the magnetic stripe.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PTR_FORMNOTFOUND	The specified form cannot be found.
WFS_ERR_PTR_FIELDNOTFOUND	The specified field cannot be found.
WFS_ERR_PTR_FORMINVALID	The specified form is invalid.

WFS_ERR_PTR_FIELDINVALID

The specified field is invalid.

Comments None.

WFS_INF_PTR_CODELINE_MAPPING 7.8

Description This command is used to retrieve the byte code mapping for the special banking symbols defined for image processing (e.g. check processing). This mapping must be reported as there is no standard for the fonts defined below.

Input Param LPWFSPTRCODELINEMAPPING lpCodelineMapping;

typedef struct _wfs_ptr_codeline_mapping

{ WORD wCodelineFormat; } WFSPTRCODELINEMAPPING, *LPWFSPTRCODELINEMAPPING;

wCodeLineFormat

Specifies the code-line format that the mapping for the special characters is required for. This field can be one of the following values:

Value	Meaning		
WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7	Report the CMC7 mapping.		
WFS_PTR_CODELINEE13B	Report the E13B mapping.		

Output Param LPWFSPTRCODELINEMAPPINGOUT lpCodelineMapping;

typedef struct _wfs_ptr_codeline_mapping_out

l			
WORD	wCodelineFormat;		
LPWFSPTRXDATA	lpxChai	rMapping;	
} WFSPTRCODELINEMAPPI	INGOUT,	*LPWFSPTRCODELINEMAPPINGOUT;	

wCodeLineFormat

Specifies the code-line format that is being reported.

lpxCharMapping

ſ

Defines the mapping of the font specific symbols to byte values. These byte values are used to represent the font specific characters when the code line is read through the WFS_CMD_PTR_READ_IMAGE command. The font specific meaning of each index is defined

in the following tables:

E13B

	Index	0	1	2	3	4	
	Symbol that byte value represents	"	all.	Ш.	ш	N/A	
	Meaning	Transit	Amount	On Us	Dash	Reject / Unreadable	
СМ	C7						
	Index	0	1	2	3	4	5
	Symbol	100	ndl	!!! !	:: ##	1 ⁶ 1;	N/A
	Meaning	S1 - Start of Bank Account	S2 - Start of the Amount field	S3 - Terminate Routing	S4 - Unused	S5 - Transit / Routing	Reject / Unreadable

Error Codes Only the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command. None.

Comments

8. Execute Commands

8.1 WFS_CMD_PTR_CONTROL_MEDIA

Description This command is used to control a form drawn in by the device (e.g. after reading or in case of termination of an application request).

If an eject operation is specified, it completes when the media is moved to the exit slot. A service event is generated when the media has been taken by the user (only if field *bMediaTaken* defined in structure WFSPTRCAPS is equal to TRUE).

Input Param LPDWORD lpdwMediaControl;

lpdwMediaControl

Pointer to a value which specifies the manner in which the media should be handled, as a combination of the following bit-flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT	Flush any data to the printer that has not yet
	been printed from previous
	WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_FORM or
	WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_RAW_FILE
	commands, then eject the media.
WFS_PTR_CTRLPERFORATE	Flush data as above, then perforate the
	media.
WFS_PTR_CTRLCUT	Flush data as above, then cut the media. For
	printers which have the ability to stack
	multiple cut sheets and deliver them as a
	single bundle to the customer, cut causes the
	media to be stacked and eject causes the
	bundle to be moved to the exit slot.
WFS_PTR_CTRLSKIP	Flush data as above, then skip the media to
	mark.
WFS_PTR_CTRLFLUSH	Flush any data to the printer that has not yet
	been physically printed from previous
	WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_FORM or
	WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_RAW_FILE commands. This will synchronize the
	application with the device to ensure that all
	data has been physically printed.
WFS_PTR_CTRLRETRACT	Flush data as above, then retract the media to
WIS_IIK_CIKLKEIKACI	retract bin number one, for devices with
	more than one bin the command
	WFS_CMD_PTR_RETRACT_MEDIA
	should be used if the media should be
	retracted to another bin than bin number one.
WFS_PTR_CTRLSTACK	Flush data as above, then move the media
	item on the internal stacker.
WFS_PTR_CTRLPARTIALCUT	Flush the data as above, then partially cut the
	media.
WFS_PTR_CTRLALARM	Cause the printer to ring a bell, beep, or
	otherwise sound an audible alarm.
WFS_PTR_CTRLATPFORWARD	Flush the data as above, then turn one page
	forward.
WFS_PTR_CTRLATPBACKWARD	Flush the data as above, then turn one page
	backward.
WFS_PTR_CTRLTURNMEDIA	Flush the data as above, then turn inserted
	media.
WFS_PTR_CTRLSTAMP	Flush the data as above, then stamp on
	inserted media.
WFS_PTR_CTRLPARK	Park the media in the parking station.

WFS_PTR_CTRLEXPEL

WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECTTOTRANSPORT

Flush the data as above, then throw the media out of the exit slot. Flush the data as above, then move the media to a position on the transport just behind the exit slot.

It is not possible to combine the flags WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT, WFS_PTR_CTRLRETRACT, WFS_PTR_CTRLPARK, WFS_PTR_CTRLEXPEL and WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECTTOTRANSPORT with each other. In this case the command completes

with WFS_ERR_INVALID_DATA.

An application should be aware that the sequence of the actions is not guaranteed if more than one flag is specified in this parameter.

Output Param None.

Error Codes

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PTR_NOMEDIAPRESENT	The control action could not be completed because there is no media in the device, the media is not in a position where it can be controlled, or (in the case of WFS_PTR_CTRLRETRACT) has been removed.
WFS_ERR_PTR_FLUSHFAIL	The device was not able to flush data.
WFS_ERR_PTR_RETRACTBINFULL	The retract bin is full. No more media can be retracted. The current media is still in the device.
WFS_ERR_PTR_STACKERFULL	The internal stacker is full. No more media can be moved to the stacker.
WFS_ERR_PTR_PAGETURNFAIL	The device was not able to turn the page.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIATURNFAIL	The device was not able to turn the inserted media.
WFS_ERR_PTR_SHUTTERFAIL	Open or close of the shutter failed due to manipulation or hardware error.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAJAMMED	The media is jammed; operator intervention is required.
WFS_ERR_PTR_PAPERJAMMED	The paper is jammed.
WFS_ERR_PTR_PAPEROUT	The paper supply is empty.
WFS_ERR_PTR_INKOUT	No stamping possible, stamping ink supply empty.
WFS_ERR_PTR_TONEROUT	Toner or ink supply is empty or printing contrast with ribbon is not sufficient.
WFS_ERR_PTR_SEQUENCEINVALID	Programming error. Invalid command sequence (e.g. WFS_PTR_CTRLPARK and the parking station is busy).
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIARETAINED	Media has been retracted in attempts to eject it. The device is clear and can be used.
WFS_ERR_PTR_BLACKMARK	Black mark detection has failed, nothing has been printed.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIARETRACTED	Presented media was automatically retracted before all wads could be presented and before the command could complete successfully.

Value	Meaning
WFS_USRE_PTR_RETRACTBINTHRESH	łOLD
	The retract bin is high or full; operator
	intervention is required. Note that this ever
	is sent only once, at the point at which the
	bin becomes high or full. It is sent with
	WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINHIGH or
	WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINFULL status.
WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN	The media has been taken by the user.
WFS_USRE_PTR_PAPERTHRESHOLD	The paper supply is low or empty; operato
	intervention is required. Note that this even
	is sent only once, at the point at which the
	supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with
	WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW or
	WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT status.
WFS_USRE_PTR_TONERTHRESHOLD	The toner or ink supply is low or empty or
	the printing contrast with ribbon is weak o
	not sufficient; operator intervention is
	required. Note that this event is sent only
	once, at the point at which the supply
	becomes low or empty. It is sent with
	WFS_PTR_TONERLOW or
	WFS_PTR_TONEROUT status.
WFS_USRE_PTR_INKTHRESHOLD	The stamping ink supply is low or empty;
	operator intervention is required. Note that
	this event is sent only once, at the point at
	which the supply becomes low or empty. I
	is sent with WFS_PTR_INKLOW or
	WFS_PTR_INKOUT status.
WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAPRESENTED	Media has been presented for removal. See
	section 11 for further details.
WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIAAUTORETRAC	
	The presented media has been automatical
	retracted.

Events In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Comments None.

8.2 WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_FORM

Description This command is used to print a form by merging the supplied variable field data with the defined form and field data specified in the form. If no media is present, the device waits for the period of time specified by the *dwTimeOut* parameter in the **WFSExecute** call for media to be inserted from the external paper source.

Input Param LPWFSPTRPRINTFORM lpPrintForm;

typedef struct _wfs_ptr_print_form

{	
LPSTR	lpszFormName;
LPSTR	lpszMediaName;
WORD	wAlignment;
WORD	wOffsetX;
WORD	wOffsetY;
WORD	wResolution;
DWORD	dwMediaControl;
LPSTR	lpszFields;
LPWSTR	lpszUNICODEFields;
WORD	wPaperSource;
} WFSPTRPRINTFORM,	*LPWFSPTRPRINTFORM;

lpszFormName

Pointer to the null-terminated form name.

lpszMediaName

Pointer to the null-terminated media name. *lpszMediaName* is NULL if no media definition applies.

wAlignment

Specifies the alignment of the form on the physical media, as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_ALNUSEFORMDEFN	Use the alignment specified in the form
	definition.
WFS_PTR_ALNTOPLEFT	Align form to top left of physical media.
WFS_PTR_ALNTOPRIGHT	Align form to top right of physical media.
WFS_PTR_ALNBOTTOMLEFT	Align form to bottom left of physical media.
WFS_PTR_ALNBOTTOMRIGHT	Align form to bottom right of physical
	media.

wOffsetX

Specifies the horizontal offset of the form, relative to the horizontal alignment specified in *wAlignment*, in horizontal resolution units (from form definition); always a positive number (i.e. if aligned to the right side of the media, means offset the form to the left). A value of WFS_PTR_OFFSETUSEFORMDEFN indicates that the *xoffset* value from the form definition should be used.

wOffsetY

Specifies the vertical offset of the form, relative to the vertical alignment specified in *wAlignment*, in vertical resolution units (from form definition); always a positive number (i.e. if aligned to the bottom of the media, means offset the form upward). A value of

WFS_PTR_OFFSETUSEFORMDEFN indicates that the *yoffset* value from the form definition should be used.

wResolution

Specifies the resolution in which to print the form. Possible values are:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_RESLOW	Print form with low resolution.
WFS_PTR_RESMED	Print form with medium resolution.
WFS_PTR_RESHIGH	Print form with high resolution.
WFS_PTR_RESVERYHIGH	Print form with very high resolution.

dwMediaControl

Specifies the manner in which the media should be handled after the printing is done, as a combination of the flags described under WFS_CMD_PTR_CONTROL_MEDIA. A zero value of this parameter means to do none of these actions, as when printing multiple forms on a single page. When zero is specified and the device does not support the WFS_PTR_CTRLFLUSH capability, the data will be printed immediately. If the device supports WFS_PTR_CTRLFLUSH, the data may be buffered and the WFS_CMD_PTR_CONTROL_MEDIA command should be used to synchronize the application with the device to ensure that all data has been physically printed.

lpszFields

Pointer to a series of "<FieldName>=<FieldValue>" strings, where each string is null-terminated with the entire field string terminating with two null characters. If the field is an index field, then the syntax of the string is instead "<FieldName>[<index>]=<FieldValue>", where <index> specifies the zero-based element of the index field.

lpszUNICODEFields

Pointer to a series of "<FieldName>=<FieldValue>" UNICODE strings, where each string is null-terminated with the entire field string terminating with two null characters. If the field is an index field, then the syntax of the string is instead "<FieldName>[<index>]=<FieldValue>", where <index> specifies the zero-based element of the index field.

The *lpszUNICODEFields* field should only be used if the form is encoded in UNICODE representation. This can be determined with the WFS_INF_PTR_QUERY_FORM command.

wPaperSource

Specifies the Paper source to use when printing this form. When the value is zero, then the paper source is determined from the media definition. This parameter is ignored if there is already paper in the print position. Possible values are:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PAPERANY	Any paper source can be used; it is
	determined by the service.
WFS_PTR_PAPERUPPER	Use the only paper source or the upper paper
	source, if there is more than one paper
	supply.
WFS_PTR_PAPERLOWER	Use the lower paper source.
WFS_PTR_PAPEREXTERNAL	Use the external paper source (such as
	envelope tray or single sheet feed).
WFS_PTR_PAPERAUX	Use the auxiliary paper source.
WFS_PTR_PAPERAUX2	Use the second auxiliary paper source.
WFS_PTR_PAPERPARK	Use the parking station.

Output Param None.

Error Codes

Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PTR_FORMNOTFOUND	The specified form definition cannot be
	found.
WFS_ERR_PTR_FLUSHFAIL	The device was not able to flush data.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAOVERFLOW	The form overflowed the media.
WFS_ERR_PTR_FIELDSPECFAILURE	The syntax of the <i>lpszFields</i> member is
	invalid.
WFS_ERR_PTR_FIELDERROR	An error occurred while processing a field,
	causing termination of the print request. An
	execute event
	WFS_EXEE_PTR_FIELDERROR is posted
	with the details.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIANOTFOUND	The specified media definition cannot be
	found.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAINVALID	The specified media definition is invalid.
WFS_ERR_PTR_FORMINVALID	The specified form definition is invalid.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIASKEWED	The media skew exceeded the limit in the
	form definition.

CWA 16374-3:2011 (E)

WFS_ERR_PTR_RETRACTBINFULL	The retract bin is full. No more media can be retracted. The current media is still in the device.
WFS_ERR_PTR_STACKERFULL	The internal stacker is full. No more media can be moved to the stacker.
WFS_ERR_PTR_PAGETURNFAIL	The device was not able to turn the page.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIATURNFAIL	The device was not able to turn the inserted media.
WFS_ERR_PTR_SHUTTERFAIL	Open or close of the shutter failed due to manipulation or hardware error.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAJAMMED	The media is jammed; operator intervention is required.
WFS_ERR_PTR_CHARSETDATA	Character set(s) supported by Service Provider is inconsistent with use of <i>lpszFields</i> or <i>lpszUNICODEFields</i> fields.
WFS_ERR_PTR_PAPERJAMMED	The paper is jammed.
WFS_ERR_PTR_PAPEROUT	The paper supply is empty.
WFS_ERR_PTR_INKOUT	No stamping possible, stamping ink supply empty.
WFS_ERR_PTR_TONEROUT	Toner or ink supply is empty or printing
	contrast with ribbon is not sufficient.
WFS_ERR_PTR_SEQUENCEINVALID	Programming error. Invalid command
	sequence (e.g. <i>dwMediaControl</i> =
	WFS_PTR_CTRLPARK and park position
	is busy).
WFS_ERR_PTR_SOURCEINVALID	The selected paper source is not supported
	by the hardware.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIARETAINED	Media has been retracted in attempts to eject it. The device is clear and can be used.
WFS_ERR_PTR_BLACKMARK	Black mark detection has failed, nothing has
	been printed.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIASIZE	The media entered has an incorrect size and the media remains inside the device.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAREJECTED	The media was rejected during the insertion phase and no data has been printed. The WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAREJECTED execute event is posted with the details. The device is still operational.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIARETRACTED	Presented media was automatically retracted before all wads could be presented and before the command could complete successfully.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MSFERROR	An error occurred while writing the
WFS_ERR_PTR_NOMSF	magnetic stripe data. No magnetic stripe found; media may have been inserted or pulled through the wrong way.
In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref.	1], the following events can be generated by this
command:	,

Value	Meaning
WFS_EXEE_PTR_NOMEDIA	No media is present in the device.
WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAINSERTED	Media has been inserted into the device.
WFS_EXEE_PTR_FIELDERROR	A fatal error occurred while processing a field.
WFS_EXEE_PTR_FIELDWARNING	A non-fatal error occurred while processing a field.

Events

WFS_USRE_PTR_RETRACTBINTHRESHOLD

WIS_USKL_ITK_KETKACIDIUTIKLSIIO	
	The retract bin is full; operator intervention
	is required. Note that this event is sent only
	once, at the point at which the bin becomes
	full. It is sent with
	WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINFULL or
	WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINHIGH status.
WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN	The media has been taken by the user.
WFS_USRE_PTR_PAPERTHRESHOLD	The paper supply is low or empty; operator
	intervention is required. Note that this event
	is sent only once, at the point at which the
	supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with
	WFS PTR PAPERLOW or
	WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT status.
WFS_USRE_PTR_TONERTHRESHOLD	The toner or ink supply is low or empty or
WIS_USKE_IIK_IUKEKIIKESHOED	the printing contrast with ribbon is weak or
	not sufficient; operator intervention is
	required. Note that this event is sent only
	once, at the point at which the supply
	becomes low or empty. It is sent with
	WFS_PTR_TONERLOW or
	WFS_PTR_TONEROUT status.
WFS_USRE_PTR_INKTHRESHOLD	The stamping ink supply is low or empty;
	operator intervention is required. Note that
	this event is sent only once, at the point at
	which the supply becomes low or empty. It
	is sent with WFS_PTR_INKLOW or
	WFS_PTR_INKOUT status.
WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAPRESENTED	Media has been presented for removal. See
	section 11 for further details.
WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAREJECTED	The media has been rejected and presented
	back to the user. It is available at the
	entry/exit slot. When the media is removed,
	a WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN event
	will be sent.
WES SAVE ATA MEDIAAUTORETRACTE	TD

WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIAAUTORETRACTI

The presented media has been automatically retracted.

Comments All error codes (except WFS ERR PTR NOMEDIAPRESENT) and events listed under the WFS_CMD_PTR_CONTROL_MEDIA command description can also occur on this command.

> An invalid field name is treated as a WFS EXEE PTR FIELDWARNING event with WFS_PTR_FIELDNOTFOUND status. A WFS_EXEE_PTR_FIELDWARNING event is returned with WFS PTR FIELDOVERFLOW status if the data overflows the field, and the field definition OVERFLOW value is TRUNCATE, BESTFIT, OVERWRITE or WORDWRAP. Other field-related problems generate a field error return and event.

> The application will use lpszFields or lpszUNICODEFields as an input parameter, depending upon the Service Provider capabilities. Legacy (non-UNICODE aware) applications will only use the *lpszFields* field. UNICODE applications can use either the *lpszFields* or *lpszUNICODEFields* fields, provided the Service Provider is UNICODE compliant.

8.3 WFS_CMD_PTR_READ_FORM

Description This command is used to read data from input fields on the specified form. These input fields may consist of MICR, OCR, MSF, BARCODE, or PAGEMARK input fields. These input fields may also consist of TEXT fields for purposes of detecting available passbook print lines with passbook printers supporting such capability. If no media is present, the device waits for the period of time specified by the *dwTimeOut* parameter in the **WFSExecute** call for media to be inserted.

Input Param LPWFSPTRREADFORM lpReadForm;

typedef struct _wfs_ptr_read_form

1	
LPSTR	lpszFormName;
LPSTR	lpszFieldNames;
LPSTR	lpszMediaName;
DWORD	dwMediaControl;
} WFSPTRREADFORM,	*LPWFSPTRREADFORM;

lpszFormName

Pointer to the null-terminated name of the form.

lpszFieldNames

Pointer to a list of null-terminated field names from which to read input data, with the final name terminating with two null characters. If this value is NULL, then read data from all input fields on the form.

lpszMediaName

Pointer to the null-terminated media name. *lpszMediaName* is NULL if no media definition applies.

dwMediaControl

Specifies the manner in which the media should be handled after the reading was done and can be a combination of the flags described under WFS_CMD_PTR_CONTROL_MEDIA.

Output Param LPWFSPTRREADFORMOUT lpReadFormOut;

typedef struct _wfs_ptr_read_form_out
{

ι .	
LPSTR	lpszFields;
LPWSTR	lpszUNICODEFields;
} WFSPTRREADFORMOUT,	*LPWFSPTRREADFORMOUT;

lpszFields

Pointer to a series of "<FieldName>=<FieldValue>" strings, where each string is null-terminated with the entire field string terminating with two null characters. If the field is an index field, then the syntax of the string is instead "<FieldName>[<index>]=<FieldValue>", where <index> specifies the zero-based element of the index field.

lpszUNICODEFields

Pointer to a series of "<FieldName>=<FieldValue>" UNICODE strings, where each string is nullterminated with the entire field string terminating with two null characters. If the field is an index field, then the syntax of the string is instead "<FieldName>[<index>]=<FieldValue>", where <index> specifies the zero-based element of the index field.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PTR_FORMNOTFOUND	The specified form cannot be found.
WFS_ERR_PTR_READNOTSUPPORTED	The device has no read capability.
WFS_ERR_PTR_FIELDSPECFAILURE	The syntax of the <i>lpszFieldNames</i> member is invalid.
WFS_ERR_PTR_FIELDERROR	An error occurred while processing a field, causing termination of the print request. An execute event WFS_EXEE_PTR_FIELDERROR is posted with the details.

WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIANOTFOUND	The specified media definition cannot be found.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAINVALID	The specified media definition is invalid.
WFS ERR PTR FORMINVALID	The specified form definition is invalid.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIASKEWED	The media skew exceeded the limit in the form definition.
WFS_ERR_PTR_RETRACTBINFULL	The retract bin is full. No more media can be retracted. The current media is still in the device.
WFS_ERR_PTR_SHUTTERFAIL	Open or close of the shutter failed due to manipulation or hardware error.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAJAMMED	The media is jammed.
WFS_ERR_PTR_INKOUT	No stamping possible, stamping ink supply empty.
WFS_ERR_PTR_LAMPINOP	Imaging lamp is inoperative.
WFS_ERR_PTR_SEQUENCEINVALID	Programming error. Invalid command sequence (e.g. <i>dwMediaControl</i> =
	WFS_PTR_CTRLPARK and park position is busy).
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIASIZE	The media entered has an incorrect size.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAREJECTED	The media was rejected during the insertion phase. The
	WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAREJECTED
	execute event is posted with the details. The device is still operational.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MSFERROR	The MSF read operation specified by the
	forms definition could not be completed successfully due to invalid magnetic stripe data.
WES EDD DTD NOMSE	
WFS_ERR_PTR_NOMSF	No magnetic stripe found; media may have been inserted or pulled through the wrong
	way.

Events

ts In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_EXEE_PTR_NOMEDIA	No media is present in the device.
WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAINSERTED	Media has been inserted into the device.
WFS_EXEE_PTR_FIELDERROR	A fatal error occurred while processing a field.
WFS_EXEE_PTR_FIELDWARNING	A non-fatal error occurred while processing a field.
WFS_USRE_PTR_RETRACTBINTHRESH	OLD
	The retract bin is full; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the bin becomes full. It is sent with WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINFULL or WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINHIGH status.
WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN	The media has been taken by the user.
WFS_USRE_PTR_INKTHRESHOLD	The stamping ink supply is low or empty; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with WFS_PTR_INKLOW or WFS_PTR_INKOUT status.
WFS_USRE_PTR_LAMPTHRESHOLD	The imaging lamp is fading or inoperative; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the threshold is reached. It is sent with WFS_PTR_LAMPFADING or WFS_PTR_LAMPINOP status.

WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAREJECTED

The media has been rejected and presented back to the user. It is available at the entry/exit slot. When the media is removed, a WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN event will be sent.

Comments All error codes (except WFS_ERR_PTR_NOMEDIAPRESENT) and events listed under the WFS_CMD_PTR_CONTROL_MEDIA command description can also occur on this command.

The application will use *lpszFieldNames* as an input parameter. The Service Provider will return the data in *lpszUNICODEFields* or *lpszFields* depending on the capabilities of the Service Provider and form definition.

For passbook usage of the *lpszFields* and *lpszUNICODEFields* fields the following applies:

If the media type is PASSBOOK, and the field(s) type is TEXT, and the Service Provider and the underlying passbook printer are capable of detecting available passbook print lines, then the field(s) will be returned without a value, in the format "<FieldName>" or "<FieldName>[<index>]", if the field is available for passbook printing. Field(s) unavailable for passbook printing will not be returned. The Service Provider will examine the passbook text field(s) supplied in the *lpszFieldNames* string, and with the form/fields definition and the underlying passbook printer capability determine which fields should be available for passbook printing.

To illustrate when media type is PASSBOOK, if a form named PSBKTST1 contains 24 fields, one field per line, and the field names are LINE1 through LINE24 (same order as printing), and after execution of this command *lpszFields* contains fields LINE13 through LINE24, then the first print line available for passbook printing is line 13.

To illustrate another example when media type is PASSBOOK, if a form named PSBKTST2 contains 24 fields, one field per line, and the field names are LINE1 through LINE24 (same order as printing), and after execution of this command *lpszFields* contains fields LINE13, and LINE20 through LINE24 then the first print line available for passbook printing is line 13, however lines 14-19 are <u>not</u> also available, so if the application is attempting to determine the first available print line after which all subsequent print lines are also available then line 20 is a better choice.

8.4 WFS_CMD_PTR_RAW_DATA

Description This command is used to send raw data (a byte string of device dependent data) to the physical device.

Input Param LPWFSPTRRAWDATA lpRawData;

typedef struct _wfs_ptr_raw_data

{	
WORD	wInputData;
ULONG	ulSize;
LPBYTE	lpbData;
} WFSPTRRAWDATA,	*LPWFSPTRRAWDATA;

wInputData

Specifies that input data from the device is expected in response to sending the raw data (i.e. the data contains a command requesting data). Possible values are:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_NOINPUTDATA	No input data is expected.
WFS_PTR_INPUTDATA	Input data is expected.

ulSize

Specifies the size of the byte string passed to the device.

lpbData

Points to the byte string holding the device dependent data.

Output Param LPWFSPTRRAWDATAIN lpRawDataIn;

[used only if wInputData is set to WFS_PTR_INPUTDATA]

typedef struct _wfs_ptr_raw_data_in

ULONG ulSize;
LPBYTE lpbData;
} WFSPTRRAWDATAIN, *LPWFSPTRRAWDATAIN;

ulSize

Specifies the size of the byte string received from the device.

lpbData

Points to the byte string received from the device.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PTR_SHUTTERFAIL	Open or close of the shutter failed due to
	manipulation or hardware error.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAJAMMED	The media is jammed.
WFS_ERR_PTR_PAPERJAMMED	The paper is jammed.
WFS_ERR_PTR_PAPEROUT	The paper supply is empty.
WFS_ERR_PTR_TONEROUT	Toner or ink supply is empty or printing contrast with ribbon is not sufficient.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIARETAINED	Media has been retracted in attempts to ejec it. The device is clear and can be used.
WFS_ERR_PTR_BLACKMARK	Black mark detection has failed, nothing ha been printed.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIARETRACTED	Presented media was automatically retracte before all wads could be presented and before the command could complete successfully.

Events In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

	Value	Meaning	
	WFS_USRE_PTR_RETRACTBINTHRESHOLD		
		The retract bin is full or high; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the bin becomes full or high. It is sent with WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINFULL or WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINHIGH status.	
	WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN	The media has been taken by the user.	
	WFS_USRE_PTR_PAPERTHRESHOLD	The paper supply is low or empty; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW or WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT status.	
	WFS_USRE_PTR_TONERTHRESHOLD	The toner or ink supply is low or empty or the printing contrast with ribbon is weak or not sufficient; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with WFS_PTR_TONERLOW or WFS_PTR_TONEROUT status.	
	WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAPRESENTED	Media has been presented for removal. See section 11 for further details.	
	WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIAAUTORETRACTED		
		The presented media has been automatically retracted.	
Comments	Applications which send raw data to a device will Problems with the use of this command include:	typically not be device or vendor independent.	
1. The data sent to the device can include commands that change the state of the device in unpredictable ways (in particular, in ways that the Service Provider may not be aware of			

- 2. Usage of this command will not be portable.
- 3. This command violates the XFS forms model that is the basis of XFS printer access.

Thus usage of this command should be avoided whenever possible. If it is used, the usage should be carefully isolated from all other XFS access to the service by at least the **WFSLock** and **WFSUnlock** commands.

8.5 WFS_CMD_PTR_MEDIA_EXTENTS

Description	This command is used to get the extents of the media inserted in the physical device. The input parameter specifies the base unit and fractions in which the media extent values will be returned. If no media is present, the device waits for the period of time specified by the <i>dwTimeOut</i> parameter in the WFSExecute call for media to be inserted.		
Input Param	LPWFSPTRMEDIAUNIT lpMediaUnit;		
	<pre>typedef struct _wfs_ptr_media_unit { WORD wBase; WORD wUnitX; WORD wUnitY; } WFSPTRMEDIAUNIT, *LPWFSPTRMEDIAUNIT, *LPWFSPTRMEDIAUNIT, *Base</pre>	JNIT;	
	Specifies the base unit of measurement of the media and can be one of the following values:		
	Value	Meaning	
	WFS_FRM_INCH WFS_FRM_MM WFS_FRM_ROWCOLUMN	The base unit is inches. The base unit is millimeters. The base unit is rows and columns.	
	<i>wUnitX</i> Specifies the horizontal resolution of the base units as a fraction of the <i>wBase</i> value. For example, a value of 16 applied to the base unit WFS_FRM_INCH means that the base horizontal resolution is 1/16".		
	<i>wUnitY</i> Specifies the vertical resolution of the base units as a value of 10 applied to the base unit WFS_FRM_MM mm.		
Output Param	LPWFSPTRMEDIAEXT lpMediaExt;		
	<pre>typedef struct _wfs_ptr_media_ext { ULONG ulSizeX; ULONG ulSizeY; } WFSPTRMEDIAEXT, *LPWFSPTRMEDIAEX ulSizeX Specifies the width of the media in terms of the base ulSizeY Specifies the height of the media in terms of the base</pre>	e horizontal resolution.	
Error Codes	For Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:		
	Value WFS_ERR_PTR_EXTENTNOTSUPPORTED WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAJAMMED WFS_ERR_PTR_LAMPINOP WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIASIZE WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAREJECTED	Meaning The device cannot report extent(s). The media is jammed. Imaging lamp is inoperative. The media entered has an incorrect size and the media remains inside the device. The media was rejected during the insertion phase. The WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAREJECTED execute event is posted with the details. The device is still operational.	
Events	In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:		
	Value	Meaning	
	WFS_EXEE_PTR_NOMEDIA WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAINSERTED	No media is present in the device. Media has been inserted into the device.	

WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAREJECTEDThe media has been rejected and presented
back to the user. It is available at the
entry/exit slot. When the media is removed,
a WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN event
will be sent.WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKENThe media has been taken by the user.

Comments None.

8.6 WFS_CMD_PTR_RESET_COUNT

Description	This function resets the present value for number of media items retracted to zero. The function is possible only for printers with retract capability.	
	The number of media items retracted is controlled b resetting via the info command WFS_INF_PTR_ST	
Input Param	LPUSHORT lpusBinNumber;	
	<i>lpusBinNumber</i> Pointer to the number of the retract bin for which th number has to be between one and the number of bi bins will be set to zero.	
Output Param	None.	
Error Codes	Only the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.	
Events	In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:	
	Value	Meaning
	WFS_USRE_PTR_RETRACTBINTHRESHOLD	
		The status of the retract bin has changed from high or full to a good state. The event is sent with WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINOK status.
~		

Comments None.

8.7 WFS_CMD_PTR_READ_IMAGE

Description This function returns image data from the current media. If no media is present, the device waits for the period of time specified by the *dwTimeOut* parameter in the **WFSExecute** call for media to be inserted.

Input Param LPWFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST lpImageRequest;

typedef struct _wfs_ptr_image_request

{	
WORD	wFrontImageType;
WORD	wBackImageType;
WORD	wFrontImageColorFormat;
WORD	wBackImageColorFormat;
WORD	wCodelineFormat;
WORD	fwImageSource;
LPSTR	lpszFrontImageFile;
LPSTR	lpszBackImageFile;
} WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST,	<pre>, *LPWFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST;</pre>

wFrontImageType

Specifies the format of the front image returned by this command as one of the following flags (zero if source not selected):

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_IMAGETIF	The returned image is in TIF 6.0 format.
WFS_PTR_IMAGEWMF	The returned image is in WMF (Windows
	Metafile) format.
WFS_PTR_IMAGEBMP	The returned image is in BMP format.
WFS_PTR_IMAGEJPG	The returned image is in JPG format.

wBackImageType

Specifies the format of the back image returned by this command as one of the following flags (zero if source not selected):

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_IMAGETIF	The returned image is in TIF 6.0 format.
WFS_PTR_IMAGEWMF	The returned image is in WMF (Windows
	Metafile) format.
WFS_PTR_IMAGEBMP	The returned image is in BMP format.
WFS_PTR_IMAGEJPG	The returned image is in JPG format.

wFrontImageColorFormat

Specifies the color format of the requested front image as one of the following flags (zero if source not selected):

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY	The scanned images has to be returned in
	binary (image contains two colors, usually
	the colors black and white).
WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE	The scanned images has to be returned in
	gray scale (image contains multiple gray colors).
WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL	The scanned images has to be returned in
	full color (image contains colors like red, green, blue etc.).

wBackImageColorFormat

Specifies the color format of the requested back image as one of the following flags (zero if source not selected):

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY	The scanned images has to be returned in
	binary (image contains two colors, usually
	the colors black and white).

WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE

WFS PTR IMAGECOLORFULL

The scanned images has to be returned in gray scale (image contains multiple gray colors).

The scanned images has to be returned in full color (image contains colors like red, green, blue etc.).

wCodelineFormat

Specifies the code line (MICR data) format, as one of the following flags (zero if source not selected):

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7	Read CMC7 code line.
WFS_PTR_CODELINEE13B	Read E13B code line.
WFS_PTR_CODELINEOCR	Read code line using OCR.

fwImageSource

Specifies the source as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_IMAGEFRONT	The front image of the document is requested.
WFS_PTR_IMAGEBACK	The back image of the document is
WFS_PTR_CODELINE	requested. The code line of the document is requested.

lpszFrontImageFile

File specifying where to store the front image, e.g. "C:\Temp\FrontImage.bmp". If a NULL pointer is supplied then the front image data will be returned in the output parameter. This value is terminated with a single null character and cannot contain UNICODE characters.

To reduce the size of data sent between the Application and the Service Provider it is recommended to make use of this parameter.

lpszBackImageFile

File specifying where to store the back image, e.g. "C:\Temp\BackImage.bmp". If a NULL pointer is supplied then the back image data will be returned in the output structure. This value is terminated with a single null character and cannot contain UNICODE characters.

To reduce the size of data sent between the application and the Service Provider it is recommended to make use of this parameter.

Output Param LPWFSPTRIMAGE *lppImage;

Pointer to a NULL-terminated array of pointers to WFSPTRIMAGE structures, one array element for each image source requested.

typedef struct _wfs_ptr_image

1	
WORD	wImageSource;
WORD	wStatus;
ULONG	ulDataLength;
LPBYTE	lpbData;
<pre>} WFSPTRIMAGE,</pre>	*LPWFSPTRIMAGE;
LPBYTE	lpbData;

wImageSource

Specifies the source of the data returned by this command as one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_IMAGEFRONT	The front image of the document is
	requested.
WFS_PTR_IMAGEBACK	The back image of the document is
	requested.
WFS_PTR_CODELINE	The code line of the document is requested.

wStatus

Status of reading the image data. Possible values are:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_DATAOK	The data is OK.

WFS_PTR_DATASRCNOTSUPP

WFS_PTR_DATASRCMISSING

The data source to read from is not supported by the Service Provider. The data source to read from is missing, e.g. the Service Provider is unable to get the code line.

ulDataLength

Count of bytes of the following *lpbData*. Zero if the image source is WFS_PTR_IMAGEFRONT or WFS_PTR_IMAGEBACK and the image data has been stored to the hard disk (file name provided).

lpbData

Points to the image or codeline data. NULL pointer if the image source is WFS_PTR_IMAGEFRONT or WFS_PTR_IMAGEBACK and the image data has been stored to the hard disk (file name provided).

If the image source is WFS_PTR_CODELINE, *lpbData* contains characters in the ASCII range. If the code line was read using the OCR-A font then the ASCII codes will conform to Figure E1 in ANSI X3.17-1981. If the code line was read using the OCR-B font then the ASCII codes will conform to Figure C2 in ANSI X3.49-1975. In both these cases unrecognized characters will be reported as the REJECT code, 0x1A. The E13B and CMC7 fonts use the ASCII equivalents for the standard characters and use the byte values as reported by the

WFS_INF_PTR_CODELINE_MAPPING command for the symbols that are unique to MICR fonts.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PTR_SHUTTERFAIL	Open or close of the shutter failed due to
	manipulation or hardware error.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAJAMMED	The media is jammed; operator intervention
	is required.
WFS_ERR_PTR_FILE_IO_ERROR	Directory does not exist or a File IO error
	occurred while storing the image to the hard
	disk.
WFS_ERR_PTR_LAMPINOP	Imaging lamp is inoperative.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIASIZE	The media entered has an incorrect size and
	the media remains inside the device.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAREJECTED	The media was rejected during the insertion
	phase. The
	WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAREJECTED
	execute event is posted with the details. The
	device is still operational.

Events

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_EXEE_PTR_NOMEDIA	No media is present in the device.
WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAINSERTED	Media has been inserted into the device.
WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN	The media has been taken by the user.
WFS_USRE_PTR_LAMPTHRESHOLD WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAREJECTED	The imaging lamp is fading or inoperative; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the threshold is reached. It is sent with WFS_PTR_LAMPFADING or WFS_PTR_LAMPINOP status. The media has been rejected and presented back to the user. It is available at the entry/exit slot. When the media is removed,
	a WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN event will be sent.

WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIAAUTORETRACTED

The presented media has been automatically retracted.

Comments If the returned image data is in Windows bitmap format (BMP) and a file path for storing the image is not supplied, then the first byte of data will be the start of the Bitmap Info Header (this bitmap format is known as DIB, Device Independent Bitmap). The Bitmap File Info Header, which is only present in file versions of bitmaps, will NOT be returned. If the returned image data is in bitmap format (BMP) and a file path for storing the image is supplied, then the first byte of data in the stored file will be the Bitmap File Info Header.

8.8 WFS_CMD_PTR_RESET

Description This command is used by the application to perform a hardware reset which will attempt to return the PTR device to a known good state. This command does not over-ride a lock obtained on another application or service handle.

The device will attempt to retract or eject any items found anywhere within the device. This may not always be possible because of hardware problems. The

WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIADETECTED event will inform the application where items were actually moved to.

Input Param LPWFSPTRRESET lpReset;

Specifies where media should be moved to that is found in the device. If the application does not wish to specify a position it can set *lpReset* to NULL. In this case the Service Provider will determine where to move any items found.

typedef struct _wfs_ptr_reset

{
 dwMediaControl;
 USHORT usRetractBinNumber;
} WFSPTRRESET, *LPWFSPTRRESET;

dwMediaControl

Specifies the manner in which the media should be handled, as one of the following bit-flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT	Eject the media.
WFS_PTR_CTRLRETRACT	Retract the media to retract bin as specified
	in usRetractBinNumber.
WFS_PTR_CTRLEXPEL	Throw the media out of the exit slot.

usRetractBinNumber

Number of the retract bin the media is retracted to. This number has to be between one and the number of bins supported by this device. It is only relevant if *dwMediaControl* equals WFS_PTR_CTRLRETRACT.

Output Param None.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PTR_SHUTTERFAIL	Open or close of the shutter failed due to manipulation or hardware error.
WFS_ERR_PTR_RETRACTBINFULL	The retract bin is full; no more media can be retracted. The current media is still in the device.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAJAMMED	The media is jammed; operator intervention is required.
WFS_ERR_PTR_PAPERJAMMED	The paper is jammed.

Events

nts In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIADETECTED	A media is detected in the device during a
	reset operation.
WFS_USRE_PTR_RETRACTBINTHRESHO	LD
	The retract bin is full or high; operator
	intervention is required. Note that this event
	is sent only once, at the point at which the
	bin becomes full or high. It is sent with
	WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINFULL or
	WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINHIGH status.

WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIAAUTORETRACTED

WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAPRESENTED

The presented media has been automatically retracted. Media has been presented for removal. See section 11 for further details.

Comments This command is used by an application control program to cause a device to reset itself to a known good condition.

8.9 WFS_CMD_PTR_RETRACT_MEDIA

- **Description** The media is removed from its present position (media inserted into device, media entering, unknown position) and stored in one of the retract bins. An event is sent if the storage capacity of the specified retract bin is reached. If the bin is already full and the command cannot be executed, an error is returned and the media remains in its present position.
- **Input Param** LPUSHORT lpusBinNumber;

lpusBinNumber

Pointer to the number of one of the retract bins. This number has to be between one and the number of bins supported by this device. If *lpusBinNumber* points to a zero value, the media will be retracted to the transport. After it has been retracted to the transport, in a subsequent operation the media can be ejected again, or retracted to one of the retract bins.

Output Param LPUSHORT lpusBinNumber;

lpusBinNumber

Pointer to the number of the retract bin where the media has actually been deposited.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

	Value	Meaning
	WFS_ERR_PTR_NOMEDIAPRESENT	No media present on retract. Either there was no media present (in a position to be retracted from) when the command was called or the media was removed during the retract.
	WFS_ERR_PTR_RETRACTBINFULL	The retract bin is full; no more media can be retracted. The current media is still in the device.
	WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAJAMMED	The media is jammed; operator intervention is required.
Events	In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1] command:	, the following events can be generated by this
	Value	Meaning
	WFS_USRE_PTR_RETRACTBINTHRESHO	
		The retract bin is full; operator intervention
		is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the bin becomes
		full. It is sent with
		WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINFULL or
		WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINHIGH status.
Comments	If a retract request is received for a device with no WFS_ERR_UNSUPP_COMMAND error is return	

8.10 WFS_CMD_PTR_DISPENSE_PAPER

Description This command is used to move paper (which can also be a new passbook) from a paper source into the print position.

Input Param LPWORD lpwPaperSource;

lpwPaperSource

Pointer to the paper source to dispense from. Possible values are:

Meaning
Any paper source can be used; it is determined by the service.
Use the only paper source or the upper paper source, if there is more than one paper supply.
Use the lower paper source.
Use the external paper.
Use the auxiliary paper source.
Use the second auxiliary paper source.
Use the parking station paper source.

Output Param None.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PTR_PAPERJAMMED	The paper is jammed.
WFS_ERR_PTR_PAPEROUT	The paper supply is empty.
WFS_ERR_PTR_SEQUENCEINVALID	Programming error. Invalid command
	sequence (e.g. there is already media in the print position).
WFS_ERR_PTR_SOURCEINVALID	The selected paper source is not supported by the hardware.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIARETRACTED	Presented media was automatically retracted before all wads could be presented and before the command could complete successfully.

Events In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Meaning
The paper supply is low or empty; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW or WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT status.
Media has been presented for removal. See section 11 for further details.
ΈD
The presented media has been automatically retracted.

Comments N

8.11 WFS_CMD_PTR_SET_GUIDANCE_LIGHT

Description This command is used to set the status of the PTR guidance lights. This includes defining the flash rate and the color. When an application tries to use a color that is not supported then the Service Provider will return the generic error WFS ERR UNSUPP DATA.

Input Param LPWFSPTRSETGUIDLIGHT lpSetGuidLight;

> typedef struct _wfs_ptr_set_guidlight WORD wGuidLight;

DWORD dwCommand; } WFSPTRSETGUIDLIGHT, *LPWFSPTRSETGUIDLIGHT;

wGuidLight

Specifies the index of the guidance light to set as one of the values defined within the capabilities section.

dwCommand

Specifies the state of the guidance light indicator as WFS PTR GUIDANCE OFF or a combination of the following flags consisting of one type B, and optionally one type C. If no value of type C is specified then the default color is used. The Service Provider determines which color is used as the default color.

Value	Meaning	Туре
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_OFF	The light indicator is turned off.	А
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_SLOW_FLASH	The light indicator is set to	В
	flash slowly.	
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_MEDIUM_FLASH	The light indicator is set to	В
	flash medium frequency.	
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_QUICK_FLASH	The light indicator is set to	В
	flash quickly.	
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_CONTINUOUS	The light indicator is turned	В
	on continuously (steady).	
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_RED	The light indicator	С
	color is set to red.	
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_GREEN	The light indicator	С
	color is set to green.	_
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_YELLOW	The light indicator	С
	color is set to yellow.	~
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_BLUE	The light indicator	С
	color is set to blue.	a
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_CYAN	The light indicator	С
	color is set to cyan.	a
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_MAGENTA	The light indicator	С
	color is set to magenta.	a
WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_WHITE	The light indicator	С
	color is set to white.	

Output Param None.

Error Codes

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PTR_INVALID_PORT	An attempt to set a guidance light to a new value was invalid because the guidance light does not exist.

Events Only the generic events defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

Guidance light support was added into the PTR primarily to support guidance lights for Comments workstations where more than one instance of a PTR is present. The original SIU guidance light mechanism was not able to manage guidance lights for workstations with multiple PTRs. This command can also be used to set the status of the PTR guidance lights when only one instance of a PTR is present.

CWA 16374-3:2011 (E)

The slow and medium flash rates must not be greater than 2.0 Hz. It should be noted that in order to comply with American Disabilities Act guidelines only a slow or medium flash rate must be used.

8.12 WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_RAW_FILE

Description This command is used to print a file that contains a complete print job in the native printer language. This file will have been created through the Windows GDI print sub-system. The contents of this file are printer specific.

If no media is present, the device waits for the period of time specified by the *dwTimeOut* parameter in the **WFSExecute** call for media to be inserted from the external paper source.

This command must not complete until all pages have been presented to the customer.

Input Param LPWFSPTRPRINTRAWFILE lpPrintRawFile;

typedef struct _wfs_ptr_print_raw_file

í		
Γ	PSTR	lpszFileName;
DW	IORD	dwMediaControl;
DW	IORD	dwPaperSource;
}	WFSPTRPRINTRAWFILE,	<pre>, *LPWFSPTRPRINTRAWFILE;</pre>

lpszFileName

Pointer to the null-terminated file name. This is the full path and file name of the file to be printed. This value is terminated with a single null character and cannot contain UNICODE characters.

dwMediaControl

Specifies the manner in which the media should be handled after each page is printed, as a combination of the flags described under WFS_CMD_PTR_CONTROL_MEDIA. A zero value of this parameter means to do none of these actions, as when printing multiple pages on a single media item.

dwPaperSource

Specifies the paper source to use when printing. When the value is zero the Service Provider will determine the paper source that will be used. This parameter is ignored if there is already paper in the print position. Possible values are:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PAPERANY	Any paper source can be used; it is
	determined by the service.
WFS_PTR_PAPERUPPER	Use the only paper source or the upper paper
	source, if there is more than one paper
	supply.
WFS_PTR_PAPERLOWER	Use the lower paper source.
WFS_PTR_PAPEREXTERNAL	Use the external paper source (such as
	envelope tray or single sheet feed).
WFS_PTR_PAPERAUX	Use the auxiliary paper source.
WFS_PTR_PAPERAUX2	Use the second auxiliary paper source.
WFS_PTR_PAPERPARK	Use the parking station.

Output Param None.

Error Codes

Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PTR_FILENOTFOUND	The specified file cannot be found.
WFS_ERR_PTR_SHUTTERFAIL	Open or close of the shutter failed due to manipulation or hardware error.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAJAMMED	The media is jammed; operator intervention is required.
WFS_ERR_PTR_PAPERJAMMED	The paper is jammed.
WFS_ERR_PTR_PAPEROUT	The paper supply is empty.
WFS_ERR_PTR_TONEROUT	Toner or ink supply is empty or printing contrast with ribbon is not sufficient.
WFS_ERR_PTR_FILE_IO_ERROR	Directory does not exist or a File IO error occurred while processing the file.
WFS_ERR_PTR_NOMEDIAPRESENT	No media is present in the device.

WFS_ERR_PTR_FLUSHFAIL WFS_ERR_PTR_RETRACTBINFULL	The device was not able to flush data. The retract bin is full. No more media can be retracted. The current media is still in the device.
WFS_ERR_PTR_STACKERFULL	The internal stacker is full. No more media can be moved to the stacker.
WFS_ERR_PTR_PAGETURNFAIL	The device was not able to turn the page.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIATURNFAIL	The device was not able to turn the inserted media.
WFS_ERR_PTR_INKOUT	No stamping possible, stamping ink supply empty.
WFS_ERR_PTR_SEQUENCEINVALID	Programming error. Invalid command sequence (e.g. WFS_PTR_CTRLPARK and the parking station is busy).
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAOVERFLOW	The print request has overflowed the print media (e.g. print on a single sheet printer exceeded one page).
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIARETAINED	Media has been retracted in attempts to eject it. The device is clear and can be used.
WFS_ERR_PTR_BLACKMARK	Black mark detection has failed, nothing has been printed.
WFS_ERR_PTR_SOURCEINVALID	The selected paper source is not supported by the hardware.
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAREJECTED	The media was rejected during the insertion phase and no data has been printed. The WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAREJECTED execute event is posted with the details. The
WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIARETRACTED	device is still operational. Presented media was automatically retracted before all wads could be presented and before the command could complete successfully.

Events

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_EXEE_PTR_NOMEDIA	No media is present in the device.
WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAINSERTED	Media has been inserted into the device.
WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAPRESENTED	Media has been presented for removal. See section 11 for further details.
WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN	The media has been taken by the user.
WFS_USRE_PTR_PAPERTHRESHOLD	The paper supply is low or empty; operator
	intervention is required. Note that this event
	is sent only once, at the point at which the
	supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with
	WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW or
	WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT status.
WFS_USRE_PTR_TONERTHRESHOLD	The toner or ink supply is low or empty or
	the printing contrast with ribbon is weak or
	not sufficient; operator intervention is
	required. Note that this event is sent only
	once, at the point at which the supply
	becomes low or empty. It is sent with
	WFS_PTR_TONERLOW or
	WFS_PTR_TONEROUT status.
WFS_USRE_PTR_RETRACTBINTHRESHO	LD
	The retract bin is high or full; operator
	intervention is required. Note that this event
	is sent only once, at the point at which the
	bin becomes high or full. It is sent with
	WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINHIGH or
	WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINFULL status.

WFS_USRE_PTR_INKTHRESHOLD	The stamping ink supply is low or empty; operator intervention is required. Note that this event is sent only once, at the point at which the supply becomes low or empty. It is sent with WFS_PTR_INKLOW or
	WFS_PTR_INKOUT status.
WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAREJECTED	The media has been rejected and presented
	back to the user. It is available at the
	entry/exit slot. When the media is removed,
	a WFS SRVE PTR MEDIATAKEN event
	will be sent.
WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIAAUTORETRACTED)
	The presented modie has been sutemetically

The presented media has been automatically retracted.

Comments Printing of multiple pages is handled as described in section 11.

8.13 WFS_CMD_PTR_LOAD_DEFINITION

Description	This command is used to load a form (including sub-forms and frames) or media definition into the list of available forms. Once a form or media definition has been loaded through this command it can be used by any of the other form/media definition processing commands. Forms and media definitions loaded through this command are persistently available across re-boots. When a form or media definition is loaded a WFS_SRVE_PTR_DEFINITIONLOADED event is generated to inform applications that a form or media definition has been added or replaced.		
Input Param	LPWFSPTRLOADDEFINITION lpLoadDefinition	;;	
	<pre>typedef struct _wfs_ptr_load_definition { LPSTR lpszFileName BOOL bOverwrite; WFSPTRLOADDEFINITION, *LPWFSPTR</pre>	;	
	<i>lpszFileName</i> Pointer to the null-terminated file name. This is the full path and file name of the file to be loaded. This value is terminated with a single null character and cannot contain UNICODE characters. The file contains the form (including sub-forms and frames) or media definition in text format as described in the section 10 (ASCII or UNICODE). Only one form or media definition can be defined in the file.		
	<i>bOverwrite</i> Specifies if an existing form or media definition with is TRUE then an existing form or media definition the command fails with an error, where the definition FALSE this command will fail with an error if the f	with the same name will be replaced, unless on will remain unchanged. If this flag is	
Output Param	None.		
Error Codes	In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:		
	Value	Meaning	
	WFS_ERR_PTR_FILENOTFOUND	The specified file cannot be found.	
	WFS_ERR_PTR_FORMINVALID	The form is invalid.	
	WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAINVALID WFS_ERR_PTR_DEFINITIONEXISTS	The media definition is invalid. The specified form or media definition already exists and the <i>bOverwrite</i> flag was FALSE.	
Events	In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:		
	Value	Meaning	
	WFS_SRVE_PTR_DEFINITIONLOADED	A form or media definition has been loaded; an existing definition may have been modified by replacement.	
Comments	None.		

8.14 WFS_CMD_PTR_SUPPLY_REPLENISH

Description After the supplies have been replenished, this command is used to indicate that one or more supplies have been replenished and are expected to be in a healthy state.

Hardware that cannot detect the level of a supply and reports on the supply's status using metrics (or some other means), must assume the supply has been fully replenished after this command is issued. The appropriate threshold event must be broadcast.

Hardware that can detect the level of a supply must update its status based on its sensors, generate a threshold event if appropriate, and succeed the command even if the supply has not been replenished. If it has already detected the level and reported the threshold before this command was issued, the command must succeed and no threshold event is required.

Input Param LPWFSPTRSUPPLYREPLEN lpSupplyReplen;

typedef struct _wfs_ptr_supply_replen

{ WORD fwSupplyReplen; } WFSPTRSUPPLYREPLEN, *LPWFSPTRSUPPLYREPLEN;

fwSupplyReplen

Specifies the supply that was replenished as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_REPLEN_PAPERUPPER	The only paper supply or the upper paper supply was replenished.
WFS_PTR_REPLEN_PAPERLOWER	The lower paper supply was replenished.
WFS_PTR_REPLEN_PAPERAUX	The auxiliary paper supply was replenished.
WFS_PTR_REPLEN_PAPERAUX2	The second auxiliary paper supply was replenished.
WFS_PTR_REPLEN_TONER	The toner supply was replenished.
WFS_PTR_REPLEN_INK	The ink supply was replenished.
WFS_PTR_REPLEN_LAMP	The imaging lamp was replaced.

Output Param None.

Error Codes Only the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

Events In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_USRE_PTR_PAPERTHRESHOLD	This user event is used to specify that the state of the paper supply threshold has been cleared.
WFS_USRE_PTR_TONERTHRESHOLD	This user event is used to specify that the state of the toner (or ink) supply threshold has been cleared.
WFS_USRE_PTR_INKTHRESHOLD	This user event is used to specify that the state of the stamping ink supply threshold has been cleared.
WFS_USRE_PTR_LAMPTHRESHOLD	This user event is used to specify that the state of the imaging lamp threshold has been cleared.

Comments If any one of the specified supplies is not supported by a Service Provider, WFS_ERR_UNSUPP_DATA should be returned, and no replenishment actions will be taken by the Service Provider.

8.15 WFS_CMD_PTR_POWER_SAVE_CONTROL

Description	This command activates or deactivates the power-sa	iving mode.
	If the Service Provider receives another execute con Service Provider automatically exits the power savin command. If the Service Provider receives an inform the Service Provider will not exit the power saving the	ng mode, and executes the requested nation command while in power saving mode,
Input Param	LPWFSPTRPOWERSAVECONTROL lpPowerSav	veControl;
	typedef struct _wfs_ptr_power_save_cont { USHORT usMaxPowerSa } WFSPTRPOWERSAVECONTROL, *LPWFSP	veRecoveryTime;
	<i>usMaxPowerSaveRecoveryTime</i> Specifies the maximum number of seconds in which normal operating state when exiting power save mo possible power save mode within this constraint. If a then the device will exit the power saving mode.	de. The device will be set to the highest
Output Param	None.	
Error Codes	In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:	
	Value	Meaning
	WFS_ERR_PTR_POWERSAVETOOSHORT	The power saving mode has not been activated because the device is not able to resume from the power saving mode within the specified <i>usMaxPowerSaveRecoveryTime</i> value. ENT The power saving mode has not been activated because media is present inside the device.
Events	In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], command:	the following events can be generated by this
	Value	Meaning
	WFS_SRVE_PTR_POWER_SAVE_CHANGE	The power save recovery time has changed.
Comments	None.	

8.16 WFS_CMD_PTR_CONTROL_PASSBOOK

Description	This command can turn the pages of a passbook inspages in a specified direction and it can close the pathwwwes, DVE, DTP, CAPAPU ITUES, apagified whi	assbook. The fwControlPassbook field returned
	by WFS_INF_PTR_CAPABILITIES specifies which flushes the data before the pages are turned or the p	
Input Param	LPWFSPTRCONTROLPASSBOOK lpControlPass	sbook;
	typedef struct _wfs_ptr_control_passbo	ok
	{ WORD wAction;	
	USHORT usCount;	
	<pre>} WFSPTRCONTROLPASSBOOK, *LPWFSPT</pre>	RCONTROLPASSBOOK ;
	wAction Specifies the direction of the page turn as one of the	e following values:
	Value	-
	WFS_PTR_PBKCTRLTURNFORWARD	Meaning Turns forward the pages of the passbook.
	WFS_PTR_PBKCTRLTURNBACKWARD	Turns backward the pages of the passbook.
	WFS_PTR_PBKCTRLCLOSEFORWARD	Close the passbook forward.
	WFS_PTR_PBKCTRLCLOSEBACKWARD	Close the passbook backward.
	usCount	
	Specifies the number of pages to be turned. In the c	
	WFS_PTR_PBKCTRLCLOSEFORWARD or WFS field will be ignored.	5_FIR_PBRCIRECIOSEBACKWARD, uns
Output Param	•	
Error Codes	In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Re	ef. 1], the following error codes can be
	generated by this command:	
	Value	Meaning
	WFS_ERR_PTR_NOMEDIAPRESENT	No media present in a position where it
		should be or the media was removed during the operation.
	WFS_ERR_PTR_PAGETURNFAIL	The device was not able to turn the page.
	WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAJAMMED	The media is jammed. Operator intervention
	WFS_ERR_PTR_PASSBOOKCLOSED	is required. There were fewer pages left than specified to
	W15_EKK_I IK_I ASSBOOKCEOSED	turn. As a result of the operation, the
		passbook has been closed.
	WFS_ERR_PTR_LASTORFIRSTPAGEREAC	
		The printer cannot close the passbook because there were fewer pages left than
		specified to turn. As a result of the operation,
		the last or the first page has been reached
		and is open.
	WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIASIZE	The media has an incorrect size.
Events Comments	WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIASIZE Only the generic events defined in [Ref. 1] can be g	The media has an incorrect size.

9. Events

9.1 WFS_EXEE_PTR_NOMEDIA

Description This event specifies that the physical media must be inserted into the device in order for the execute command to proceed.

Event Param LPSTR lpszUserPrompt;

lpszUserPrompt Pointer to a null-terminated user prompt string from the form definition. NULL will be returned if either a form does not define a value for the user prompt or the event is being generated as the result of a command that does not use forms.

Comments The application may use the *lpszUserPrompt* in any manner it sees fit, for example it might display the string to the operator, along with a message that the media should be inserted.

9.2 WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAINSERTED

Description This event specifies that the physical media has been inserted into the device.

Event Param None.

Comments The application may use this event to, for example, remove a message box from the screen telling the user to insert a form.

9.3 WFS_EXEE_PTR_FIELDERROR

Description This event specifies that a fatal error has occurred while processing a field.

Event Param LPWFSPTRFIELDFAIL lpFieldFail;

typedef struct _wfs_ptr_field_failure

{	
LPSTR	lpszFormName;
LPSTR	lpszFieldName;
WORD	wFailure;
} WFSPTRFIELDFAIL,	*LPWFSPTRFIELDFAIL;

lpszFormName Points to the null-terminated form name.

lpszFieldName Points to the null-terminated field name.

wFailure

Specifies the type of failure and can be one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_FIELDREQUIRED	The specified field must be supplied by the application.
WFS_PTR_FIELDSTATICOVWR	The specified field is static and thus cannot be overwritten by the application.
WFS_PTR_FIELDOVERFLOW	The value supplied for the specified fields is too long.
WFS_PTR_FIELDNOTFOUND	The specified field does not exist.
WFS_PTR_FIELDNOTREAD	The specified field is not an input field.
WFS_PTR_FIELDNOTWRITE	An attempt was made to write to an input field.
WFS_PTR_FIELDHWERROR	The specified field uses special hardware (e.g. OCR, Low/High coercivity, etc) and an error occurred.
WFS_PTR_FIELDTYPENOTSUPPORTED	The form field type is not supported with device.
WFS_PTR_FIELDGRAPHIC	The specified graphic image could not be printed.
WFS_PTR_CHARSETFORM	Service Provider does not support character set specified in form.

Comments None.

9.4 WFS_EXEE_PTR_FIELDWARNING

 Description
 This event is used to specify that a non-fatal error has occurred while processing a field.

 Event Param
 LPWFSPTRFIELDFAIL lpFieldFail; As defined in the section describing WFS_EXEE_PTR_FIELDERROR.

 Comments
 None.

9.5 WFS_USRE_PTR_RETRACTBINTHRESHOLD

Description This event specifies that the status of the retract bin holding the retracted media has changed. **Event Param** LPWFSPTRBINTHRESHOLD lpBinThreshold; typedef struct _wfs_ptr_bin_threshold USHORT usBinNumber; WORD wRetractBin; } WFSPTRBINTHRESHOLD, *LPWFSPTRBINTHRESHOLD; usBinNumber Number of the retract bin for which the status has changed. wRetractBin Specifies the current state of the retract bin as one of the following values: Value Meaning WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINOK The retract bin of the printer is in a good state. WFS PTR RETRACTBINFULL The retract bin of the printer is full. WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINHIGH The retract bin of the printer is high. **Comments** None.

9.6 WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN

Description	This event is sent when the media is taken from the exit slot following the completion of a successful eject operation or following a WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAREJECTED event.
Event Param	None.

Comments Note that since this event can occur after the completion of a function that includes a media eject, it is not an execute event.

9.7 WFS_USRE_PTR_PAPERTHRESHOLD

Description This user event is used to specify that the state of the paper reached a threshold. There is no threshold defined for the parking station as this can contain only one paper item.

Event Param LPWFSPTRPAPERTHRESHOLD lpPaperThreshold;

typedef struct _wfs_ptr_paper_threshold

{
WORD wPaperSource;
WORD wPaperThreshold;
} WFSPTRPAPERTHRESHOLD, *LPWFSPTRPAPERTHRESHOLD;

wPaperSource

Specifies the paper sources as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PAPERUPPER	The only paper source or the upper paper
	source, if there is more than one paper
	supply.
WFS_PTR_PAPERLOWER	The lower paper source.
WFS_PTR_PAPEREXTERNAL	The external paper source (such as envelope
	tray or single sheet feed).
WFS_PTR_PAPERAUX	The auxiliary paper source.
WFS_PTR_PAPERAUX2	The second auxiliary paper source.

wPaperThreshold

Specifies the current state of the paper source as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_PAPERFULL	The paper in the paper source is in a good
	state.
WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW	The paper in the paper source is low.
WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT	The paper in the paper source is out.

Comments

None.

9.8 WFS_USRE_PTR_TONERTHRESHOLD

Description This user event is used to specify that the state of the toner (or ink) reached a threshold.

Event Param LPWORD lpwTonerThreshold;

None.

lpwTonerThreshold

Specifies the current state of the toner (or ink) as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_TONERFULL	The toner (or ink) in the printer is in a good
	state.
WFS_PTR_TONERLOW	The toner (or ink) in the printer is low.
WFS_PTR_TONEROUT	The toner (or ink) in the printer is out.

Comments

9.9 WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIAINSERTED

Description	This event specifies that the physical media has been inserted into the device without any read or		
	print execute commands being executed. This event is only generated when media is entered in		
	unsolicited manner.		

Event Param None.

Comments None.

9.10 WFS_USRE_PTR_LAMPTHRESHOLD

Description This user event is used to specify that the state of the imaging lamp reached a threshold.

Event Param LPWORD lpwLampThreshold;

None.

lpwLampThreshold

Specifies the current state of the imaging lamp as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_LAMPOK	The imaging lamp is in a good state.
WFS_PTR_LAMPFADING	The imaging lamp is fading and should be
	changed.
WFS_PTR_LAMPINOP	The imaging lamp is inoperative.

Comments

9.11 WFS_USRE_PTR_INKTHRESHOLD

Description This user event is used to specify that the state of the stamping ink reached a threshold.

Event Param LPWORD lpwInkThreshold;

lpwInkThreshold

None.

Specifies the current state of the stamping ink as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_INKFULL	The stamping ink in the printer is in a good
	state.
WFS_PTR_INKLOW	The stamping ink in the printer is low.
WFS_PTR_INKOUT	The stamping ink in the printer is out.

Comments

9.12 WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIADETECTED

Description This event is generated when a media is detected in the device during a reset operation.

Event Param LPWFSPTRMEDIADETECTED lpMediaDetected;

typedef struct _wfs_ptr_media_detected

{ WORD wPosition; USHORT usRetractBinNumber; } WFSPTRMEDIADETECTED, *LPWFSPTRMEDIADETECTED;

wPosition

Specifies the media position after the reset operation, as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_MEDIARETRACTED	The media was retracted during the reset operation.
WFS_PTR_MEDIAPRESENT	The media is in the print position or on the stacker.
WFS_PTR_MEDIAENTERING	The media is in the exit slot.
WFS_PTR_MEDIAJAMMED	The media is jammed in the device.
WFS_PTR_MEDIAUNKNOWN	The media is in an unknown position.
WFS_PTR_MEDIAEXPELLED	The media was expelled during the reset operation.

usRetractBinNumber

Number of the retract bin the media was retracted to. This number has to be between one and the number of bins supported by this device. It is only relevant if *wPosition* equals WFS_PTR_MEDIARETRACTED.

Comments None.

9.13 WFS_SRVE_PTR_RETRACTBINSTATUS

 Description
 This event specifies that the status of the retract bin has changed.

 Event Param
 LPWFSPTRBINSTATUS lpBinStatus;

 typedef struct _wfs_ptr_bin_status
 {

 USHORT
 usBinNumber;

 WORD
 wRetractBin;

 WFSPTRBINSTATUS, *LPWFSPTRBINSTATUS;

 usBinNumber

 Number of the retract bin for which the status has changed.

 wRetractBin

 Specifies the current state of the retract bin as one of the following values:

 Value
 Meaning

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_RETRACTBININSERTED	The retract bin has been inserted.
WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINREMOVED	The retract bin has been removed.

Comments

None.

79

9.14 WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAPRESENTED

Description This event is used to indicate when media has been presented to the customer for removal.

Event Param LPWFSPTRMEDIAPRESENTED lpMediaPresented;

typedef struct _wfs_ptr_media_presented

USHORT usWadIndex;
USHORT usTotalWads;
WFSPTRMEDIAPRESENTED, *LPWFSPTRMEDIAPRESENTED;

usWadIndex

Specifies the index (starting from one) of the presented wad, where a Wad is a bunch of one or more pages presented as a bunch.

usTotalWads

Specifies the total number of wads in the print job, zero if the total number of wads is not known.

Comments None.

9.15 WFS_SRVE_PTR_DEFINITIONLOADED

Description This event is used to indicate when a form or media definition has successfully been loaded via the WFS_CMD_PTR_LOAD_DEFINITION command.

Event Param LPWFSPTRDEFINITIONLOADED lpDefinitionLoaded;

typedef struct _wfs_ptr_definition_loaded

{
LPSTR lpszDefinitionName;
DWORD dwDefinitionType;
} WFSPTRDEFINITIONLOADED, *LPWFSPTRDEFINITIONLOADED;

lpszDefinitionName Specifies the name of the form or media just loaded.

dwDefinitionType

None.

Specifies the type of definition loaded. This field can be one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_FORMLOADED	The form identified by <i>lpszDefinitionName</i>
	has been loaded.
WFS_PTR_MEDIALOADED	The media identified by <i>lpszDefinitionName</i>
	has been loaded.

Comments

9.16 WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAREJECTED

Description This event is generated as a result of physical media that is rejected whenever an attempt is made to insert media into the physical device. Rejection of the media will cause the command currently executing to complete with a WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAREJECTED error, at which point the media should be removed.

Event Param LPWFSPTRMEDIAREJECTED lpMediaRejected;

typedef struct _wfs_ptr_media_rejected

{
 WORD wMediaRejected;
} WFSPTRMEDIAREJECTED, *LPWFSPTRMEDIAREJECTED;

wMediaRejected

Specifies the reason for rejecting the media as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PTR_REJECT_SHORT	The rejected media was too short.
WFS_PTR_REJECT_LONG	The rejected media was too long.
WFS_PTR_REJECT_MULTIPLE	The media was rejected due to insertion of multiple documents.
WFS_PTR_REJECT_ALIGN	The media could not be aligned and was rejected.
WFS_PTR_REJECT_MOVETOALIGN	The media could not be transported to the align area and was rejected.
WFS_PTR_REJECT_SHUTTER	The media was rejected due to the shutter failing to close.
WFS_PTR_REJECT_ESCROW	The media was rejected due to problems transporting media to the escrow position.
WFS_PTR_REJECT_THICK WFS_PTR_REJECT_OTHER	The rejected media was too thick. The media was rejected due to a reason other than those listed above.

Comments The application may use this event to (for example) display a message box on the screen indicating why the media was rejected, and telling the user to remove and reinsert the media.

9.17 WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIAPRESENTED

Description This event is used to indicate when media has been presented to the customer for removal as a result of a print operation through some non XFS interface.

Event Param LPWFSPTRMEDIAPRESENTED lpMediaPresented;

typedef struct _wfs_ptr_media_presented

{
USHORT usWadIndex;
USHORT usTotalWads;
} WFSPTRMEDIAPRESENTED, *LPWFSPTRMEDIAPRESENTED;

usWadIndex

Specifies the index (starting from one) of the presented wad, where a Wad is a bunch of one or more pages presented as a bunch.

usTotalWads Specifies the total number of wads in the print job, zero if the total number of wads is not known.

Comments None.

9.18 WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIAAUTORETRACTED

Description This event indicates when media has been automatically retracted by the device. Support for this event is indicated when the *usAutoRetractPeriod* field of the WFS_INF_PTR_CAPABILITIES output structure is non-zero. The event can be generated as the result of any command that presents media to the customer.

Event Param LPWFSPTRMEDIARETRACTED lpMediaRetracted

typedef struct _wfs_ptr_media_retracted

	l		
1	WORD	wRe	etractResult;
1	USHORT	usl	BinNumber;
	} WFSPTRMEDIARETRACT	ED,	*LPWFSPTRMEDIARETRACTED;

wRetractResult

Specifies the result of the automatic retraction, as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning	
WFS_PTR_AUTO_RETRACT_OK	The media was retracted successfully.	
WFS_PTR_AUTO_RETRACT_MEDIAJAMMED		
	The media is jammed.	

usBinNumber

None.

Number of the retract bin the media was retracted to. This number has to be between one and the number of bins supported by this device. This value is zero if *wRetractResult* is WFS_PTR_AUTO_RETRACT_MEDIAJAMMED.

Comments

9.19 WFS_SRVE_PTR_DEVICEPOSITION

Description	This service event reports that the device has changed its position status.					
Event Param	LPWFSPTRDEVICEPOSITION lpDevicePosition;					
	typedef struct _wfs_ptr_device_position { WORD wPosition; } WFSPTRDEVICEPOSITION, *LPWFSPTRDEVICEPOSITION;					
	<i>wPosition</i> Position of the device as one of the following values:					
	Value Meaning					
	WFS_PTR_DEVICEINPOSITIONThe device is in its normal operating position.WFS_PTR_DEVICENOTINPOSITIONThe device has been removed from its normal operating position.					
	WFS_PTR_DEVICEPOSUNKNOWN The position of the device cannot be determined.					
Comments	None.					

9.20 WFS_SRVE_PTR_POWER_SAVE_CHANGE

Description	This service event specifies that the power save recovery time has changed.		
Event Param	LPWFSPTRPOWERSAVECHANGE lpPowerSaveChange;		
	typedef struct _wfs_ptr_power_save_change { USHORT usPowerSaveRecoveryTime; } WFSPTRPOWERSAVECHANGE, *LPWFSPTRPOWERSAVECHANGE;		
	<i>usPowerSaveRecoveryTime</i> Specifies the actual number of seconds required by the device to resume its normal operational state. This value is zero if the device exited the power saving mode.		
a ,			

Comments If another device class compounded with this device enters into a power saving mode this device will automatically enter into the same power saving mode and this event will be generated.

10. Form, Sub-Form, Field, Frame, Table and Media Definitions

This section outlines the format of the definitions of forms, the fields within them, optional tables and fields within the form, and the media on which they are printed.

10.1 Definition Syntax

The syntactic rules for form, field and media definitions are as follows:

٠	White space	space, tab
•	Line continuation	backslash (\)
•	Line termination	CR, LF, CR/LF; line termination ends a "keyword section" (a keyword and its value[s])
•	Keywords	must be all upper case
•	Names	(field/media/font names) any case; case is preserved; Service Providers are case sensitive
•	Strings	all strings must be enclosed in double quote characters ("); standard C escape sequences are allowed.
•	Comments	start with two forward slashes (//), end at line termination

Other notes:

- The values of a keyword are separated by commas.
- If a keyword is present, all its values must be specified; default values are used only if the keyword is absent.
- Values that are character strings are marked with asterisks in the definitions below, and must be quoted as specified above.
- The order of attributes within the forms is not mandatory and the attributes may be defined in any order.
- All forms can be represented using either ISO 646 (ANSI) or UNICODE character encoding. If the UNICODE representation is used then all Names and Strings are restricted to an internal representation of ISO 646 (ANSI) characters. Only the INITIALVALUE and FORMAT keyword values can have double byte values outside of the ISO 646 (ANSI) character set.
- If forms character encoding is UNICODE then, consistent with the UNICODE standard, the file prefix must be in Little Endian (0xFFFE) or Big Endian (0xFEFF) notation, such that UNICODE encoding is recognized.

10.2 Form and Media Measurements

The UNIT keyword sections of the form and media definitions specify the base horizontal and vertical resolution as follows:

- The *base* value specifies the base unit of measurement.
- The x and y values specify the horizontal and vertical resolution as fractions of the base value (e.g. an x value of 10 and a base value of MM means that the base horizontal resolution is 0.1mm).

The base resolutions thus defined by the UNIT keyword section of the XFSFORM definition are used as the units of the form definition keyword sections:

- SIZE (*width* and *height* values)
- ALIGNMENT (*xoffset* and *yoffset* values)

and of the sub-form definition keyword sections:

- POSITION (*x* and *y* values)
- SIZE (*width* and *height* values)

and of the field definition keyword sections:

- POSITION (*x* and *y* values)
- SIZE (*width* and *height* values)
- INDEX (*xoffset* and *yoffset* values)

and of the frame definition keyword sections:

- POSITION (*x* and *y* values)
- SIZE (*width* and *height* values)
- REPEATONX (xoffset value)
- REPEATONY (*yoffset* value)

The base resolutions thus defined by the UNIT keyword section of the XFSMEDIA definition are used as the units of the media definition keyword sections:

- SIZE (*width* and *height* values)
- PRINTAREA (*x*, *y*, *width* and *height* values)
- RESTRICTED (*x*, *y*, *width* and *height* values)

NOTE: The origin for coordinate based systems is (0,0). The origin for row/column based systems can be (0,0) or (1,1) and must be configurable within the Service Provider.

10.3 Form Definition¹

XFSFORM		formname*	
BEGIN		1	
(required)	UNIT	base,	Base resolution unit for form definition: MM INCH ROWCOLUMN
		<i>x</i> , <i>y</i>	Horizontal base unit fraction Vertical base unit fraction
(required)	SIZE	width,	Width of form
(required)	SILL	height	Height of form
	ALIGNMENT	alignment,	Alignment of the form on the physical media: TOPLEFT (default) TOPRIGHT BOTTOMLEFT BOTTOMRIGHT This option allows the positioning of a form onto a physical page relative to any combination of the edges of the physical media, to support the variations in how devices sense the edge of page for positioning purposes.
		xoffset,	Horizontal offset relative to the horizontal alignment specified by alignment. Always specified as a positive value (i.e. if aligned to the right side of the media, means offset the form to the left). (default = 0) Vertical offset relative to the vertical alignment specified by
		yoffset	alignment. Always specified as a positive value (i.e. if aligned to the bottom of the media, means offset the form upward). (default = 0)
	ORIENTATION	type	Orientation of form: PORTRAIT (default) LANDSCAPE
	SKEW	skewfactor	Maximum skew factor in degrees (default = 0)
	VERSION	major, minor, date*, author*	Major version number Minor version number Creation/modification date Author of form
(required)	LANGUAGE	languageID	Language used in this form - a 16 bit value (LANGID) which is a combination of a primary (10 bits) and a secondary (6 bits) language ID (This is the standard language ID in the Win32 API; standard macros support construction and decomposition of this composite ID)
	СРІ	cpi	Characters per inch. This value specifies the default CPI within the form. When the ROWCOLUMN unit is used, the form CPI and LPI are used to calculate the position and size of all fields within a form, irrespective of the CPI and LPI of the fields themselves.
	LPI	lpi	Lines per inch. This value specifies the default LPI within the form. When the ROWCOLUMN unit is used, the form CPI and LPI are used to calculate the position and size of all fields within a form, irrespective of the CPI and LPI of the fields themselves.
	POINTSIZE	pointsize	This value specifies the default POINTSIZE within the form.
	COPYRIGHT	copyright*	Copyright entry
	TITLE	title*	Title of form
	COMMENT	comment*	Comment section
	USERPROMPT	prompt*	Prompt string for user interaction

¹ Attributes are not required in any mandatory order within a Form definition.

		(* 11 ×	
	[XFSFIELD	fieldname*	One field definition (as defined in the next section) for each
			field in the form
	BEGIN		
	 END]		
	[XFSFRAME	framename*	One frame definition (as defined in the next section) for each frame in the form
	BEGIN		
	 END]		
	[XFSSUBFORM	subformname*	One subform definition (as defined in the next section) for
	-		each subform in the form
	BEGIN		
	END]		
END			

10.4 SubForm Definition²

XFSSUBFORM		subformname*	
		subjornmune	
BEGIN			
(required)	POSITION	$\begin{array}{c} X, \\ Y \ or \ (Y, \ Z) \end{array}$	Horizontal position (relative to left side of form) Vertical position (relative to top of form). Format (Y, Z) is used to indicate vertical positioning
			relative to top of form when top of form is other than 1 st
			page of form, where Z indicates page number (relative to 0)
			and Y indicates base resolution units relative to top of the
			form page number (as indicated by Z).
			Format Y is used to indicate vertical positioning relative to
			top of the 1 st form page.
(required)	SIZE	width,	Width of subform. Width must not exceed width of form.
		height	Height of subform. Height must not exceed height of form.
	[XFSFIELD	fieldname*	One field definition (as defined in the next section) for each
			field in the subform
	BEGIN		
	 END]		
	-	C*	One frame definition (on defined in the next contion) for
	[XFSFRAME	framename*	One frame definition (as defined in the next section) for each frame in the subform
	BEGIN		
	 END]		
END			

The XFSSUBFORM definition provides a means to isolate a selected area of a form where the user may want to have a select group of fields, frames, and/or running headers and footers. All field and frame definitions within a subform are relative to the POSITION of the subform. A form definition with an imbedded subform will have a series of statements illustrated as follows:

XFSFORM BEGIN * * XFSSUBFORM BEGIN XFSFIELD BEGIN * * END XFSFIELD BEGIN * * END END END

² Attributes are not required in any mandatory order within a SubForm definition.

10.5 Field Definition ³

XFSFIELD		fieldname*	
BEGIN		5	
(required)	POSITION	X, Y or (Y, Z)	 Horizontal position (relative to left side of form/subform). Vertical position (relative to top of form/subform). Format (Y, Z) is used to indicate vertical positioning relative to top of form/subform when top of form/subform is other than 1st page of form/subform, where Z indicates page number (relative to 0) and Y indicates base resolution units relative to top of the form/subform page number (as indicated by Z). Format Y is used to indicate vertical positioning relative to top of the 1st form/subform.
	FOLLOWS	fieldname*	Print this field directly following the field with the name <fieldname>; positioning information is ignored. See the description of WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_FORM. If FOLLOWS is omitted then fields are printed in the order that they appear in the form definition.</fieldname>
	HEADER	N N-N	This field is either a form/subform header field. N represents a form/subform page number (relative to 0) the header field is to print within. N-N represents a form/subform page number range the header field is to print within. Combinations of N and N-N may exist separated by commas.
		ALL	ALL indicates that header field is to be printed on all pages of form/subform. The form/subform page number is intended to supplement the Z parameter of the POSITION keyword. For example 0,2-4,6 indicates that the header field is to print on relative form/subform pages 0, 2, 3, 4, and 6.
	FOOTER	N N-N All	This field is either a form/subform footer field. N represents a form/subform page number (relative to 0) the footer field is to print within. N-N represents a form/subform page number range the footer field is to print within. Combinations of N and N-N may exist separated by commas. ALL indicates that footer field is to be printed on all pages of form/subform. The form/subform page number is intended to supplement the Z parameter of the POSITION keyword. For example 0,2-4,6 indicates that the footer field is to print on relative form/subform pages 0, 2, 3, 4, and 6.
	SIDE	side	Side of form where field is positioned: FRONT (default) BACK
(required)	SIZE	width, height	Field width Field height
	INDEX	repeatcount, xoffset, yoffset	Count how often this field is repeated in the form, INDEX fields are fixed length. (default is no INDEX field) Horizontal offset for next field Vertical offset for next field

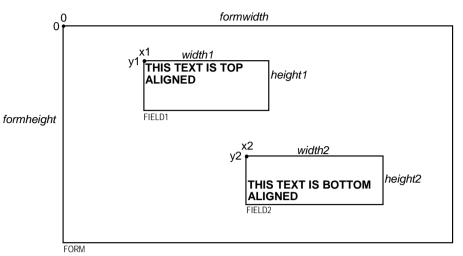
³ Attributes are not required in any mandatory order within a Field definition.

		C 11	
	TYPE	fieldtype	Type of field:
			TEXT (default)
			MICR
			OCR
			MSF
			BARCODE
			GRAPHIC
			PAGEMARK
	SCALING	scalingtype	Information on how to size the GRAPHIC within the field:
		seannsippe	BESTFIT (default) scale to size indicated
			ASIS render at native size
			MAINTAINASPECT
			scale as close as possible to size
			indicated while maintaining the
			aspect ratio and not losing graphic
			information.
		.	SCALING is only relevant for GRAPHIC field types.
	BARCODE	hriposition	Position of the HRI (Human Readable Interpretation)
			characters:
			NONE (default)
			ABOVE
			BELOW
			BOTH
			The type of barcode to print is defined in the FONT field.
	COERCIVITY	coercivity	Coercivity to be used for writing to the magnetic stripe:
			AUTO (default) decided by the Service
			Provider or the hardware
			LOW low coercivity
			HIGH high coercivity
			COERCIVITY is only relevant for MSF field types.
	CLASS	class	Field class:
	CLADO	CIUSS	OPTIONAL (default)
			STATIC
			REQUIRED
	ACCESS	access	Access rights of field:
			WRITE (default)
			READ
			READWRITE
	OVERFLOW	overflow	Action on field overflow:
			TERMINATE (default)
			TRUNCATE
			BESTFIT (the Service Provider fits the data
			into the field as well as it can)
			OVERWRITE (a contiguous write)
			WORDWRAP
L	I		

	. 7	
CASE	style	Display attributes as a combination of the following, ORed together using the " " operator: NORMAL (default) BOLD ITALIC UNDER (single underline) DOUBLEUNDER (double underline) DOUBLE (double width) TRIPLE (triple width) QUADRUPLE (quadruple width) STRIKETHROUGH ROTATE90 (rotate 90 degrees clockwise) ROTATE270 (rotate 270 degrees clockwise) UPSIDEDOWN (upside down) PROPORTIONAL (proportional spacing) DOUBLEHIGH TRIPLEHIGH QUADRUPLEHIGH CONDENSED SUPERSCRIPT SUBSCRIPT OVERSCORE LETTERQUALITY NEARLETTERQUALITY DOUBLESTRIKE OPAQUE (If omitted then default attribute is transparent) Some of these Styles may be mutually exclusive, or may combine to provide unexpected results.
	cuse	NOCHANGE (default) UPPER LOWER
HORIZON	TAL justify	Horizontal alignment of field contents: LEFT (default) RIGHT CENTER JUSTIFY
VERTICA	L justify	Vertical alignment of field contents: BOTTOM (default) CENTER TOP
COLOR	color	Color name: BLACK (default) WHITE GRAY RED BLUE GREEN YELLOW
RGBCOLO	DR <i>R</i> , <i>G</i> , <i>B</i>	Color in RGB 8 bits per color format: R - Red portion of the RGB value 0-255. G - Green portion of the RGB value 0-255. B - Blue portion of the RGB value 0-255. RGBCOLOR overrides the COLOR attribute.
	GE languageID	Language used in this field - a 16 bit value (LANGID) which is a combination of a primary (10 bits) and a secondary (6 bits) language ID (This is the standard language ID in the Win32 API; standard macros support construction and decomposition of this composite ID). If unspecified defaults to form definition LANGUAGE specification.

FONT	SIZE	fontname* pointsize	Font name: This attribute is interpreted by the Service Provider. In some cases it may indicate printer resident fonts, and in others it may indicate the name of a downloadable font. For BARCODE fields it represents the barcode font name. In some cases this predefines the following parameters: Point size. If unspecified, the point size defaults to the
СРІ		cpi	POINTSIZE defined for the form. Characters per inch. If unspecified, the CPI defaults to the CPI defined for the form.
LPI		lpi	Lines per inch. If unspecified, the LPI defaults to the LPI defined for the form.
FORM	AT	formatstring*	This is an application defined input field describing how the application should format the data. This may be interpreted by the Service Provider.
	LVALUE	value*	Initial value. For GRAPHIC type fields, this value may contain the filename of the graphic image. The type of this graphic will be determined by the file extension (e.g. BMP for Windows Bitmap). Graphic file name may be full or partial path. For example "C:\BSVC\BSVCLOGO.BMP" illustrates use of full path name. A file name specification of "LOGO.BMP" illustrates partial path name. In this instance file is obtained from current directory. Graphic contents can be changed dynamically at run-time and the new content will be printed on the next print action.
END			

The following diagrams illustrate the positioning and sizing of text fields on a form, and, in particular, the vertical alignment of text within a field using **VERTICAL=TOP** and **VERTICAL=BOTTOM** values in the field definition.



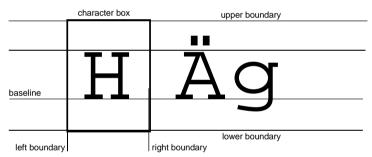
VERTICAL=TOP

the upper boundary of the character drawing box (shown below) is positioned vertically to the upper field boundary.

VERTICAL=BOTTOM

the baseline of the character drawing box (shown below) is positioned vertically to the lower field boundary.

Definition of the character drawing box:



When more than one line of text is to be printed in a field, and the definition includes **VERTICAL=BOTTOM**, the vertical position of the first line is calculated using the specified (or implied) **LPI** value.

10.6 Frame Definition ⁴

XFSFRAME		framename*	
BEGIN			
(required)	POSITION	Х,	Horizontal position of top left corner of the frame (relative to left side of form/subform).
		Y or (Y, Z)	Vertical position of top left corner of frame (relative to top
			of form/subform).
			Format (Y, Z) is used to indicate vertical positioning of the
			top left corner of the frame relative to top of form/subform
			when top of form/subform is other than 1st page of form/subform, where Z indicates page number (relative to
			0) and Y indicates base resolution units relative to top of the
			form/subform page number (as indicated by Z).
			Format Y is used to indicate vertical positioning of the left
			corner of frame relative to top of the 1st form/subform.
	FRAMES	fieldname*	Frames the field with the name <fieldname>, positioning</fieldname>
			and size information are ignored. The frame surrounds the complete field, not just the printed
			data.
			If the field is repeated, the frame surrounds the first and last
			fields that are printed.
	HEADER		This frame is either a form/subform header frame.
		N	N represents a form/subform page number (relative to 0) the header frame is to print within.
		N-N	N-N represents a form/subform page number range the
			header frame is to print within.
			Combinations of N and N-N may exist separated by
			commas.
		ALL	ALL indicates that header frame is to be printed on all pages of form/subform.
			The form/subform page number is intended to supplement
			the Z parameter of the POSITION keyword.
			For example 0,2-4,6 indicates that the header frame is to
			print on relative form/subform pages 0, 2, 3, 4, and 6.
	FOOTER	N	This field is either a form/subform footer frame.
		10	N represents a form/subform page number (relative to 0) the footer frame is to print within.
		N-N	N-N represents a form/subform page number range the
			footer frame is to print within.
			Combinations of N and N-N may exist separated by
		ALL	commas. ALL indicates that footer frame is to be printed on all pages
		ALL	of form/subform.
			The form/subform page number is intended to supplement
			the Z parameter of the POSITION keyword.
			For example 0,2-4,6 indicates that the footer frame is to
	SIDE	side	print on relative form/subform pages 0, 2, 3, 4, and 6. Side of form where this frame is positioned:
	SIDE	side	FRONT (default)
			BACK
(required)	SIZE	width,	Frame width in base horizontal units for the form
		height	Frame height in base vertical units for the form
	REPEATONX	repeatcount,	Count how often this frame is repeated horizontally in the
		xoffset	form. Horizontal offset for next frame in base horizontal units.
	REPEATONY	repeatcount,	Count how often this frame is repeated vertically in the
		, cpcaicouni,	form.
		yoffset	Vertical offset for next frame in base vertical units.

⁴ Attributes are not required in any mandatory order within a Frame definition.

		C (T
1	ГҮРЕ	frametype	Type of frame:
			RECTANGLE (default)
			ROUNDED_CORNER
			ELLIPSE
	CLASS	class	Frame class:
			STATIC (default)
			OPTIONAL
			(The frame is printed only if its
			name appears in the list of field
			names given as parameter to the
			WFSExecute command. In this
			case, the name of the frame
			must be different from all the
			names of the fields.)
	OVERFLOW	overflow	Action on frame overflowing the form:
			TERMINATE (default)
			TRUNCATE
			BESTFIT (the Service Provider fits the
			frame into the media as well
			as it can)
S	STYLE	style	Frame line attributes:
		-	SINGLE_THIN (default)
			DOUBLE_THIN
			SINGLE_THICK
			DOUBLE_THICK
			DOTTED
(COLOR	color	Color name for frame lines:
			BLACK (default)
			WHITE
			GRAY
			RED
			BLUE
			GREEN
			YELLOW
I I	RGBCOLOR	R, G, B	Color in RGB 8 bits per color format:
		, _, _	R - Red portion of the RGB value 0-255.
			G - Green portion of the RGB value 0-255.
			B - Blue portion of the RGB value 0-255.
			RGBCOLOR overrides the COLOR attribute.
I I	FILLCOLOR	color	Color name for interior of frame:
			BLACK
			WHITE (default)
			GRAY
			RED
			BLUE
			GREEN
			YELLOW
T T	RGBFILLCOLOR	R, G, B	Color in RGB 8 bits per color format:
	NODFILLUULUK	Λ, U, D	R - Red portion of the RGB value 0-255.
			G - Green portion of the RGB value 0-255.
			B - Blue portion of the RGB value 0-255.
			RGBFILLCOLOR overrides the FILLCOLOR attribute.

CWA 16374-3:2011 (E)

	-			
FILLSTYLE	style	Style for filling the interior of frame:		
		NONE (default)		
		SOLID Solid color		
		BDIAGONAL Downward hatch (left to		
		right) at 45 degrees		
		CROSS Horizontal and vertical		
		crosshatch		
		DIAGCROSS Crosshatch at 45 degrees		
		FDIAGONAL Upward hatch (left to		
		right) at 45 degrees		
		HORIZONTAL Horizontal hatch		
		VERTICAL Vertical hatch		
SUBSTSIGN	substitute	Character that is used as substitute sign when a character in		
	sign	a read field cannot be read		
TITLE	fieldname*	Uses the field with the name <fieldname> as the title of the</fieldname>		
		frame. Positioning information of the field is ignored.		
HORIZONTAL	justify	Horizontal alignment of the frame title:		
		LEFT (default)		
		CENTER		
		RIGHT		
VERTICAL	justify	Vertical alignment of the frame title:		
		TOP (default)		
		BOTTOM		
END				

The **XFSFRAME** definition provides a means for framing a **XFSFIELD** text field. The basic concept of a **XFSFRAME** definition and corresponding **XFSFIELD** definition is illustrated as follows:

	Account Owner	
Mr/Mrs Jean I 21560 Hagerty Troy, MI.	•	

When the **XFSFRAME** frames a field, its positioning and size information are ignored. Instead, Service Providers should position the top left corner of the frame one horizontal base unit to the left and one vertical base unit to the top of the top left corner of the field. Similarly, Service Providers should size the frame so that it bottom right corner is one base unit below and to the right to the field. For instance, if the form units are **ROWCOLUMN**, and a **XFSFRAME** "A" is said to frame the **XFSFIELD** "B" which is positioned at row 1, column 1 with a size of 1 row and 20 columns, the frame will be drawn from row 0, column 0 to row 3, column 22.

The horizontal and vertical positioning of a frame title overrides the position of the named **XFSFIELD**. For instance, if a **XFSFRAME** "A" is said to have the **XFSFIELD** "B" as its title, with the default horizontal and vertical title justification, it is just as if **XFSFIELD** "B" had been positioned at the top left corner of the frame. Note that the **SIZE** information for the title field still is meaningful; it gives the starting and/or ending positions of the frame lines.

The SIDE attributes of the XFSFRAME and the XFSFIELDs it refers to must agree.

The width of the lines and the interval between the lines of doubled frames are vendor specific. Whether the lines are drawn using graphics printing or using pseudo-graphic is vendor specific. However, Service Providers are responsible for rendering intersecting frames.

Depending on the printer technology, framing of fields can substantially slow down the print process.

Support of framing by a Service Provider or the device it controls is not mandatory to be XFS compliant.

Sample 1: Simple framing

XFSFORM "Multiple Balances"
BEGIN
UNIT INCH, 16, 16
SIZE 91, 64
VERSION 1, 0, "13/09/96", "XFS"
LANGUAGE 0x0409
XFSFIELD "Account Title"
BEGIN
POSITION 15, 4
SIZE 30, 4
CLASS STATIC
HORIZONTAL CENTER
INITIALVALUE "Account"
END
XFSFIELD "Balance Title"
BEGIN
POSITION 45, 4
SIZE 30, 4
CLASS STATIC
HORIZONTAL CENTER
INITIALVALUE "Balance"

When printed with the following field list: Account[0]=0123456789123001 Account[1]=0123456789123002 Account[2]=0123456789123003 Balance[0]=\$17465.12 Balance[1] = \$2458.23 Balance[2]=\$6542.78 Will print: Account Balance \$17465.12 012345678912300 1 012345678912300 \$2458.23 2 012345678912300 \$6542.78 3

When printed with the following field list: Account[0]=0123456789123001 Balance[0]=\$17465.12 Will print:

Account	Balance	
012345678912300	\$17465.12	

END

XFSFIELD "Account" BEGIN POSITION 15, 8 SIZE 30, 4 INDEX 10, 0, 3 END //"Account" XFSFIELD "Balance" BEGIN POSITION 45, 8 SIZE 30, 4 INDEX 10, 0, 3 HORIZONTAL RIGHT END //"Balance" XFSFRAME "Account Title" BEGIN POSITION 15, 4 FRAMES "Account Title" SIZE 30, 4 STYLE DOUBLE_THIN END XFSFRAME "Balance Title" BEGIN POSITION 45, 4 FRAMES "Balance Title" SIZE 30.4 STYLE DOUBLE THIN END XFSFRAME "Account" BEGIN POSITION 15,8 FRAMES "Account" SIZE 30, 34 STYLE DOUBLE THIN END XFSFRAME "Balance" BEGIN POSITION 45, 8 FRAMES "Balance" SIZE 30, 34 STYLE DOUBLE_THIN END END

Sample 2: Framing with title

XFSFORM "Bank Details"

BEGIN

UNIT INCH, 16, 16 SIZE 121, 64 VERSION 1, 0, "13/09/96", "XFS Editor" LANGUAGE 0x0409 XFSFIELD "Owner Frame Title" BEGIN *POSITION 24, 9* SIZE 27, 3

CLASS STATIC

HORIZONTAL CENTER

When printed with the following field list: Owner = Mr/Mrs Jean Leroy 21560 Hagerty Road Troy, MI.

will print:

Account Owner Mr/Mrs Jean Leroy 21560 Hagerty Road Troy, MI.

VERTICAL CENTER INITIALVALUE "Account Owner" END XFSFIELD "Owner" BEGIN POSITION 20, 11 SIZE 35, 9 CLASS REOUIRED VERTICAL TOP END //"Owner" XFSFRAME "Owner Frame" BEGIN POSITION 19, 10 FRAMES "Owner" SIZE 37, 11 TITLE "Owner Frame Title" HORIZONTAL CENTER END END

Sample 3: Framing with filled interior

XFSFORM "Bank Details"

BEGIN

UNIT INCH, 16, 16 SIZE 121, 64 VERSION 1, 0, "13/09/96", "XFS Editor" LANGUAGE 0x0409 XFSFIELD "Owner" BEGIN POSITION 20, 11 SIZE 35, 9 CLASS REQUIRED

VERTICAL TOP

END XFSFRAME "Owner Frame" BEGIN POSITION 19, 10 FRAMES "Owner" SIZE 37, 11 FILLCOLOR GRAY FILLSTYLE CROSS END END

Sample 4: Repeated Framing

XFSFORM "Smart Account Number"

BEGIN UNIT INCH, 16, 16 SIZE 121, 64 VERSION 1, 0, "13/09/96", "XFS Editor" LANGUAGE 0x0409 XFSFIELD "Account Number" BEGIN POSITION 20, 8 SIZE 4, 4 INDEX 12, 4, 0 When printed with the following field list: Owner = Mr/Mrs Jean Leroy 21560 Hagerty Road Troy, MI.

will print:

Mr/Mrs Jean	++++	 +++
Leroy		
21560 Hagerty	++++	
Road		
Troy, MI.		

When printed with the following field list: Account Number[0]=0 Account Number[1]=1 Account Number[2]=2 Account Number[3]=3 Account Number[4]=4 Account Number[5]=5 Account Number[6]=6 Account Number[7]=7 Account Number[8]=8 Account Number[9]=9 HORIZONTAL CENTER VERTICAL CENTER END XFSFRAME "A/N Frame" BEGIN POSITION 20, 8 SIZE 4, 4 REPEATONX 12, 4 END END Account Number[10]=0 Account Number[11]=1

will print

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1

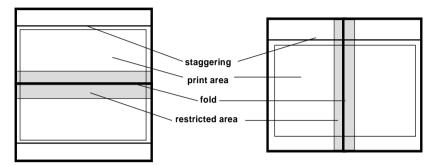
10.7 Media Definition ⁵

The media definition determines those characteristics that result from the combination of a particular media type together with a particular vendor's printer. The aim is to make it easy to move forms between different vendors' printers which might have different constraints on how they handle a specific media type. It is the Service Provider's responsibility to ensure that the form definition does not specify the printing of any fields that conflict with the media definition. An example of such a conflict might be that the form definition asks for a field to be printed in an area that the media definition defines as an unprintable area.

The media definition is also intended to provide the capability of defining media types that are specific to the financial industry. An example is a passbook as shown below.

Passbook with horizontal fold

Passbook with vertical fold



XFSMEDIA		medianame*			
BEGIN					
	ТҮРЕ	type	Predefined media types are: GENERIC (default) MULTIPART PASSBOOK		
	SOURCE	source	Paper source: ANY (default) UPPER LOWER EXTERNAL (envelope tray or single sheet feed tray) AUX AUX2 DADK		
(required)	UNIT	base,	PARK Base resolution unit for media definition: MM INCH ROWCOLUMN Horizontal base unit fraction		
		v	Vertical base unit fraction		
(required)	SIZE	width, height	Width of physical media Height of physical media (0 = unlimited, i.e. roll paper)		
	PRINTAREA	x, y, width, height	Printable area relative to top left corner of physical media (default = physical size of media)		
	RESTRICTED	x, y, width, height	Restricted area relative to top left corner of physical media (default = no restricted area)		
	FOLD	fold	Type of passbook: HORIZONTAL (default) VERTICAL		

⁵ Attributes are not required in any mandatory order within a Media definition.

CWA 16374-3:2011 (E)

STAGGERING		staggering	Staggering of passbook from top (default = 0)	
PAGE		count	Number of pages in passbook (default = 0)	
	LINES	count	Number of printable lines (default = 0)	
END				

10.8 XFS Form/Media Definition Files in Multi-Vendor Environments

Although for most Service Providers directory location and extension of XFS form/media definition files are configurable through the registry, the capabilities of Service Providers and or actual hardware may vary. Therefore the following considerations should be taken into account when applications use XFS form definition files with the purpose of running in a multi-vendor environment:

- Physical print area dimensions of printers are not identical.
- Graphic printout may not be supported, which may limit the use of the FONT, CPI and LPI keywords.
- Some printers may have a resolution of dots/mm rather than dots/inch, which may result in printouts with a specific CPI/LPI font resolution to be slightly off size.
- Some form/media definition keywords may not be supported due to limitations of the hardware or software.

11. Command and Event Flows during Single and Multi Page / Wad Printing

It is possible to print a number of pages or bunches of pages (wads) through the XFS Service Provider. The following sections describe how this is achieved.

11.1 Single Page / Single Wad Printing with immediate Media Control

This table illustrates the command and event flows in a successful print command (i.e. WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_RAW_FILE, WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_FORM and WFS_CMD_PTR_RAW_DATA) where the following conditions apply:

- A single page or single wad of pages is presented.
- The *bMediaPresented* Capability flag is TRUE (indicates that the WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAPRESENTED event can be generated).
- The *dwMediaControl* flag in the command data is set to WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT.

The WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_RAW_FILE command is used as an example.

Step	End-User	Application	XFS Service Provider	PTR Hardware
1.	User wants a statement printed.			
2.		Win32 used to print statement to a native printer file.		
3.		WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT RAW_FILE command issued (with <i>dwMediaControl</i> set to WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT).		
4.			One wad or page is required.	
5.				Wad or page presented.
6.			WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIA- PRESENTED event generated.	
7.		WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT RAW_FILE completes successfully.		
8.	User takes wad/page.			
9.			WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN event generated.	

11.2 Single Page / Single Wad Printing with separate Media Control

This table illustrates the command and event flows in a successful print command (i.e. WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_RAW_FILE, WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_FORM and WFS_CMD_PTR_RAW_DATA) where the following conditions apply:

- A single page or single wad of pages is presented.
- The *bMediaPresented* Capability flag is TRUE (indicates that the WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAPRESENTED event can be generated).
- The *dwMediaControl* flag in the command data is set to zero.
- The media is presented to the user through a WFS_CMD_PTR_CONTROL_MEDIA command, with the *lpdwMediaControl* flag set to WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT.

The WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_RAW_FILE command is used as an example.

Step	End-User	Application	XFS Service Provider	PTR Hardware
1.	User wants a statement printed.			
2.		Win32 used to print statement to a native printer file.		
3.		WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT RAW_FILE command issued (with <i>dwMediaCotrol</i> set to zero).		
4.		WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT RAW_FILE completes successfully.		
5.		WFS_CMD_PTR CONTROL_MEDIA (with <i>lpdwMediaControl</i> set to WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT).		
6.			One wad or page is required.	
7.				Wad or page presented.
8.			WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIA- PRESENTED event generated.	
9.		WFS_CMD_PTR CONTROL_MEDIA completes successfully.		
10.	User takes wad/page.			
11.			WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN event generated.	

11.3 Multi Page / Multi Wad Printing with immediate Media Control

This table illustrates a successful WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_RAW_FILE command where multiple page / wads are presented (and the *bMediaPresented* Capability flag indicates that the WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAPRESENTED event can be generated). In addition, the previous page/wad must be removed before subsequent pages/wads can be printed.

This table illustrates the command and event flows in a successful print command (i.e. WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_RAW_FILE, WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_FORM and WFS_CMD_PTR_RAW_DATA) where the following conditions apply:

- Multiple pages or multiple wads of pages are presented.
- The *bMediaPresented* Capability flag is TRUE (indicates that the WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAPRESENTED event can be generated).
- The *dwMediaControl* flag in the command data is set to WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT.
- The previous page/wad must be removed before subsequent pages/wads can be presented.

The WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_RAW_FILE command is used as an example.

Step	End-User	Application	XFS Service Provider	PTR Hardware
1.	User wants a statement printed.			
2.		Win32 used to print statement to a native printer file.		
3.		WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT RAW_FILE command issued (with <i>dwMediaControl</i> set to WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT).		
4.			Three wads or pages are required.	
5.				First wad or page presented.
6.			WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIA- PRESENTED event generated.	
7.	User takes wad/page.			
8.			WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN event generated.	
9.				Second wad or page presented.
10.			WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIA- PRESENTED event generated.	
11.	User takes wad/page.			
12.			WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN event generated.	

Step	End-User	Application	XFS Service Provider	PTR Hardware
13.				Final wad or page presented.
14.			WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIA- PRESENTED event generated.	
15.		WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT RAW_FILE completes successfully.		
16.	User takes wad/page.			
17.			WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN event generated.	

11.4 Multi Page / Multi Wad Printing with separate Media Control

This table illustrates the command and event flows in a successful print command (i.e. WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_RAW_FILE, WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_FORM and WFS_CMD_PTR_RAW_DATA) where the following conditions apply:

- Multiple pages or multiple wads of pages are presented.
- The *bMediaPresented* Capability flag is TRUE (indicates that the WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAPRESENTED event can be generated).
- The *dwMediaControl* flag in the command data is set to zero.
- The media is presented to the user through a WFS_CMD_PTR_CONTROL_MEDIA command, with the *lpdwMediaControl* flag set to WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT.
- The previous page/wad must be removed before subsequent pages/wads can be presented.

The WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_FORM command is used as a specific example.

Step	End-User	Application	XFS Service Provider	PTR Hardware
1.	User wants a statement printed.			
2.		WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT FORM command issued (with <i>dwMediaCotrol</i> set to zero).		
3.		WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT FORM completes successfully.		
4.		WFS_CMD_PTR CONTROL_MEDIA (with <i>lpdwMediaControl</i> set to WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT).		
5.			Three wads or pages are required.	
6.				First wad or page presented.
7.			WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIA- PRESENTED event generated.	
8.	User takes wad/page.			
9.			WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN event generated.	
10.				Second wad or page presented.
11.			WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIA- PRESENTED event generated.	
12.	User takes wad/page.			
13.			WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN event generated.	

Step	End-User	Application	XFS Service Provider	PTR Hardware
14.				Final wad or page presented.
15.			WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIA- PRESENTED event generated.	
16.		WFS_CMD_PTR CONTROL_MEDIA completes successfully.		
17.	User takes wad/page.			
18.			WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN event generated.	

11.5 Printing with immediate Media Control and *bMediaPresented* == FALSE

This table illustrates the command and event flows in a successful print command (i.e. WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_RAW_FILE, WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_FORM and WFS_CMD_PTR_RAW_DATA) where the following conditions apply:

- One or more pages or wads of pages is presented (it is the same flow for one or a number of pages).
- The *bMediaPresented* Capability flag is FALSE (indicates that the WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAPRESENTED event cannot be generated).
- The *dwMediaControl* flag in the command data is set to WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT.

The WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_RAW_FILE command is used as an example.

Step	End-User	Application	XFS Service Provider	PTR Hardware
1.	User wants a statement printed.			
2.		Win32 used to print statement to a native printer file.		
3.		WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT RAW_FILE command issued (with <i>dwMediaControl</i> set to WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT).		
4.			One or more wads/pages are required.	
5.				One or more wad or page presented.
7.		WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT RAW_FILE completes successfully.		
8.	User takes wads/pages.			
9.			WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN event generated.	

12. C-Header File

```
* xfsptr.h XFS - Banking Printer (PTR) definitions
             (receipt, journal, passbook and document printer)
*
            Version 3.20 (March 02 2011)
#ifndef __INC_XFSPTR__H
#define __INC_XFSPTR__H
#ifdef ___cplusplus
extern "C" {
#endif
#include <xfsapi.h>
/* be aware of alignment */
#pragma pack(push,1)
/* value of WFSPTRCAPS.wClass */
#define
          WFS_SERVICE_CLASS_PTR
                                         (1)
#define
                                        (0x1403) /* Version 3.20 */
          WFS SERVICE CLASS VERSION PTR
#define
         WFS_SERVICE_CLASS_NAME_PTR
                                         "PTR"
                                         (WFS_SERVICE_CLASS_PTR * 100)
#define PTR SERVICE OFFSET
/* PTR Info Commands */
#define
         WFS_INF_PTR_STATUS
                                        (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 1)
#define
         WFS_INF_PTR_CAPABILITIES
                                        (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2)
#define
          WFS_INF_PTR_FORM_LIST
                                        (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3)
         WFS_INF_PTR_MEDIA_LIST
#define
                                        (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4)
#define
         WFS_INF_PTR_QUERY_FORM
                                        (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5)
#define
        WFS_INF_PTR_QUERY_MEDIA
                                       (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 6)
#define WFS_INF_PTR_QUERY_FIELD
                                       (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7)
         WFS_INF_PTR_CODELINE_MAPPING
#define
                                        (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 8)
/* PTR Execute Commands */
#define
         WFS_CMD_PTR_CONTROL_MEDIA
                                        (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 1)
#define
         WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_FORM
                                        (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2)
#define
          WFS_CMD_PTR_READ_FORM
                                        (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3)
         WFS_CMD_PTR_RAW_DATA
#define
                                         (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4)
#define
         WFS_CMD_PTR_MEDIA_EXTENTS
                                        (PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 5)
#define WFS_CMD_PTR_RESET_COUNT
                                        (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 6)
#define WFS_CMD_PTR_READ_IMAGE
                                        (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7)
#define
         WFS_CMD_PTR_RESET
                                        (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 8)
                                         (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 9)
#define
          WFS_CMD_PTR_RETRACT_MEDIA
#define
         WFS_CMD_PTR_DISPENSE_PAPER
                                        (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10)
#define
         WFS CMD PTR SET GUIDANCE LIGHT
                                        (PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 11)
#define
         WFS_CMD_PTR_PRINT_RAW_FILE
                                        (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 12)
#define
         WFS_CMD_PTR_LOAD_DEFINITION
                                        (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 13)
#define
          WFS_CMD_PTR_SUPPLY_REPLENISH
                                         (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 14)
          WFS_CMD_PTR_POWER_SAVE_CONTROL
#define
                                         (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 15)
#define
         WFS_CMD_PTR_CONTROL_PASSBOOK
                                         (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 16)
/* PTR Messages */
#define
          WFS_EXEE_PTR_NOMEDIA
                                         (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 1)
#define
         WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAINSERTED
                                        (PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 2)
#define
         WFS_EXEE_PTR_FIELDERROR
                                        (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3)
#define
         WFS_EXEE_PTR_FIELDWARNING
                                        (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4)
#define
          WFS_USRE_PTR_RETRACTBINTHRESHOLD (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5)
#define
          WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIATAKEN
                                         (PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 6)
```

*

#define	WFS_USRE_PTR_PAPERTHRESHOLD	(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7)
#define	WFS_USRE_PTR_TONERTHRESHOLD	(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 8)
#define	WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIAINSERTED	(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 9)
#define	WFS_USRE_PTR_LAMPTHRESHOLD	(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10)
#define	WFS_USRE_PTR_INKTHRESHOLD	(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 11)
#define	WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIADETECTED	(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 12)
#define	WFS_SRVE_PTR_RETRACTBINSTATUS	(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 13)
#define	WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAPRESENTED	(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 14)
#define	WFS_SRVE_PTR_DEFINITIONLOADED	(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 15)
#define	WFS_EXEE_PTR_MEDIAREJECTED	(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 16)
#define	WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIAPRESENTED	(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 17)
#define	WFS_SRVE_PTR_MEDIAAUTORETRACTED	(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 18)
#define	WFS_SRVE_PTR_DEVICEPOSITION	(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 19)
#define	WFS_SRVE_PTR_POWER_SAVE_CHANGE	(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 20)
#ucline	WF5_SKVE_FIK_FOWER_SAVE_CHARGE	(FIR_BERVICE_OFFBEI + 20)
/* values	of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwDevice */	
#define	WFS_PTR_DEVONLINE	WFS_STAT_DEVONLINE
#define	WFS_PTR_DEVOFFLINE	WFS STAT DEVOFFLINE
#define	WFS PTR DEVPOWEROFF	WFS_STAT_DEVPOWEROFF
#define	WFS_PTR_DEVNODEVICE	WFS_STAT_DEVNODEVICE
#define	WFS_PTR_DEVHWERROR	WFS_STAT_DEVHWERROR
#define	WFS_PTR_DEVUSERERROR	WFS_STAT_DEVUSERERROR
#define	WFS_PTR_DEVBUSY	WFS_STAT_DEVBUSY
#define	WFS_PTR_DEVFRAUDATTEMPT	WFS_STAT_DEVFRAUDATTEMPT
#define	WFS_PTR_DEVPOTENTIALFRAUD	WFS_STAT_DEVPOTENTIALFRAUD
/* values	of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwMedia and	
,	WFSPTRMEDIADETECTED.wPosition */	/
ща - С		(0)
#define	WFS_PTR_MEDIAPRESENT	(0)
#define	WFS_PTR_MEDIANOTPRESENT	(1)
#define	WFS_PTR_MEDIAJAMMED	(2)
#define	WFS PTR MEDIANOTSUPP	(3)
		. ,
#define	WFS_PTR_MEDIAUNKNOWN	(4)
#define	WFS_PTR_MEDIAENTERING	(5)
#define	WFS_PTR_MEDIARETRACTED	(6)
/* addition	nal values for WESDTOMEDIADETECTED	WDogition */
	nal values for WFSPTRMEDIADETECTED.	
/* addition #define	nal values for WFSPTRMEDIADETECTED. WFS_PTR_MEDIAEXPELLED	wPosition */ (7)
#define	WFS_PTR_MEDIAEXPELLED d max index of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper	(7) c and
#define	WFS_PTR_MEDIAEXPELLED	(7) c and
#define	WFS_PTR_MEDIAEXPELLED d max index of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper	(7) c and
#define /* Size and	WFS_PTR_MEDIAEXPELLED d max index of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper WFSPTRSTATUS.wPaper1	(7) c and Type */
<pre>#define /* Size and #define</pre>	WFS_PTR_MEDIAEXPELLED d max index of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper WFSPTRSTATUS.wPaper WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE	(7) c and Type */ (16)
#define /* Size and	WFS_PTR_MEDIAEXPELLED d max index of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper WFSPTRSTATUS.wPaper1	(7) c and Type */
<pre>#define /* Size and #define #define</pre>	WFS_PTR_MEDIAEXPELLED d max index of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper WFSPTRSTATUS.wPaper WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE WFS_PTR_SUPPLYMAX	(7) c and Type */ (16)
<pre>#define /* Size and #define #define</pre>	WFS_PTR_MEDIAEXPELLED d max index of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper WFSPTRSTATUS.wPaper WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE	(7) c and Type */ (16)
<pre>#define /* Size and #define #define /* Indices</pre>	WFS_PTR_MEDIAEXPELLED d max index of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper WFSPTRSTATUS.wPaper WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE WFS_PTR_SUPPLYMAX of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper [] */	<pre>(7) c and Fype */ (16) (WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE - 1)</pre>
<pre>#define /* Size and #define #define /* Indices #define</pre>	WFS_PTR_MEDIAEXPELLED d max index of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE WFS_PTR_SUPPLYMAX of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper [] */ WFS_PTR_SUPPLYUPPER	<pre>(7) c and Type */ (16) (WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE - 1) (0)</pre>
<pre>#define /* Size and #define #define /* Indices #define #define #define</pre>	WFS_PTR_MEDIAEXPELLED d max index of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE WFS_PTR_SUPPLYMAX of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper [] */ WFS_PTR_SUPPLYUPPER WFS_PTR_SUPPLYLOWER	<pre>(7) f and Type */ (16) (WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE - 1) (0) (1)</pre>
<pre>#define /* Size and #define #define /* Indices #define</pre>	WFS_PTR_MEDIAEXPELLED d max index of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE WFS_PTR_SUPPLYMAX of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper [] */ WFS_PTR_SUPPLYUPPER	<pre>(7) c and Type */ (16) (WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE - 1) (0)</pre>
<pre>#define /* Size and #define #define /* Indices #define #define #define</pre>	WFS_PTR_MEDIAEXPELLED d max index of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper WFSPTRSTATUS.wPaper7 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE WFS_PTR_SUPPLYMAX of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper [] */ WFS_PTR_SUPPLYUPPER WFS_PTR_SUPPLYLOWER WFS_PTR_SUPPLYLOWER WFS_PTR_SUPPLYEXTERNAL	<pre>(7) f and Type */ (16) (WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE - 1) (0) (1) (2)</pre>
<pre>#define /* Size and #define #define /* Indices #define #define #define #define #define #define</pre>	WFS_PTR_MEDIAEXPELLED d max index of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE WFS_PTR_SUPPLYMAX of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper [] */ WFS_PTR_SUPPLYUPPER WFS_PTR_SUPPLYLOWER WFS_PTR_SUPPLYLOWER WFS_PTR_SUPPLYEXTERNAL WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX	<pre>(7) f and Type */ (16) (WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE - 1) (0) (1) (2) (3)</pre>
<pre>#define /* Size and #define #define /* Indices #define #define #define #define #define #define #define #define</pre>	WFS_PTR_MEDIAEXPELLED d max index of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper WFSPTRSTATUS.wPaper7 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE WFS_PTR_SUPPLYMAX of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper [] */ WFS_PTR_SUPPLYUPPER WFS_PTR_SUPPLYLOWER WFS_PTR_SUPPLYLOWER WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX	<pre>(7) f and Type */ (16) (WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE - 1) (0) (1) (2) (3) (4)</pre>
<pre>#define /* Size and #define #define /* Indices #define #define #define #define #define #define</pre>	WFS_PTR_MEDIAEXPELLED d max index of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE WFS_PTR_SUPPLYMAX of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper [] */ WFS_PTR_SUPPLYUPPER WFS_PTR_SUPPLYLOWER WFS_PTR_SUPPLYLOWER WFS_PTR_SUPPLYEXTERNAL WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX	<pre>(7) f and Type */ (16) (WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE - 1) (0) (1) (2) (3)</pre>
<pre>#define /* Size and #define #define /* Indices #define #define #define #define #define #define #define #define #define</pre>	WFS_PTR_MEDIAEXPELLED d max index of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper WFSPTRSTATUS.wPaper WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE WFS_PTR_SUPPLYMAX of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper [] */ WFS_PTR_SUPPLYUPPER WFS_PTR_SUPPLYLOWER WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYPARK of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper and	<pre>(7) f and Type */ (16) (WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE - 1) (0) (1) (2) (3) (4) (5)</pre>
<pre>#define /* Size and #define #define /* Indices #define #define #define #define #define #define #define #define #define</pre>	WFS_PTR_MEDIAEXPELLED d max index of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper WFSPTRSTATUS.wPaperT WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE WFS_PTR_SUPPLYMAX of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper [] */ WFS_PTR_SUPPLYUPPER WFS_PTR_SUPPLYLOWER WFS_PTR_SUPPLYLOWER WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYPARK	<pre>(7) f and Type */ (16) (WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE - 1) (0) (1) (2) (3) (4) (5)</pre>
<pre>#define /* Size and #define #define /* Indices #define #define #define #define #define #define #define #define #define #define</pre>	<pre>WFS_PTR_MEDIAEXPELLED d max index of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper WFSPTRSTATUS.wPaperT WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE WFS_PTR_SUPPLYMAX of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper [] */ WFS_PTR_SUPPLYLOWER WFS_PTR_SUPPLYLOWER WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX3 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX3 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX3 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX3 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX3 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX3 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX3 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX3 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX3 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX3 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX3 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX3 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX3 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX3 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX3 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAU3 WFS_PTR_SUPPLY</pre>	<pre>(7) c and Type */ (16) (WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE - 1) (0) (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) shold */</pre>
<pre>#define /* Size and #define #define /* Indices #define #define</pre>	WFS_PTR_MEDIAEXPELLED d max index of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE WFS_PTR_SUPPLYMAX of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper [] */ WFS_PTR_SUPPLYUPPER WFS_PTR_SUPPLYLOWER WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX3 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX3 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX3 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX4 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX4 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX4 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX4 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX4 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX4 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX4 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX4 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX4 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX4 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX4 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX4 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX4 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAU44 WFS_PTR_SUPPLY	<pre>(7) c and Type */ (16) (WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE - 1) (0) (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) shold */ (0)</pre>
<pre>#define /* Size and #define #define /* Indices #define #define #define #define #define #define #define #define #define #define</pre>	<pre>WFS_PTR_MEDIAEXPELLED d max index of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper WFSPTRSTATUS.wPaperT WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE WFS_PTR_SUPPLYMAX of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper [] */ WFS_PTR_SUPPLYLOWER WFS_PTR_SUPPLYLOWER WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX3 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX3 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX3 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX3 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX3 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX3 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX3 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX3 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX3 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX3 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX3 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX3 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX3 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX3 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX3 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAU3 WFS_PTR_SUPPLY</pre>	<pre>(7) c and Type */ (16) (WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE - 1) (0) (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) shold */</pre>
<pre>#define #define #define</pre>	WFS_PTR_MEDIAEXPELLED d max index of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE WFS_PTR_SUPPLYMAX of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper [] */ WFS_PTR_SUPPLYLOWER WFS_PTR_SUPPLYLOWER WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX3 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX3 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX3 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX3 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX3 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX3 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX3 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX3 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX3 WFS_PTR_PAPERFULL WFS_PTR_PAPERFULL	<pre>(7) c and Type */ (16) (WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE - 1) (0) (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) shold */ (0) (1)</pre>
<pre>#define #define #</pre>	WFS_PTR_MEDIAEXPELLED d max index of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE WFS_PTR_SUPPLYMAX of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper [] */ WFS_PTR_SUPPLYLOWER WFS_PTR_SUPPLYLOWER WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_PAPERTHRESHOLD.wPaperThress WFS_PTR_PAPERFULL WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT	<pre>(7) c and Type */ (16) (WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE - 1) (0) (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) shold */ (0) (1) (2) </pre>
<pre>#define #define #</pre>	WFS_PTR_MEDIAEXPELLED d max index of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE WFS_PTR_SUPPLYMAX of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper [] */ WFS_PTR_SUPPLYLOWER WFS_PTR_SUPPLYLOWER WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_PAPERFULL WFS_PTR_PAPERFULL WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT WFS_PTR_PAPERNOTSUPP	<pre>(7) c and Type */ (16) (WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE - 1) (0) (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) shold */ (0) (1) (2) (3)</pre>
<pre>#define #define #</pre>	WFS_PTR_MEDIAEXPELLED d max index of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE WFS_PTR_SUPPLYMAX of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper [] */ WFS_PTR_SUPPLYLOWER WFS_PTR_SUPPLYLOWER WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_PAPERTHRESHOLD.wPaperThress WFS_PTR_PAPERFULL WFS_PTR_PAPERLOW WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT	<pre>(7) c and Type */ (16) (WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE - 1) (0) (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) shold */ (0) (1) (2) </pre>
<pre>#define #define #</pre>	WFS_PTR_MEDIAEXPELLED d max index of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE WFS_PTR_SUPPLYMAX of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper [] */ WFS_PTR_SUPPLYLOWER WFS_PTR_SUPPLYLOWER WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_PAPERFULL WFS_PTR_PAPERFULL WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT WFS_PTR_PAPERNOTSUPP	<pre>(7) c and Type */ (16) (WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE - 1) (0) (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) shold */ (0) (1) (2) (3)</pre>
<pre>#define #define #</pre>	WFS_PTR_MEDIAEXPELLED d max index of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE WFS_PTR_SUPPLYMAX of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper [] */ WFS_PTR_SUPPLYLOWER WFS_PTR_SUPPLYLOWER WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_PAPERFULL WFS_PTR_PAPERFULL WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT WFS_PTR_PAPERNOTSUPP WFS_PTR_PAPERUNKNOWN	<pre>(7) c and Type */ (16) (WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE - 1) (0) (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) shold */ (0) (1) (2) (3) (4)</pre>
<pre>#define #define #</pre>	WFS_PTR_MEDIAEXPELLED d max index of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE WFS_PTR_SUPPLYMAX of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper [] */ WFS_PTR_SUPPLYLOWER WFS_PTR_SUPPLYLOWER WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_PAPERFULL WFS_PTR_PAPERFULL WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT WFS_PTR_PAPERNOTSUPP WFS_PTR_PAPERUNKNOWN	<pre>(7) c and Type */ (16) (WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE - 1) (0) (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) shold */ (0) (1) (2) (3) (4)</pre>
<pre>#define #define #</pre>	WFS_PTR_MEDIAEXPELLED d max index of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE WFS_PTR_SUPPLYMAX of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper [] */ WFS_PTR_SUPPLYUPPER WFS_PTR_SUPPLYLOWER WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUXE WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUXE WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUXE WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUXE WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUXE WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUXE WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUXE WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUXE WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUXE WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUXE WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUXE WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUXE WFS_PTR_PAPERFULLE WFS_PTR_PAPERFULLE WFS_PTR_PAPEROUTE WFS_PTR_PAPEROUTE WFS_PTR_PAPERUNKNOWNE WFS_PTR_PAPERUNKNOWNE WFS_PTR_PAPERJAMMED	<pre>(7) c and Type */ (16) (WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE - 1) (0) (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) shold */ (0) (1) (2) (3) (4)</pre>
<pre>#define #define #</pre>	<pre>WFS_PTR_MEDIAEXPELLED d max index of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper WFSPTRSTATUS.wPaperT WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE WFS_PTR_SUPPLYMAX of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper [] */ WFS_PTR_SUPPLYLOWER WFS_PTR_SUPPLYLOWER WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_PAPERTHRESHOLD.wPaperThrees WFS_PTR_PAPERFULL WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT WFS_PTR_PAPERUNKNOWN WFS_PTR_PAPERJAMMED of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwToner */</pre>	<pre>(7) f and Type */ (16) (WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE - 1) (0) (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) shold */ (0) (1) (2) (3) (4) (5)</pre>
<pre>#define #define #</pre>	WFS_PTR_MEDIAEXPELLED d max index of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE WFS_PTR_SUPPLYMAX of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper [] */ WFS_PTR_SUPPLYUPPER WFS_PTR_SUPPLYLOWER WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUXE WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUXE WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUXE WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUXE WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUXE WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUXE WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUXE WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUXE WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUXE WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUXE WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUXE WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUXE WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUXE WFS_PTR_PAPERTHRESHOLD.wPaperThrees WFS_PTR_PAPEROUTE WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT	<pre>(7) c and Type */ (16) (WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE - 1) (0) (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) shold */ (0) (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (0)</pre>
<pre>#define #define #</pre>	<pre>WFS_PTR_MEDIAEXPELLED d max index of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper WFSPTRSTATUS.wPaperT WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE WFS_PTR_SUPPLYMAX of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwPaper [] */ WFS_PTR_SUPPLYLOWER WFS_PTR_SUPPLYLOWER WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_SUPPLYAUX2 WFS_PTR_PAPERTHRESHOLD.wPaperThrees WFS_PTR_PAPERFULL WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT WFS_PTR_PAPEROUT WFS_PTR_PAPERUNKNOWN WFS_PTR_PAPERJAMMED of WFSPTRSTATUS.fwToner */</pre>	<pre>(7) f and Type */ (16) (WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE - 1) (0) (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) shold */ (0) (1) (2) (3) (4) (5)</pre>

#dofino I	WFS_PTR_TONEROUT WFS_PTR_TONERNOTSUPP WFS_PTR_TONERUNKNOWN	(2) (3) (4)
	WFSPTRSTATUS.fwInk */	
#define N #define N #define N	WFS_PTR_INKFULL WFS_PTR_INKLOW WFS_PTR_INKOUT WFS_PTR_INKNOTSUPP WFS_PTR_INKUNKNOWN	(0) (1) (2) (3) (4)
/* values of	WFSPTRSTATUS.fwLamp */	
#define T #define T #define T #define T	WFS_PTR_LAMPOK WFS_PTR_LAMPFADING WFS_PTR_LAMPINOP WFS_PTR_LAMPNOTSUPP WFS_PTR_LAMPUNKNOWN	(0) (1) (2) (3) (4)
/* values of	WFSPTRRETRACTBINS.wRetractBin and WFSPTRBINTHRESHOLD.wRetractBin */	
#define N #define N #define N	WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINOK WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINFULL WFS_PTR_RETRACTNOTSUPP WFS_PTR_RETRACTUNKNOWN WFS_PTR_RETRACTBINHIGH	<pre>(0) (1) (2) /* Deprecated */ (3) (4)</pre>
/* additional	l values of WFSPTRRETRACTBINS.wRet	ractBin */
#define N	NFS_PTR_RETRACTBINMISSING	(5)
/* Size and n	<pre>max index of dwGuidLights array */</pre>	,
	NFS_PTR_GUIDLIGHTS_SIZE NFS_PTR_GUIDLIGHTS_MAX	(32) (WFS_PTR_GUIDLIGHTS_SIZE - 1)
/* Indices o	<pre>E WFSPTRSTATUS.dwGuidLights [] WFSPTRCAPS.dwGuidLights [] */</pre>	,
#define N	NFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_PRINTER	(0)
	VFS_PIR_GOIDANCE_PRINIER	(0)
/* Values of	WFSPTRSTATUS.dwGuidLights [] WFSPTRCAPS.dwGuidLights [] */	
<pre>#define { #define { #</pre>	WFSPTRSTATUS.dwGuidLights [] WFSPTRCAPS.dwGuidLights [] */ NFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_NOT_AVAILABLE NFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_OFF NFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_SLOW_FLASH NFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_MEDIUM_FLASH NFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_QUICK_FLASH NFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_CONTINUOUS NFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_RED NFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_GREEN NFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_GREEN NFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_BLUE NFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_CYAN NFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_CYAN NFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_MAGENTA NFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_WHITE	(0x00000000) (0x00000001) (0x00000004) (0x00000008) (0x00000080) (0x00000100) (0x00000200) (0x00000200) (0x00000400) (0x00001000) (0x00002000) (0x00002000) (0x00004000)
<pre>#define { #define { #</pre>	WFSPTRSTATUS.dwGuidLights [] WFSPTRCAPS.dwGuidLights [] */ WFSPTRCAPS.dwGuidLights [] */ NFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_NOT_AVAILABLE WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_OFF WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_SLOW_FLASH WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_QUICK_FLASH WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_CONTINUOUS WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_RED WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_RED WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_GREEN WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_GREEN WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_BLUE WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_CYAN WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_MAGENTA	(0x0000000) (0x0000001) (0x0000004) (0x0000008) (0x0000008) (0x00000080) (0x00000100) (0x00000200) (0x00000400) (0x00000400) (0x00001000) (0x00002000) (0x00002000) (0x00004000)
<pre>#define [] #define [] #defin</pre>	WFSPTRSTATUS.dwGuidLights [] WFSPTRCAPS.dwGuidLights [] */ WFSPTRCAPS.dwGuidLights [] */ NFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_NOT_AVAILABLE WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_OFF WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_SLOW_FLASH WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_MEDIUM_FLASH WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_CONTINUOUS WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_CONTINUOUS WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_GREEN WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_GREEN WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_BLUE WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_CYAN WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_CYAN WFS_PTR_GUIDANCE_WHITE WFSPTRSTATUS.wDevicePosition	(0x0000000) (0x0000001) (0x0000004) (0x0000008) (0x0000008) (0x00000080) (0x00000100) (0x00000200) (0x00000400) (0x00000400) (0x00001000) (0x00002000) (0x00002000) (0x00004000)

#define #define #define	WFS_PTR_PAPERSINGLESIDED WFS_PTR_PAPERDUALSIDED WFS_PTR_PAPERTYPEUNKNOWN	(0) (1) (2)
/* values	of WFSPTRSTATUS.wAntiFraudModule '	*/
#define	WFS PTR AFMNOTSUPP	(0)
#define	WFS_PTR_AFMOK	(1)
#define	WFS_PTR_AFMINOP	(2)
#define	WFS_PTR_AFMDEVICEDETECTED	(3)
#define	WFS_PTR_AFMUNKNOWN	(4)
/* values	of WFSPTRCAPS.fwType */	
#define	WFS_PTR_TYPERECEIPT	(0x0001)
#define	WFS_PTR_TYPEPASSBOOK	(0x0002)
#define	WFS_PTR_TYPEJOURNAL	(0x0004)
#define	WFS_PTR_TYPEDOCUMENT	(0x0008)
#define	WFS_PTR_TYPESCANNER	(0x0010)
/* values	of WFSPTRCAPS.wResolution, WFSPTRPRINTFORM.wResolution */	
#define	WFS PTR RESLOW	(0x0001)
#define	WFS_PTR_RESMED	(0x0002)
#define	WFS_PTR_RESHIGH	(0x0004)
#define	WFS_PTR_RESVERYHIGH	(0x0008)
/* values	of WFSPTRCAPS.fwReadForm */	
#define	WFS_PTR_READOCR	(0x0001)
#define	WFS_PTR_READMICR	(0x0002)
#define	WFS_PTR_READMSF	(0x0004)
#define	WFS_PTR_READBARCODE	(0x0008)
#define	WFS_PTR_READPAGEMARK	(0x0010)
#define	WFS_PTR_READIMAGE	(0x0020)
#define	WFS_PTR_READEMPTYLINE	(0x0040)
		(0110010)
	of WFSPTRCAPS.fwWriteForm */	(010010)
	of WFSPTRCAPS.fwWriteForm */ WFS_PTR_WRITETEXT	(0x0001)
/* values		
/* values #define #define #define	WFS_PTR_WRITETEXT	(0x0001)
/* values #define #define #define #define	WFS_PTR_WRITETEXT WFS_PTR_WRITEGRAPHICS WFS_PTR_WRITEOCR WFS_PTR_WRITEMICR	(0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) (0x0008)
/* values #define #define #define #define #define	WFS_PTR_WRITETEXT WFS_PTR_WRITEGRAPHICS WFS_PTR_WRITEOCR WFS_PTR_WRITEMICR WFS_PTR_WRITEMSF	(0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) (0x0008) (0x0010)
/* values #define #define #define #define #define #define	WFS_PTR_WRITETEXT WFS_PTR_WRITEGRAPHICS WFS_PTR_WRITEOCR WFS_PTR_WRITEMICR WFS_PTR_WRITEMSF WFS_PTR_WRITEBARCODE	(0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) (0x0008) (0x0010) (0x0020)
/* values #define #define #define #define #define	WFS_PTR_WRITETEXT WFS_PTR_WRITEGRAPHICS WFS_PTR_WRITEOCR WFS_PTR_WRITEMICR WFS_PTR_WRITEMSF	(0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) (0x0008) (0x0010)
/* values #define #define #define #define #define #define #define	WFS_PTR_WRITETEXT WFS_PTR_WRITEGRAPHICS WFS_PTR_WRITEOCR WFS_PTR_WRITEMICR WFS_PTR_WRITEMSF WFS_PTR_WRITEBARCODE	(0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) (0x0008) (0x0010) (0x0020)
<pre>/* values #define #define #define #define #define #define #define /* values #define</pre>	WFS_PTR_WRITETEXT WFS_PTR_WRITEGRAPHICS WFS_PTR_WRITEOCR WFS_PTR_WRITEMICR WFS_PTR_WRITEBARCODE WFS_PTR_WRITESTAMP of WFSPTRCAPS.fwExtents */ WFS_PTR_EXTHORIZONTAL	(0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) (0x0008) (0x0010) (0x0020) (0x0040)
<pre>/* values #define #define #define #define #define #define #define #define #define</pre>	WFS_PTR_WRITETEXT WFS_PTR_WRITEGRAPHICS WFS_PTR_WRITEOCR WFS_PTR_WRITEMICR WFS_PTR_WRITEMSF WFS_PTR_WRITEBARCODE WFS_PTR_WRITESTAMP of WFSPTRCAPS.fwExtents */	(0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) (0x0008) (0x0010) (0x0020) (0x0040)
<pre>/* values #define #define</pre>	WFS_PTR_WRITETEXT WFS_PTR_WRITEGRAPHICS WFS_PTR_WRITEOCR WFS_PTR_WRITEMICR WFS_PTR_WRITEBARCODE WFS_PTR_WRITESTAMP of WFSPTRCAPS.fwExtents */ WFS_PTR_EXTHORIZONTAL	(0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) (0x0008) (0x0010) (0x0020) (0x0040)
<pre>/* values #define #define #define #define #define #define /* values #define #define #define #define #define #define #define #define /* values #define #define #define</pre>	<pre>WFS_PTR_WRITETEXT WFS_PTR_WRITEGRAPHICS WFS_PTR_WRITEOCR WFS_PTR_WRITEMICR WFS_PTR_WRITEBARCODE WFS_PTR_WRITESTAMP of WFSPTRCAPS.fwExtents */ WFS_PTR_EXTHORIZONTAL WFS_PTR_EXTVERTICAL of WFSPTRCAPS.fwControl, dwMediaCo WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT</pre>	<pre>(0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) (0x0008) (0x0010) (0x0020) (0x0040) (0x0001) (0x0001) (0x0001)</pre>
<pre>/* values #define #define #define #define #define #define /* values #define /* values #define #define</pre>	<pre>WFS_PTR_WRITETEXT WFS_PTR_WRITEGRAPHICS WFS_PTR_WRITEOCR WFS_PTR_WRITEMICR WFS_PTR_WRITEBARCODE WFS_PTR_WRITESTAMP of WFSPTRCAPS.fwExtents */ WFS_PTR_EXTHORIZONTAL WFS_PTR_EXTVERTICAL of WFSPTRCAPS.fwControl, dwMediaCo WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT WFS_PTR_CTRLEPERFORATE</pre>	<pre>(0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) (0x0008) (0x0010) (0x0020) (0x0040) (0x0001) (0x0001) (0x0001) (0x0001) (0x0001) (0x0001)</pre>
<pre>/* values #define #define #define #define #define #define /* values #define /* values #define #define</pre>	<pre>WFS_PTR_WRITETEXT WFS_PTR_WRITEGRAPHICS WFS_PTR_WRITEOCR WFS_PTR_WRITEMICR WFS_PTR_WRITEBARCODE WFS_PTR_WRITESTAMP of WFSPTRCAPS.fwExtents */ WFS_PTR_EXTHORIZONTAL WFS_PTR_EXTVERTICAL of WFSPTRCAPS.fwControl, dwMediaCo WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT WFS_PTR_CTRLEVERFORATE WFS_PTR_CTRLCUT</pre>	<pre>(0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) (0x0008) (0x0010) (0x0020) (0x0040) (0x0001) (0x0002) ontrol */ (0x0001) (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004)</pre>
<pre>/* values #define #define #define #define #define #define /* values #define /* values #define #define</pre>	<pre>WFS_PTR_WRITETEXT WFS_PTR_WRITEGRAPHICS WFS_PTR_WRITEOCR WFS_PTR_WRITEMICR WFS_PTR_WRITEBARCODE WFS_PTR_WRITESTAMP of WFSPTRCAPS.fwExtents */ WFS_PTR_EXTHORIZONTAL WFS_PTR_EXTVERTICAL of WFSPTRCAPS.fwControl, dwMediaCo WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT WFS_PTR_CTRLEYFORATE WFS_PTR_CTRLEYFORATE WFS_PTR_CTRLSKIP</pre>	<pre>(0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) (0x0008) (0x0010) (0x0020) (0x0040) (0x0001) (0x0002) ontrol */ (0x0001) (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) (0x0008)</pre>
<pre>/* values #define #define #define #define #define #define /* values #define /* values #define #de</pre>	<pre>WFS_PTR_WRITETEXT WFS_PTR_WRITEGRAPHICS WFS_PTR_WRITEOCR WFS_PTR_WRITEMICR WFS_PTR_WRITEBARCODE WFS_PTR_WRITESTAMP of WFSPTRCAPS.fwExtents */ WFS_PTR_EXTHORIZONTAL WFS_PTR_EXTVERTICAL of WFSPTRCAPS.fwControl, dwMediaCo WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT WFS_PTR_CTRLEPERFORATE WFS_PTR_CTRLEV WFS_PTR_V WFS</pre>	<pre>(0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) (0x0008) (0x0010) (0x0020) (0x0040) (0x0001) (0x0002) ontrol */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) (0x0008) (0x0010)</pre>
<pre>/* values #define #define #define #define #define #define /* values #define /* values #define #de</pre>	<pre>WFS_PTR_WRITETEXT WFS_PTR_WRITEGRAPHICS WFS_PTR_WRITEOCR WFS_PTR_WRITEMICR WFS_PTR_WRITEBARCODE WFS_PTR_WRITESTAMP of WFSPTRCAPS.fwExtents */ WFS_PTR_EXTHORIZONTAL WFS_PTR_EXTVERTICAL of WFSPTRCAPS.fwControl, dwMediaCo WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT WFS_PTR_CTRLEPERFORATE WFS_PTR_CTRLEV WFS_PTR_V WFS</pre>	<pre>(0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) (0x0008) (0x0010) (0x0020) (0x0040) (0x0001) (0x0002) ontrol */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) (0x0008) (0x0010) (0x0020)</pre>
<pre>/* values #define #define #define #define #define #define /* values #define /* values #define #de</pre>	<pre>WFS_PTR_WRITETEXT WFS_PTR_WRITEGRAPHICS WFS_PTR_WRITEOCR WFS_PTR_WRITEMICR WFS_PTR_WRITEBARCODE WFS_PTR_WRITESTAMP of WFSPTRCAPS.fwExtents */ WFS_PTR_EXTHORIZONTAL WFS_PTR_EXTVERTICAL of WFSPTRCAPS.fwControl, dwMediaCo WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT WFS_PTR_CTRLEPERFORATE WFS_PTR_CTRLEVI WFS_PTR_CTRLSKIP WFS_PTR_CTRLFUSH WFS_PTR_CTRLFUSH WFS_PTR_CTRLETRACT WFS_PTR_CTRLSTACK</pre>	<pre>(0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) (0x0008) (0x0010) (0x0020) (0x0040) (0x0001) (0x0002) ontrol */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) (0x0004) (0x0010) (0x0020) (0x0040)</pre>
<pre>/* values #define #define #define #define #define #define /* values #define /* values #define #de</pre>	<pre>WFS_PTR_WRITETEXT WFS_PTR_WRITEGRAPHICS WFS_PTR_WRITEOCR WFS_PTR_WRITEMICR WFS_PTR_WRITEBARCODE WFS_PTR_WRITESTAMP of WFSPTRCAPS.fwExtents */ WFS_PTR_EXTHORIZONTAL WFS_PTR_EXTVERTICAL of WFSPTRCAPS.fwControl, dwMediaCo WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT WFS_PTR_CTRLEPERFORATE WFS_PTR_CTRLEVI WFS_PTR_V W</pre>	<pre>(0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) (0x0008) (0x0010) (0x0020) (0x0040) (0x0001) (0x0002) ontrol */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) (0x0004) (0x0010) (0x0020) (0x0040) (0x0080)</pre>
<pre>/* values #define #define #define #define #define #define /* values #define /* values #define #de</pre>	<pre>WFS_PTR_WRITETEXT WFS_PTR_WRITEGRAPHICS WFS_PTR_WRITEOCR WFS_PTR_WRITEMICR WFS_PTR_WRITEBARCODE WFS_PTR_WRITESTAMP of WFSPTRCAPS.fwExtents */ WFS_PTR_EXTHORIZONTAL WFS_PTR_EXTVERTICAL of WFSPTRCAPS.fwControl, dwMediaCo WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT WFS_PTR_CTRLEPERFORATE WFS_PTR_CTRLEVI WFS_PTR_CTRLEVI WFS_PTR_CTRLEVI WFS_PTR_CTRLEVI WFS_PTR_CTRLEVI WFS_PTR_CTRLEVI WFS_PTR_CTRLEVI WFS_PTR_CTRLEVI WFS_PTR_CTRLEVI WFS_PTR_CTRLEVI WFS_PTR_CTRLEVI WFS_PTR_CTRLEVI WFS_PTR_CTRLEVI WFS_PTR_CTRLEVI WFS_PTR_CTRLALARM</pre>	<pre>(0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) (0x0008) (0x0010) (0x0020) (0x0040) (0x0001) (0x0002) ontrol */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) (0x0004) (0x00010) (0x0020) (0x0040) (0x0080) (0x0100)</pre>
<pre>/* values #define #define #define #define #define #define /* values #define /* values #define #de</pre>	<pre>WFS_PTR_WRITETEXT WFS_PTR_WRITEGRAPHICS WFS_PTR_WRITEOCR WFS_PTR_WRITEMICR WFS_PTR_WRITEBARCODE WFS_PTR_WRITESTAMP of WFSPTRCAPS.fwExtents */ WFS_PTR_EXTHORIZONTAL WFS_PTR_EXTVERTICAL of WFSPTRCAPS.fwControl, dwMediaCo WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT WFS_PTR_CTRLEVERFORATE</pre>	<pre>(0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) (0x0008) (0x0010) (0x0020) (0x0040) (0x0001) (0x0002) ontrol */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) (0x0004) (0x0010) (0x0020) (0x0040) (0x0080) (0x0100) (0x0200)</pre>
<pre>/* values #define #define #define #define #define #define /* values #define /* values #define #de</pre>	<pre>WFS_PTR_WRITETEXT WFS_PTR_WRITEGRAPHICS WFS_PTR_WRITEOCR WFS_PTR_WRITEMICR WFS_PTR_WRITEBARCODE WFS_PTR_WRITESTAMP of WFSPTRCAPS.fwExtents */ WFS_PTR_EXTHORIZONTAL WFS_PTR_EXTVERTICAL of WFSPTRCAPS.fwControl, dwMediaCo WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT WFS_PTR_CTRLEVERFORATE</pre>	<pre>(0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) (0x0008) (0x0010) (0x0020) (0x0040) (0x0001) (0x0002) ontrol */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) (0x0004) (0x0002) (0x0010) (0x0020) (0x0040) (0x0100) (0x0200) (0x0400)</pre>
<pre>/* values #define #define #define #define #define #define /* values #define #defi</pre>	<pre>WFS_PTR_WRITETEXT WFS_PTR_WRITEGRAPHICS WFS_PTR_WRITEOCR WFS_PTR_WRITEMICR WFS_PTR_WRITEBARCODE WFS_PTR_WRITESTAMP of WFSPTRCAPS.fwExtents */ WFS_PTR_EXTHORIZONTAL WFS_PTR_EXTVERTICAL of WFSPTRCAPS.fwControl, dwMediaCo WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT WFS_PTR_CTRLEVERFORATE</pre>	<pre>(0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) (0x0008) (0x0010) (0x0020) (0x0040) (0x0001) (0x0002) ontrol */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) (0x0004) (0x0004) (0x0002) (0x0010) (0x0020) (0x0040) (0x0100) (0x0200) (0x0400) (0x0800)</pre>
<pre>/* values #define #define #define #define #define #define /* values #define #defi</pre>	<pre>WFS_PTR_WRITETEXT WFS_PTR_WRITEGRAPHICS WFS_PTR_WRITEOCR WFS_PTR_WRITEMICR WFS_PTR_WRITEBARCODE WFS_PTR_WRITESTAMP of WFSPTRCAPS.fwExtents */ WFS_PTR_EXTHORIZONTAL WFS_PTR_EXTVERTICAL of WFSPTRCAPS.fwControl, dwMediaCo WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT WFS_PTR_CTRLEVERFORATE WFS_PTR_CTRLSKIP WFS_PTR_CTRLSKIP WFS_PTR_CTRLFUSH WFS_PTR_CTRLFUSH WFS_PTR_CTRLFUSH WFS_PTR_CTRLETRACT WFS_PTR_CTRLAPARTIALCUT WFS_PTR_CTRLAPARTIALCUT WFS_PTR_CTRLAPARTIALCUT WFS_PTR_CTRLAPFORWARD WFS_PTR_CTRLATPFORWARD WFS_PTR_CTRLATPBACKWARD WFS_PTR_CTRLSTAMP</pre>	<pre>(0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) (0x0008) (0x0010) (0x0020) (0x0040) (0x0001) (0x0002) ontrol */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) (0x0002) (0x0004) (0x0002) (0x0004) (0x0000) (0x0040) (0x0000) (0x0400) (0x0800) (0x1000)</pre>
<pre>/* values #define #define #define #define #define #define /* values #define #defi</pre>	<pre>WFS_PTR_WRITETEXT WFS_PTR_WRITEGRAPHICS WFS_PTR_WRITEOCR WFS_PTR_WRITEMICR WFS_PTR_WRITEBARCODE WFS_PTR_WRITESTAMP of WFSPTRCAPS.fwExtents */ WFS_PTR_EXTHORIZONTAL WFS_PTR_EXTVERTICAL of WFSPTRCAPS.fwControl, dwMediaCo WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECT WFS_PTR_CTRLEVERFORATE</pre>	<pre>(0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) (0x0008) (0x0010) (0x0020) (0x0040) (0x0001) (0x0002) ontrol */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) (0x0004) (0x0004) (0x0002) (0x0040) (0x0040) (0x0200) (0x0400) (0x0400) (0x0800)</pre>

#define	WFS_PTR_CTRLEJECTTOTRANSPORT	(0x8000)
/* values	of WFSPTRCAPS.fwPaperSources, WFSFRMMEDIA.wPaperSources, WFSPTRPRINTFORM.wPaperSource and	
	WFSPTRPAPERTHRESHOLD.wPaperSource	e */
#define	WFS_PTR_PAPERANY	(0x0001)
#define	WFS_PTR_PAPERUPPER	(0x0002)
#define	WFS_PTR_PAPERLOWER	(0x0004)
#define	WFS_PTR_PAPEREXTERNAL	(0x0008)
#define	WFS_PTR_PAPERAUX	(0x0010)
#define	WFS_PTR_PAPERAUX2	(0x0020)
#define	WFS_PTR_PAPERPARK	(0x0040)
/* values	of WFSPTRCAPS.fwControlPassbook WFSPTRCONTROLPASSBOOK.wAction */	
#define	WFS_PTR_PBKCTRLNOTSUPP	(0x0000)
#define	WFS_PTR_PBKCTRLTURNFORWARD	(0x0001)
#define	WFS_PTR_PBKCTRLTURNBACKWARD	(0x0002)
#define	WFS_PTR_PBKCTRLCLOSEFORWARD	(0x0004)
#define	WFS_PTR_PBKCTRLCLOSEBACKWARD	(0x0008)
/* values	of WFSPTRCAPS.fwImageType,	
	WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wFrontImageTyp	
	WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageType	e */
		(00001)
#define	WFS_PTR_IMAGETIF	(0x0001)
#define	WFS_PTR_IMAGEWMF	(0x0002)
#define	WFS_PTR_IMAGEBMP	(0×0004)
#define	WFS_PTR_IMAGEJPG	(0x0008)
/* values	of WFSPTRCAPS.fwFrontImageColorForma	
	WFSPTRCAPS.fwBackImageColorFormat WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wFrontImageCol	
		lorFormat and
Hdofino	WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wFrontImageCol WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageCold	lorFormat and prFormat */
#define	WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wFrontImageCo WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageCold WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY	lorFormat and prFormat */ (0x0001)
#define	WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wFrontImageCol WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageCol WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE	lorFormat and prFormat */ (0x0001) (0x0002)
	WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wFrontImageCo WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageCold WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY	lorFormat and prFormat */ (0x0001)
#define #define	WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wFrontImageCol WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageCold WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCodelineFormat and	lorFormat and prFormat */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004)
#define #define	WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wFrontImageCol WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageCol WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL	lorFormat and prFormat */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004)
#define #define /* values	WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wFrontImageCol WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageColo WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCodelineFormat and WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wCodelineFormat	lorFormat and prFormat */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) at */
<pre>#define #define /* values #define</pre>	WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wFrontImageCol WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageCold WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCodelineFormat and WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wCodelineFormat WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7	lorFormat and prFormat */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) at */ (0x0001)
#define #define /* values	WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wFrontImageCol WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageColo WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCodelineFormat and WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wCodelineFormat	lorFormat and prFormat */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) at */
<pre>#define #define /* values #define #define</pre>	WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wFrontImageCol WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageColo WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCodelineFormat and WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wCodelineFormat WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7 WFS_PTR_CODELINEE13B	lorFormat and prFormat */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) at */ (0x0001) (0x0001) (0x0002)
<pre>#define #define /* values #define #define #define #define</pre>	WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wFrontImageCol WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageColo WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCodelineFormat and WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wCodelineFormat WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7 WFS_PTR_CODELINEE13B	lorFormat and prFormat */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) at */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004)
<pre>#define #define /* values #define #define #define #define</pre>	<pre>WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wFrontImageCol WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageCold WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCodelineFormat and WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wCodelineFormat WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7 WFS_PTR_CODELINEE13B WFS_PTR_CODELINEE13B WFS_PTR_CODELINEOCR of WFSPTRCAPS.fwImageSource, WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource</pre>	lorFormat and prFormat */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) at */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004)
<pre>#define #define /* values #define #define #define #define</pre>	<pre>WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wFrontImageCol WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageCold WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCodelineFormat and WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wCodelineFormat WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7 WFS_PTR_CODELINEE13B WFS_PTR_CODELINEE13B WFS_PTR_CODELINEOCR of WFSPTRCAPS.fwImageSource, WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource</pre>	lorFormat and prFormat */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) at */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004)
<pre>#define #define /* values #define #define #define /* values</pre>	<pre>WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wFrontImageCol WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageColo WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCodelineFormat and WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wCodelineFormat WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7 WFS_PTR_CODELINEE13B WFS_PTR_CODELINEE13B WFS_PTR_CODELINEOCR of WFSPTRCAPS.fwImageSource, WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGE.wImageSource */</pre>	<pre>lorFormat and prFormat */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) at */ (0x0001) (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) and</pre>
<pre>#define #define /* values #define #define #define /* values #define</pre>	<pre>WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wFrontImageCol WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageColo WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCodelineFormat and WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wCodelineFormat WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7 WFS_PTR_CODELINEE13B WFS_PTR_CODELINE0CR of WFSPTRCAPS.fwImageSource, WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGE.wImageSource */ WFS_PTR_IMAGEFRONT</pre>	<pre>lorFormat and prFormat */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) at */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0002) (0x0004) and (0x0001)</pre>
<pre>#define #define #define #define #define /* values #define #define #define #define #define #define #define</pre>	<pre>WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wFrontImageCol WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageCold WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCodelineFormat and WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wCodelineFormat WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7 WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7 WFS_PTR_CODELINEE13B WFS_PTR_CODELINE0CR of WFSPTRCAPS.fwImageSource, WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGE.wImageSource */ WFS_PTR_IMAGEFRONT WFS_PTR_IMAGEFRONT WFS_PTR_IMAGEBACK WFS_PTR_CODELINE</pre>	<pre>lorFormat and prFormat */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) at */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) and (0x0001) (0x0001) (0x0001)</pre>
<pre>#define #define #define #define #define /* values #define #define #define #define #define #define #define</pre>	<pre>WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wFrontImageCol WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageCold WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCodelineFormat and WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wCodelineFormat WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7 WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7 WFS_PTR_CODELINEE13B WFS_PTR_CODELINEOCR of WFSPTRCAPS.fwImageSource, WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGE.wImageSource */ WFS_PTR_IMAGEFRONT WFS_PTR_IMAGEFRONT WFS_PTR_IMAGEBACK</pre>	<pre>lorFormat and prFormat */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) at */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) and (0x0001) (0x0001) (0x0001)</pre>
<pre>#define #define #define #define #define /* values #define #define #define #define #define #define #define</pre>	<pre>WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wFrontImageCol WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageCold WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCodelineFormat and WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wCodelineFormat WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7 WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7 WFS_PTR_CODELINEE13B WFS_PTR_CODELINEE13B WFS_PTR_CODELINEOCR of WFSPTRCAPS.fwImageSource, WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGE.wImageSource */ WFS_PTR_IMAGEFRONT WFS_PTR_IMAGEFRONT WFS_PTR_IMAGEBACK WFS_PTR_CODELINE of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCharSupport,</pre>	<pre>lorFormat and prFormat */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) at */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) and (0x0001) (0x0001) (0x0001)</pre>
<pre>#define #define #define #define #define /* values #define #define #define #define #define #define #define #define #define</pre>	<pre>WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wFrontImageCol WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageCold WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCodelineFormat and WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wCodelineFormat WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7 WFS_PTR_CODELINEE13B WFS_PTR_CODELINEE13B WFS_PTR_CODELINEOCR of WFSPTRCAPS.fwImageSource, WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGE.wImageSource */ WFS_PTR_IMAGEFRONT WFS_PTR_IMAGEFRONT WFS_PTR_IMAGEBACK WFS_PTR_CODELINE of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCharSupport, WFSFRMHEADER.fwCharSupport */</pre>	<pre>lorFormat and prFormat */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) at */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) and (0x0001) (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004)</pre>
<pre>#define #define #define #define #define /* values #define #define</pre>	<pre>WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wFrontImageCol WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageCold WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCodelineFormat and WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wCodelineFormat WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7 WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7 WFS_PTR_CODELINEE13B WFS_PTR_CODELINEE0CR of WFSPTRCAPS.fwImageSource, WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGE.wImageSource */ WFS_PTR_IMAGEFRONT WFS_PTR_IMAGEBACK WFS_PTR_CODELINE of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCharSupport, WFSFRMHEADER.fwCharSupport */ WFS_PTR_ASCII WFS_PTR_UNICODE</pre>	<pre>lorFormat and prFormat */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) at */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) and (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) (0x0004)</pre>
<pre>#define #define #define #define #define /* values #define #define #define #define #define /* values #define #define #define #define #define #define #define #define #define</pre>	<pre>WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wFrontImageCol WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageCold WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCodelineFormat and WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wCodelineFormat WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7 WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7 WFS_PTR_CODELINEE13B WFS_PTR_CODELINE0CR of WFSPTRCAPS.fwImageSource, WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGE.wImageSource */ WFS_PTR_IMAGEFRONT WFS_PTR_IMAGEFRONT WFS_PTR_CODELINE of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCharSupport, WFSFRMHEADER.fwCharSupport */ WFS_PTR_ASCII WFS_PTR_ODELINE of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCoercivityType */</pre>	<pre>lorFormat and prFormat */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) at */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) and (0x0001) (0x0001) (0x0001) (0x0001) (0x0001) (0x0001)</pre>
<pre>#define #define /* values #define #define #define /* values #define #define #define /* values #define #define</pre>	<pre>WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wFrontImageCol WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageCold WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCodelineFormat and WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wCodelineFormat WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7 WFS_PTR_CODELINEE13B WFS_PTR_CODELINEE13B WFS_PTR_CODELINEOCR of WFSPTRCAPS.fwImageSource, WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGE.wImageSource */ WFS_PTR_IMAGEFRONT WFS_PTR_IMAGEBACK WFS_PTR_CODELINE of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCharSupport, WFSFRMHEADER.fwCharSupport */ WFS_PTR_ASCII WFS_PTR_ODELINE of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCoercivityType */ WFS_PTR_COERCIVITYNOTSUPP</pre>	<pre>lorFormat and prFormat */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) at */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) and (0x0001) (0x0001) (0x0001) (0x0001) (0x0001)</pre>
<pre>#define #define #define #define #define #define /* values #define #define #define /* values #define #defi</pre>	<pre>WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wFrontImageCol WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageCold WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCodelineFormat and WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wCodelineFormat WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7 WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7 WFS_PTR_CODELINEE13B WFS_PTR_CODELINEOCR of WFSPTRCAPS.fwImageSource, WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGE.wImageSource */ WFS_PTR_IMAGEFRONT WFS_PTR_IMAGEBACK WFS_PTR_CODELINE of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCharSupport, WFSFRMHEADER.fwCharSupport */ WFS_PTR_ASCII WFS_PTR_ODELINE of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCoercivityType */ WFS_PTR_COERCIVITYNOTSUPP WFS_PTR_COERCIVITYLOW</pre>	<pre>lorFormat and prFormat */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) at */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) and (0x0001) (0x0001) (0x0001) (0x0001) (0x0001) (0x0001) (0x0001) (0x0001) (0x0001) (0x0001)</pre>
<pre>#define #define /* values #define #define #define /* values #define #define #define /* values #define #define</pre>	<pre>WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wFrontImageCol WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wBackImageCold WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORBINARY WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORGRAYSCALE WFS_PTR_IMAGECOLORFULL of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCodelineFormat and WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.wCodelineFormat WFS_PTR_CODELINECMC7 WFS_PTR_CODELINEE13B WFS_PTR_CODELINEE13B WFS_PTR_CODELINEOCR of WFSPTRCAPS.fwImageSource, WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST.fwImageSource WFSPTRIMAGE.wImageSource */ WFS_PTR_IMAGEFRONT WFS_PTR_IMAGEBACK WFS_PTR_CODELINE of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCharSupport, WFSFRMHEADER.fwCharSupport */ WFS_PTR_ASCII WFS_PTR_ODELINE of WFSPTRCAPS.fwCoercivityType */ WFS_PTR_COERCIVITYNOTSUPP</pre>	<pre>lorFormat and prFormat */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) at */ (0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) and (0x0001) (0x0001) (0x0001) (0x0001) (0x0001)</pre>

```
/* values of WFSPTRCAPS.wPrintSides */
#define WFS_PTR_PRINTSIDESNOTSUPP
#define WFS_PTR_PRINTSIDESSINGLE
#define WFS_PTR_PRINTSIDESDUAL
                                                   (0x0000)
             (0x0001)
                                                   (0x0002)
/* values of WFSFRMHEADER.wBase,
             WFSFRMMEDIA.wBase,
              WFSPTRMEDIAUNIT.wBase */
#define
           WFS FRM INCH
                                                   (0)
#define WFS_FRM_MM
                                                   (1)
#define
           WFS_FRM_ROWCOLUMN
                                                   (2)
/* values of WFSFRMHEADER.wAlignment */
           WFS_FRM_TOPLEFT
#define
                                                   (0)
#define WFS_FRM_TOPRIGHT
                                                   (1)
#define WFS_FRM_BOTTOMLEFT
#define WFS_FRM_BOTTOMRIGHT
                                                   (2)
                                                   (3)
/* values of WFSFRMHEADER.wOrientation */
#define WFS_FRM_PORTRAIT
                                                   (0)
#define
            WFS FRM LANDSCAPE
                                                   (1)
/* values of WFSFRMMEDIA.fwMediaType */
#define
           WFS_FRM_MEDIAGENERIC
                                                   (0)
#define WFS_FRM_MEDIAPASSBOOK
#define WFS_FRM_MEDIAMULTIPART
                                                   (1)
                                                   (2)
/* values of WFSFRMMEDIA.wFoldType */
#define
           WFS_FRM_FOLDNONE
                                                   (0)
#define
             WFS FRM FOLDHORIZONTAL
                                                   (1)
            WFS_FRM_FOLDVERTICAL
#define
                                                   (2)
/* values of WFSFRMFIELD.fwType */
#define WFS_FRM_FIELDTEXT
#define WFS_FRM_FIELDMICR
#define WFS_FRM_FIELDOCR
#define WFS_FRM_FIELDMSF
                                                   (0)
                                                   (1)
                                                   (2)
                                                   (3)
#define WFS_FRM_FIELDBARCODE
                                                   (4)
#define WFS_FRM_FIELDGRAPHIC
#define WFS_FRM_FIELDPAGEMARK
                                                   (5)
           WFS_FRM_FIELDPAGEMARK
                                                   (6)
/* values of WFSFRMFIELD.fwClass */
           WFS_FRM_CLASSSTATIC
#define
                                                   (0)
#ae⊥...
#define
           WFS_FRM_CLASSOPTIONAL
                                                   (1)
#define
            WFS_FRM_CLASSREQUIRED
                                                   (2)
/* values of WFSFRMFIELD.fwAccess */
#define
           WFS_FRM_ACCESSREAD
                                                   (0x0001)
            WFS_FRM_ACCESSWRITE
                                                   (0x0002)
#define
/* values of WFSFRMFIELD.fwOverflow */
           WFS_FRM_OVFTERMINATE
#define
                                                   (0)
#define
           WFS_FRM_OVFTRUNCATE
                                                   (1)
#define
            WFS_FRM_OVFBESTFIT
                                                   (2)
#define WFS_FRM_OVFBESIFII
#define WFS_FRM_OVFOVERWRITE
                                                   (3)
#define
           WFS_FRM_OVFWORDWRAP
                                                   (4)
/* values of WFSFRMFIELD.wCoercivity */
```

WFS_FRM_COERCIVITYAUTO

#define

(0)

#define	WFS_FRM_COERCIVITYLOW	(1)
#define	WFS_FRM_COERCIVITYHIGH	(2)
/* values	of WFSPTRFIELDFAIL.wFailure */	
#define	WFS_PTR_FIELDREQUIRED	(0)
#define	WFS_PTR_FIELDSTATICOVWR	(1)
#define	WFS_PTR_FIELDOVERFLOW	(2)
#define	WFS_PTR_FIELDNOTFOUND	(3)
#define	WFS_PTR_FIELDNOTREAD	(4)
#define	WFS PTR FIELDNOTWRITE	(5)
#define	WFS_PTR_FIELDHWERROR	(6)
#define	WFS_PTR_FIELDTYPENOTSUPPORTED	(7)
#define	WFS_PTR_FIELDGRAPHIC	(8)
#define	WFS_PTR_FILLDGRAPHIC WFS_PTR_CHARSETFORM	(9)
#derine	WFS_PIR_CHARSEIFORM	(3)
/*	of WECOPODDINTEODM wali apport */	
/* values	of WFSPTRPRINTFORM.wAlignment */	
		(0)
#define	WFS_PTR_ALNUSEFORMDEFN	(0)
#define	WFS_PTR_ALNTOPLEFT	(1)
#define	WFS_PTR_ALNTOPRIGHT	(2)
#define	WFS_PTR_ALNBOTTOMLEFT	(3)
#define	WFS_PTR_ALNBOTTOMRIGHT	(4)
/* values	of WFSPTRPRINTFORM.wOffsetX and	
	WFSPTRPRINTFORM.wOffsetY */	
#define	WFS_PTR_OFFSETUSEFORMDEFN	(Oxfff)
/* values	of WFSPTRRAWDATA.wInputData */	
#define	WFS_PTR_NOINPUTDATA	(0)
#define	WFS_PTR_INPUTDATA	(1)
/* values	of WFSPTRIMAGE.wStatus */	
#define	WFS_PTR_DATAOK	(0)
#define	WFS_PTR_DATASRCNOTSUPP	(1)
#define	WFS_PTR_DATASRCMISSING	(2)
/* values	of WFSPTRBINSTATUS.wRetractBin *	/
#define	WFS_PTR_RETRACTBININSERTED	(1)
#define	WFS PTR RETRACTBINREMOVED	(2)
/* values	of WFSPTRDEFINITIONLOADED.dwDefi	nitionType */
,		11 - /
#define	WFS PTR FORMLOADED	(0x0000001)
#define	WFS_PTR_MEDIALOADED	(0x00000002)
10022110		(010000002)
/* values	of WFSPTRSUPPLYREPLEN.fwSupplyRe	plen */
,		<u> </u>
#define	WFS PTR REPLEN PAPERUPPER	(0x0001)
#define	WFS PTR REPLEN PAPERLOWER	(0x0002)
#define	WFS PTR REPLEN PAPERAUX	(0x0004)
#define	WFS_PTR_REPLEN_PAPERAUX2	(0x0008)
#define	WFS_PTR_REPLEN_TONER	(0x0010)
#define		(0x0020)
	WFS_PTR_REPLEN_INK	
#define	WFS_PTR_REPLEN_LAMP	(0x0040)
/*	of WFSPTRMEDIAREJECTED.wMediaRej	oatod */
/* values	OI WFSPIRMEDIAREJECIED.WMediaRej	ected */
# d c f i		(0)
#define	WFS_PTR_REJECT_SHORT	(0)
#define	WFS_PTR_REJECT_LONG	(1)
#define	WFS_PTR_REJECT_MULTIPLE	(2)
#define	WFS_PTR_REJECT_ALIGN	(3)
#define	WFS_PTR_REJECT_MOVETOALIGN	(4)
#define	WFS_PTR_REJECT_SHUTTER	(5)
#define	WFS_PTR_REJECT_ESCROW	(6)
#define	WFS_PTR_REJECT_THICK	(7)

#define WFS_PTR_REJECT_OTHER (8) /* values of WFSPTRMEDIARETRACTED.wRetractResult */ WFS_PTR_AUTO_RETRACT_OK #define (0)WFS PTR AUTO RETRACT MEDIAJAMMED #define (1) /* XFS PTR Errors */ #define WFS_ERR_PTR_FORMNOTFOUND (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 0)) #define WFS ERR PTR FIELDNOTFOUND (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 1)) #define WFS_ERR_PTR_NOMEDIAPRESENT (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2)) #define WFS_ERR_PTR_READNOTSUPPORTED (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3)) #define WFS ERR PTR FLUSHFAIL (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 4)) #define WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAOVERFLOW (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5)) #define WFS_ERR_PTR_FIELDSPECFAILURE (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 6)) #define WFS_ERR_PTR_FIELDERROR (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7)) #define WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIANOTFOUND (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 8)) #define WFS_ERR_PTR_EXTENTNOTSUPPORTED (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 9)) #define WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAINVALID (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10)) #define WFS_ERR_PTR_FORMINVALID (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 11)) #define WFS ERR PTR FIELDINVALID (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 12)) #define WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIASKEWED (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 13)) #define WFS_ERR_PTR_RETRACTBINFULL (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 14)) #define WFS ERR PTR STACKERFULL (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 15)) #define WFS ERR PTR PAGETURNFAIL (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 16)) #define WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIATURNFAIL (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 17)) #define WFS_ERR_PTR_SHUTTERFAIL (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 18)) #define WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAJAMMED (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 19)) #define WFS_ERR_PTR_FILE_IO_ERROR (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 20)) #define WFS_ERR_PTR_CHARSETDATA (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 21)) #define WFS_ERR_PTR_PAPERJAMMED (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 22)) #define WFS ERR PTR PAPEROUT (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 23)) #define WFS_ERR_PTR_INKOUT (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 24)) (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 25)) #define WFS_ERR_PTR_TONEROUT #define WFS ERR PTR LAMPINOP (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 26)) #define WFS_ERR_PTR_SOURCEINVALID (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 27)) #define WFS ERR PTR SEQUENCEINVALID (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 28)) #define WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIASIZE (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 29)) #define WFS_ERR_PTR_INVALID_PORT (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 30)) #define WFS ERR PTR MEDIARETAINED (-(PTR SERVICE OFFSET + 31)) #define WFS_ERR_PTR_BLACKMARK (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 32)) #define WFS_ERR_PTR_DEFINITIONEXISTS (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 33)) #define WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIAREJECTED (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 34)) #define WFS_ERR_PTR_MEDIARETRACTED (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 35)) (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 36)) #define WFS_ERR_PTR_MSFERROR #define WFS_ERR_PTR_NOMSF (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 37)) (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 38)) #define WFS_ERR_PTR_FILENOTFOUND #define WFS_ERR_PTR_POWERSAVETOOSHORT (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 39)) #define WFS_ERR_PTR_POWERSAVEMEDIAPRESENT (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 40)) #define WFS_ERR_PTR_PASSBOOKCLOSED (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 41)) #define WFS_ERR_PTR_LASTORFIRSTPAGEREACHED (-(PTR_SERVICE_OFFSET + 42)) /*_____*/ /* PTR Info Command Structures */ /*_____* typedef struct _wfs_ptr_retract_bins WORD wRetractBin; USHORT usRetractCount; } WFSPTRRETRACTBINS, *LPWFSPTRRETRACTBINS; typedef struct _wfs_ptr_status WORD fwDevice; WORD fwMedia; WORD fwPaper[WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE]; WORD fwToner; WORD fwInk;

WORD fwLamp; LPWFSPTRRETRACTBINS *lppRetractBins; USHORT usMediaOnStacker; LPSTR lpszExtra; DWORD dwGuidLights[WFS_PTR_GUIDLIGHTS_SIZE]; WORD wDevicePosition; USHORT usPowerSaveRecoveryTime; WORD wPaperType[WFS_PTR_SUPPLYSIZE]; wAntiFraudModule; WORD } WFSPTRSTATUS, *LPWFSPTRSTATUS; typedef struct _wfs_ptr_caps { WORD wClass; WORD fwType; BOOL bCompound; WORD wResolution; WORD fwReadForm; WORD fwWriteForm; WORD fwExtents; WORD fwControl; usMaxMediaOnStacker; USHORT BOOL bAcceptMedia; BOOL bMultiPage; WORD fwPaperSources; BOOL bMediaTaken; USHORT usRetractBins; LPUSHORT lpusMaxRetract; WORD fwImageType; WORD fwFrontImageColorFormat; WORD fwBackImageColorFormat; WORD fwCodelineFormat; fwImageSource; WORD WORD fwCharSupport; BOOL bDispensePaper; LPSTR lpszExtra; DWORD dwGuidLights[WFS_PTR_GUIDLIGHTS_SIZE]; LPSTR lpszWindowsPrinter; BOOL bMediaPresented; USHORT usAutoRetractPeriod; BOOL bRetractToTransport; BOOL bPowerSaveControl; WORD fwCoercivityType; WORD fwControlPassbook; WORD wPrintSides; BOOL bAntiFraudModule; } WFSPTRCAPS, *LPWFSPTRCAPS; typedef struct _wfs_frm_header lpszFormName; LPSTR WORD wBase; WORD wUnitX; WORD wUnitY; WORD wWidth; WORD wHeight; WORD wAlignment; wOrientation; WORD WORD wOffsetX; WORD wOffsetY; WORD wVersionMajor; WORD wVersionMinor; lpszUserPrompt; LPSTR WORD fwCharSupport; LPSTR lpszFields; WORD wLanguageID; } WFSFRMHEADER, *LPWFSFRMHEADER; typedef struct _wfs_frm_media

```
WORD
                       fwMediaType;
   WORD
                       wBase;
   WORD
                       wUnitX;
   WORD
                       wUnitY;
   WORD
                       wSizeWidth;
   WORD
                       wSizeHeight;
   WORD
                       wPageCount;
   WORD
                       wLineCount;
   WORD
                       wPrintAreaX;
   WORD
                       wPrintAreaY;
   WORD
                       wPrintAreaWidth;
   WORD
                       wPrintAreaHeight;
   WORD
                       wRestrictedAreaX;
   WORD
                       wRestrictedAreaY;
   WORD
                       wRestrictedAreaWidth;
   WORD
                       wRestrictedAreaHeight;
   WORD
                       wStagger;
   WORD
                       wFoldType;
   WORD
                       wPaperSources;
} WFSFRMMEDIA, *LPWFSFRMMEDIA;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_query_field
ł
   LPSTR
                       lpszFormName;
   LPSTR
                       lpszFieldName;
} WFSPTROUERYFIELD, *LPWFSPTROUERYFIELD;
typedef struct _wfs_frm_field
   LPSTR
                       lpszFieldName;
   WORD
                       wIndexCount;
   WORD
                       fwType;
   WORD
                       fwClass;
   WORD
                       fwAccess;
   WORD
                       fwOverflow;
   LPSTR
                       lpszInitialValue;
   LPWSTR
                       lpszUNICODEInitialValue;
   LPSTR
                       lpszFormat;
                       lpszUNICODEFormat;
   LPWSTR
   WORD
                       wLanguageID;
   WORD
                       wCoercivity;
} WFSFRMFIELD, *LPWFSFRMFIELD;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_hex_data
{
   USHORT
                       usLength;
   LPBYTE
                       lpbData;
} WFSPTRXDATA, *LPWFSPTRXDATA;
/* WFS_INF_PTR_CODELINE_MAPPING input and output structures */
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_codeline_mapping
ł
   WORD
                       wCodelineFormat;
}wFSPTRCODELINEMAPPING, *LPWFSPTRCODELINEMAPPING;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_codeline_mapping_out
{
   WORD
                       wCodelineFormat;
                       lpxCharMapping;
   LPWFSPTRXDATA
} WFSPTRCODELINEMAPPINGOUT, *LPWFSPTRCODELINEMAPPINGOUT;
/*-----*/
/* PTR Execute Command Structures */
/*_____*/
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_print_form
{
   LPSTR
                       lpszFormName;
   LPSTR
                       lpszMediaName;
```

```
WORD
                         wAlignment;
    WORD
                         wOffsetX;
    WORD
                         wOffsetY;
    WORD
                         wResolution;
    DWORD
                         dwMediaControl;
    LPSTR
                         lpszFields;
    LPWSTR
                          lpszUNICODEFields;
    WORD
                         wPaperSource;
} WFSPTRPRINTFORM, *LPWFSPTRPRINTFORM;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_read_form
{
    LPSTR
                          lpszFormName;
    LPSTR
                          lpszFieldNames;
    LPSTR
                          lpszMediaName;
    DWORD
                         dwMediaControl;
} WFSPTRREADFORM, *LPWFSPTRREADFORM;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_read_form_out
ł
    LPSTR
                          lpszFields;
                         lpszUNICODEFields;
    LPWSTR
} WFSPTRREADFORMOUT, *LPWFSPTRREADFORMOUT;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_raw_data
{
    WORD
                         wInputData;
    ULONG
                         ulSize;
    LPBYTE
                         lpbData;
} WFSPTRRAWDATA, *LPWFSPTRRAWDATA;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_raw_data_in
    ULONG
                         ulSize;
    LPBYTE
                         lpbData;
} WFSPTRRAWDATAIN, *LPWFSPTRRAWDATAIN;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_media_unit
    WORD
                         wBase;
    WORD
                         wUnitX;
    WORD
                         wUnitY;
} WFSPTRMEDIAUNIT, *LPWFSPTRMEDIAUNIT;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_media_ext
{
    ULONG
                         ulSizeX;
    ULONG
                         ulSizeY;
} WFSPTRMEDIAEXT, *LPWFSPTRMEDIAEXT;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_image_request
{
    WORD
                         wFrontImageType;
    WORD
                         wBackImageType;
    WORD
                         wFrontImageColorFormat;
    WORD
                          wBackImageColorFormat;
    WORD
                         wCodelineFormat;
    WORD
                          fwImageSource;
    LPSTR
                          lpszFrontImageFile;
    LPSTR
                         lpszBackImageFile;
} WFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST, *LPWFSPTRIMAGEREQUEST;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_image
ł
    WORD
                         wImageSource;
    WORD
                         wStatus;
    ULONG
                         ulDataLength;
    LPBYTE
                         lpbData;
} WFSPTRIMAGE, *LPWFSPTRIMAGE;
```

```
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_reset
{
   DWORD
                       dwMediaControl;
   USHORT
                       usRetractBinNumber;
} WFSPTRRESET, *LPWFSPTRRESET;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_set_guidlight
ł
   WORD
                       wGuidLight;
   DWORD
                       dwCommand;
} WFSPTRSETGUIDLIGHT, *LPWFSPTRSETGUIDLIGHT;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_print_raw_file
{
   LPSTR
                       lpszFileName;
   DWORD
                       dwMediaControl;
   DWORD
                       dwPaperSource;
} WFSPTRPRINTRAWFILE, *LPWFSPTRPRINTRAWFILE;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_load_definition
   LPSTR
                       lpszFileName;
   BOOL
                       bOverwrite;
} WFSPTRLOADDEFINITION, *LPWFSPTRLOADDEFINITION;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_supply_replen
   WORD
                       fwSupplyReplen;
} WFSPTRSUPPLYREPLEN, *LPWFSPTRSUPPLYREPLEN;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_power_save_control
   USHORT
                       usMaxPowerSaveRecoveryTime;
} WFSPTRPOWERSAVECONTROL, *LPWFSPTRPOWERSAVECONTROL;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_control_passbook
   WORD
                       wAction;
   USHORT
                       usCount;
} WFSPTRCONTROLPASSBOOK, *LPWFSPTRCONTROLPASSBOOK;
/*_____
/* PTR Message Structures */
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_field_failure
ł
   LPSTR
                       lpszFormName;
                       lpszFieldName;
   LPSTR
   WORD
                       wFailure;
} WFSPTRFIELDFAIL, *LPWFSPTRFIELDFAIL;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_bin_threshold
   USHORT
                       usBinNumber;
                       wRetractBin;
   WORD
} WFSPTRBINTHRESHOLD, *LPWFSPTRBINTHRESHOLD;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_paper_threshold
{
    WORD
                       wPaperSource;
    WORD
                       wPaperThreshold;
WFSPTRPAPERTHRESHOLD, *LPWFSPTRPAPERTHRESHOLD;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_media_detected
   WORD
                       wPosition;
   USHORT
                       usRetractBinNumber;
} WFSPTRMEDIADETECTED, *LPWFSPTRMEDIADETECTED;
```

```
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_bin_status
{
    USHORT
                         usBinNumber;
    WORD
                         wRetractBin;
} WFSPTRBINSTATUS, *LPWFSPTRBINSTATUS;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_media_presented
{
    USHORT
                         usWadIndex;
    USHORT
                         usTotalWads;
} WFSPTRMEDIAPRESENTED, *LPWFSPTRMEDIAPRESENTED;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_definition_loaded
{
    LPSTR
                         lpszDefinitionName;
   DWORD
                         dwDefinitionType;
} WFSPTRDEFINITIONLOADED, *LPWFSPTRDEFINITIONLOADED;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_media_rejected
ł
    WORD
                         wMediaRejected;
} WFSPTRMEDIAREJECTED, *LPWFSPTRMEDIAREJECTED;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_media_retracted
{
    WORD
                         wRetractResult;
    USHORT
                         usBinNumber;
} WFSPTRMEDIARETRACTED, *LPWFSPTRMEDIARETRACTED;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_device_position
{
    WORD
                         wPosition;
} WFSPTRDEVICEPOSITION, *LPWFSPTRDEVICEPOSITION;
typedef struct _wfs_ptr_power_save_change
{
    USHORT
                         usPowerSaveRecoveryTime;
} WFSPTRPOWERSAVECHANGE, *LPWFSPTRPOWERSAVECHANGE;
/* restore alignment */
#pragma pack(pop)
#ifdef __cplusplus
} /*extern "C"*/
#endif
#endif /* __INC_XFSPTR__H */
```